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FY 2002 - FY 2003 BIENNIAL BUDGET JLBC RECOMMENDATION

The JLBC recommends a total General Fund FY 2002-2003 biennial budget of \$14.3 billion. The recommendation includes \$7.0 billion for FY 2002 and \$7.3 billion for FY 2003. In developing the JLBC budget recommendation, the House and Senate Appropriations Chairmen had the following priorities:

State Employee Pay

State employee pay lags compensation for similar workers in the private sector and other government jurisdictions. As a result, the JLBC recommends a 5% increase in each state employee's pay on January 1, 2002. This increase would be adjusted to ensure that lower-paid employees receive at a least a \$1,500 raise. The FY 2003 budget would include a further 5% increase on January 1, 2003, with another \$1,500 minimum. These adjustments cost the General Fund \$54.1 million in FY 2002 and \$141.2 million in FY 2003. Once fully annualized in FY 2004, the total appropriated funds increase would be \$228.1 million.

In addition, the JLBC General Fund budget includes \$20.6 million in FY 2002 and \$45.5 million in FY 2003 to cover the costs of an expected 28% increase in the cost of state employee health insurance. On average, state employee health insurance costs would be no higher than their current premiums.

Consistent with the state employee raises, the JLBC General Fund budget also includes \$7.6 million to increase the pay levels of contracted providers of direct care services. Providers would receive a 5% increase in FY 2002 and a new 5% in FY 2003.

Behavioral Health

The JLBC General Fund budget includes up to \$50 million in FY 2002 and \$100 million in FY 2003 to address the state's ongoing seriously mentally ill (SMI) litigation, Arnold v. Sarn. This includes \$27.5 million in FY 2002 and \$54.9 million in FY 2003 in direct General Fund appropriations and \$22.5 million in FY 2002 and \$45.1 million in FY 2003 from potential savings in the AHCCCS budget involving Indian Health Service claims.

In addition to these amounts, the JLBC budget includes \$36.7 million in FY 2002 and \$44.7 million in FY 2003 from state and federal funds for SMI Title 19 enrollment growth and inflation. Thus, by FY 2003, total SMI funding would grow by \$144.7 million under the JLBC budget.

Building Renewal

The JLBC General Fund budget includes \$51.6 million in FY 2002 and \$55.4 million in FY 2003 for 100% funding of the state's building renewal formula. This funding is intended for the on-going upkeep and maintenance of state facilities and properties. The General Fund portion of this formula has been fully funded once since FY 1988.

Tax Reductions

The JLBC General Fund budget sets aside \$15 million in FY 2002 and \$30 million in FY 2003 for new tax reductions. The types of tax reduction would be determined during the legislative session.

Spending Box

The JLBC General Fund budget also sets aside \$15 million in FY 2002 and \$30 million in FY 2003 for spending outside of the General Appropriation Act, commonly known as "the box."

General Fund Revenues

The JLBC recommendation is based upon baseline General Fund revenues growing at an annual average rate of 8.1% between now and the end of FY 2003. The long-term historical baseline growth rate is 7.8% and the 5-year average is 9.8%. The general economic consensus is that the Arizona economy will continue to grow at healthy rates, but lower than in the recent past.

JLBC

STATEMENT OF GENERAL FUND REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES

| | Revised FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2003 |
|--|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| REVENUES | | | |
| Balance Forward | \$ 202,956,000 | \$ 144,677,900 | \$ 6,514,900 |
| Baseline Revenues | 6,768,375,300 | 7,246,150,600 | 7,819,459,700 |
| 0.6% Education Sales Tax | 0,708,373,300 | 485,976,500 | 524,698,600 |
| Tax Reduction Legislation | 0 | (15,000,000) | (30,000,000) |
| <u> </u> | · · | | |
| Urban Revenue Sharing TOTAL REVENUES | (396,452,600) \$ 6,574,878,700 | (421,876,600) \$7,439,928,400 | (453,564,200) \$7,867,109,000 |
| IUIAL REVENUES | \$ 0,5/4,8/8,700 | \$ 7,439,928,400 | \$ 7,867,109,000 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | |
| Agency Operating Expenses | \$ 6,370,542,600 | \$ 6,843,824,300 | \$ 7,119,247,100 |
| Supplementals | 33,722,000 | 0 | 0 |
| Legislative Priorities | 0 | 15,000,000 | 30,000,000 |
| Budget Stabilization Fund Deposit | 16,000,000 | 16,000,000 | 16,000,000 |
| State Employee Initiatives | 2,248,700 | 51,961,700 | 139,093,700 |
| Subtotal - Operating Budget | \$ 6,422,513,300 | \$ 6,926,786,000 | \$ 7,304,340,800 |
| 0.6% Sales Tax Funding | 0 | 460,976,500 | 499,698,600 |
| Subtotal - Operating with 0.6% Sales Tax | \$ 6,422,513,300 | \$ 7,387,762,500 | \$ 7,804,039,400 |
| Capital Outlay | 35,687,500 | 82,651,000 | 79,378,300 |
| Administrative Adjustments | 37,000,000 | 33,000,000 | 33,000,000 |
| Revertments | (65,000,000) | (70,000,000) | (70,000,000) |
| | (02,000,000) | (70,000,000) | (,0,000,000) |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES - Excluding Prop. 301 | \$ 6,430,200,800 | \$ 6,972,437,000 | \$ 7,346,719,100 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES - Including Prop. 301 | \$ 6,430,200,800 | \$ 7,433,413,500 | \$ 7,846,417,700 |
| BALANCE FORWARD | \$ 144,677,900 | \$ 6,514,900 | \$ 20,691,300 |

JLBC - EXECUTIVE BUDGETS COMPARISON OF GENERAL FUND (GF) ISSUES

| MAJOR | JLBC | EXECUTIVE |
|--|--|--|
| ISSUES | BUDGET | BUDGET |
| General Fund Budget | Total Biennial Budget: \$14.3 Billion FY 02: \$7.0 Billion FY 03: \$7.3 Billion • Excludes 0.6% Education Sales Tax | Total Biennial Budget: \$13.8 Billion FY 02: \$6.6 Billion FY 03: \$7.2 Billion • Excludes 0.6% Education Sales Tax |
| General Fund Baseline Revenues | FY 01-FY 03: 8.1% Average Annual Growth • \$252.2 M Higher than Executive over 3-year Period (Excluding Dispro Share) | FY 01-FY 03: 7.4% Average Annual Growth |
| General Fund Spending | FY 02: \$542.2 M Above FY 01 • 8.4% Above FY 01 FY 03: \$916.5 M Above 01 • 14.3% Above 01 | FY 02: \$127.1 M Above FY 01 • 2.0% Above FY 01 FY 03: \$726.4 M Above 01 • 11.2% Above 01 |
| Legislative Priorities (The Box) | FY 02: \$15 M FY 03: \$30 M | FY 02: None FY 03: None |
| Tax Reductions | FY 02: \$15 M: • Unspecified FY 03: \$30 M: • Unspecified | FY 02: \$15 M: ■ Unspecified FY 03: \$25 M: ■ Unspecified |
| Arnold v. Sarn | FY 02: \$62.0 M: \$50 M for Arnold v. Sarn, including \$27.5 M in GF Appropriations and \$22.5 M from potential AHCCCS Savings. Does not specify Title XIX vs. Non-Title XIX. \$12 M Title XIX Enrollment and Inflation. | FY 02: \$22.7 M: \$15.9 M for Title XIX Capitation Rate Increases Related to Arnold v. Sarn. \$6.8 M Title XIX Enrollment. |
| | FY 03: \$115.2 M: • \$100 M for Arnold v. Sarn, including \$54.9 M in GF Appropriations and \$45.1 M from potential AHCCCS Savings. • \$15.2 M for Title XIX Enrollment and Inflation | FY 03: \$34.5 M: \$24.9 M for Arnold v. Sarn Title XIX Capitation Rate Increases. \$9.6 M for Title XIX Enrollment Growth. |
| Proposition 204 | FY 02: • Does Not Address | FY 02: \$0.3 M: • \$(40.2) M Disproportionate Share Hospitals (DSH) State Match • \$(169.1) M MN/MI Savings • \$2.3 M Increased AHCCCS Enrollment or "Woodwork" • \$124.1 M Budget Neutrality Fund Deposit • \$71.2 M GF Revenue Loss • \$12.0 M Replace DSH Payment to ASH FY 03: \$1.5 M • \$(40.2) M Disproportionate Share Hospitals (DSH) State Match • \$(177.7) M MN/MI Savings • \$3.5 M Increased AHCCCS Enrollment or "Woodwork" • \$132.7 M Budget Neutrality Fund Deposit • \$71.2 M GF Revenue Loss • \$12.0 M Replace DSH Payment to ASH |

| Salary | FY 02: \$54.1 M: | FY 02: \$61.0 M: |
|------------------|--|---|
| Adjustments | • \$40.1 M for a 5% Merit with \$1,500 Minimum | • \$43.1 M for: |
| Aujustificitis | | , |
| | for All Employees on 1/02 | 4% Increase with \$1,500 Minimum and |
| | | \$3,500 Maximum for ADOA System on 1/02 |
| | | 4% Increase for All Others on 1/02 |
| | AC 4350 G | 2% Merit for ADOA System on 4/02 |
| | • \$6.4 M for Correction Officer Pay | • \$6.6 M for Correction Officer Pay |
| | • \$2.2 <i>M</i> for Other Agency-Specific Competitive | • \$3.2 M for Other Agency-Specific Competitive |
| | Pay Increases | Pay Increases |
| | • \$1 M for University Classification Maintenance | • \$2.5 M for Statewide CMR on 1/02 |
| | adjustments on 7/01 | 4 |
| | • \$4.5 M for FY 01 CMR | • \$4.5 M for FY 01 CMR |
| | No Elected Official Pay Increase | • \$1.1 M for Elected Officials |
| | FY 03: \$141.2 M: | FY 03: \$176.3 M: |
| | • \$80.3 M for Annualization of FY 02 | • \$92.5 <i>M</i> for Annualization of FY 02 |
| | • \$42.2 <i>M</i> for a 5% Increase with \$1,500 | • \$48.5 <i>M</i> for: |
| | Minimum for All Employees on 1/03 | 5% Increase for All Employees on 1/03 |
| | | 2% Merit for ADOA System on 4/03 |
| | • \$10.1 M for Correction Officer Pay | • \$10.9 M for Correction Officer Pay |
| | • \$2.2 M for Other Agency-Specific Competitive | • \$6.0 M for Other Agency-Specific Competitive |
| | Pay Increases | Pay Increases |
| | • \$2.0 M for University Classification | • \$7.5 M for New 1/03 CMR and Annualize 1/02 |
| | Maintenance Adjustments on 7/02 | CMR |
| | • \$4.5 M for FY 01 CMR | • \$4.5 <i>M</i> for FY 01 CMR |
| | No Elected Official Pay Increase | • \$1.4 M for Elected Officials |
| | No Retirement Incentive | • \$5.0 M for Retirement Incentives |
| State Employee | FY 02: \$20.6 M | FY 02: \$18.7 M |
| Health Insurance | FY 03: \$45.5 M | FY 03: \$43.3 M |
| | Freezes Average Employee Monthly Premium | State Employee Minimum Premium of \$25 |
| | at \$32 Single/\$112 Family for both years | Single/\$125 Adult |
| Providers | FY 02: \$7.6 M | FY 02: \$0 |
| | • 5% Increase on 1/02 | Does Not Address |
| | FY 03: \$22.7 M | FY 03: \$0 |
| | • 5% Increase on 1/03 | Does Not Address |
| Capital Outlay | FY 02: \$82.7 M: | FY 02: \$30.4 M: |
| | • \$51.6 M for Building Renewal (100%) | • \$26.4 M for Building Renewal (50%) |
| | • \$20.0 M for Highway Expansion and Extension | • \$0.0 M to Ex-Appropriate \$20M to Highway |
| | Loan Program (HELP) Fund | Expansion and Extension Loan Program (HELP) |
| | | Fund |
| | • \$0.0 M to Ex-Appropriate FY 2002 | The Executive Concurs |
| | Appropriation of \$65M for Tucson Prison | |
| | • \$2.3 M for New State Health Laboratory 20- | Defers until FY 2003 |
| | Year Lease-Purchase Payment | |
| | FY 03: \$79.4 M: | FY 03: \$31.0 M: |
| | • \$55.4 M for Building Renewal (100%) | • \$24.9 M for Building Renewal (50%) |
| | • \$20.0 M for Highway Expansion and Extension | • \$0.0 M to Ex-Appropriate \$20M to Highway |
| | Loan Program (HELP) Fund | Expansion and Extension Loan Program (HELP) |
| | | Fund |
| | • \$0.0 M to Ex-Appropriate FY 2003 | The Executive Concurs |
| | Appropriation of \$8.1M for Tucson Prison | |
| | • \$2.3 <i>M</i> for New State Health Laboratory 20- | • \$4.1 M for New State Health Laboratory 10- |
| | Year Lease-Purchase Payment | Year Lease-Purchase Payment |

| EDUCATION | | |
|-------------------|--|--|
| Department of | FY 02: \$149.3 M Above FY 01: | FY 02: \$127.3 M Above FY 01: |
| Education | • \$121.7 M for 3.3% Enrollment Growth | • \$121.3 M for 3.3% Enrollment Growth |
| (K-12) | • \$62.8 <i>M</i> for 2% Deflator | • \$66.2 <i>M</i> for 2% Deflator |
| | • \$19.6 M for Homeowner's Rebate | • \$22.7 <i>M</i> for Homeowner's Rebate |
| | • \$19.3 M for Truth in Taxation | • \$20.0 M for Truth in Taxation |
| | • \$10.9 M for Group B Weight Increases | No Separate Funding for Weight Increases |
| | • \$6.3 M for Special Education Vouchers | • \$1.1 M for Special Education Vouchers |
| | • \$(84.4) M Due to 7% Assessed Value Growth | • \$(92.7) M Due to 7.3% Assessed Value Growth |
| | • \$(2.0) M for SAIS Development | • \$(2.0) M for SAIS Development |
| | φ(2.0) W for SAIS Development | φ(2.0) M for SAIS Development |
| | FY 02 Proposition 301: \$350.7 M Above FY 01: | FY 02 Proposition 301: \$310.8 M Above FY 01: |
| | • \$299.8 <i>M</i> for the Classroom Site Fund | • \$281 M for the Classroom Site Fund |
| | • \$15.3 M for 1 Additional School Day | The Executive Concurs |
| | • \$7.8 <i>M</i> for School Safety | The Executive Concurs |
| | • \$5.8 <i>M</i> for School Accountability | • \$5 M for School Accountability |
| | • \$1.7 M for Failing Schools and Other | The Executive Concurs |
| • | FY 03: \$294.4 M Above FY 01: | FY 03: \$271.6 M Above FY 01: |
| | • \$247.9 <i>M</i> for 3.4% Enrollment Growth | • \$251.8 <i>M</i> for 3.5% Enrollment Growth |
| | • \$132.2 M for 2% Deflator | • \$132.6 M for 2% Deflator |
| | • \$30.1 M for Homeowner's Rebate | • \$30.0 M for Homeowner's Rebate |
| | • \$20.2 M for Truth in Taxation | • \$20.0 M for Truth in Taxation |
| | • \$11.8 M for Group B Weight Increases | No Separate Funding for Weight Increases |
| | | |
| | No K-3 Weight Increase Co CM Secretary | • Uses Deflator Monies for K-3 Weight Increase |
| | • \$8.6 M for Special Education Vouchers | • \$2.1 M for Special Education Vouchers |
| | • \$(150.7) M Due to 5% Assessed Value Growth | • \$(161.5) M Due to 5.5% NAV Growth |
| | • \$(2.0) M for SAIS Development | The Executive Concurs |
| | FY 03 Proposition 301: \$361.3 M Above FY 01: | FY 03 Proposition 301: \$349.9 M Above FY 01: |
| | • \$321.5 <i>M</i> for the Classroom Site Fund | • \$304.4 M for the Classroom Site Fund |
| | • \$32.1 M for 2 Additional School Days | • \$31.5 M for 2 Additional School Days |
| | • \$7.8 M for School Safety | The Executive Concurs |
| | • \$4.6 M for School Accountability | • \$4.5 <i>M</i> for School Accountability |
| | • \$1.7 M for Failing Schools and Other | The Executive Concurs |
| School Facilities | FY 02: \$32.5 M Above FY 01: | FY 02: \$(87.5) M Below FY 01: |
| Board | • \$(30.0) M for Deficiencies Corrections to | • \$(150.0) M for Deficiencies Corrections for No |
| Doard | reduce level from \$150 M to \$120 M. | GF Support. Executive Funds \$120 M in FY 03 |
| | | |
| | • Fully Funds Deficiency Corrections | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| | • \$12.0 M for Building Renewal | • \$12.0 M for Building Renewal |
| | • \$50.0 M for New School Construction | • \$50.0 M for New School Construction |
| | EV 02 December 201, \$70.0 MAL EV 01. | EV 02 D |
| | FY 02 Proposition 301: \$70.0 M Above FY 01: | FY 02 Proposition 301: \$70.0 M Above FY 01: |
| | • \$70.0 M for Deficiencies Corrections Revenue | • \$70.0 M for Deficiencies Corrections Revenue |
| | Bond Debt Service | Bond Debt Service |
| | FY 03: \$(71.7) M Below FY 01: | FY 03: \$48.3 M Above FY 01: |
| | • \$(150.0) M for Deficiencies Corrections to | • \$(30.0) M for Deficiencies Corrections for |
| | Eliminate GF Support | \$120.0 M of GF Support |
| | • \$17.8 <i>M</i> for Building Renewal | • \$17.8 <i>M</i> for Building Renewal |
| | • \$60.0 M for New School Construction | • \$60.0 M for New School Construction |
| | FY 03 Proposition 301: \$70.0 M Above FY 01: | FY 03 Proposition 301: \$70.0 M Above FY 01: |
| | • \$70.0 <i>M</i> for Deficiencies Corrections Revenue | • \$70.0 <i>M</i> for Deficiencies Corrections Revenue |
| | Bond Debt Service | Bond Debt Service |
| | DOING DEUT DEI VICE | DOILG DOIL DOI VICE |

| Universities | FY 02: \$20.4 M Above FY 01: | FY 02: \$17.9 M Above FY 01: |
|-------------------|---|--|
| Universities | • \$11.6 M for Pay Annualization | • The Executive Concurs |
| | | |
| | i ' | • \$(1.6) M for Student Enrollment |
| | • \$6.1 M for Offsets to Collections Fund | • \$(2.2) M for Offsets to Collections Fund |
| | • \$4.7 M for Technical Changes | • \$9.3 M for Technical Changes |
| | FY 02 Proposition 301: \$49.9 M Above FY 01: | FY 02 Proposition 301: \$46.7 M Above FY 01: |
| | • \$1.4 M for ASU-East Lease-Purchase | Executive Does Not Specify Allocation |
| | | Executive Does Not specify Affocation |
| | • \$1.1 M for ASU-West Lease-Purchase | |
| | \$47.4 M for Technology & Research Initiative Grants | |
| | FY 03: \$28.9 M Above FY 01: | FY 03: \$16.5 M Above FY 01: |
| | • \$11.6 M for Pay Annualization | • The Executive Concurs |
| | • \$1.8 M for Student Enrollment | • \$(1.6) <i>M</i> for Student Enrollment |
| | | |
| | • \$5.4 M for Offsets to Collections Fund | • \$(4.1) M for Offsets to Collections Fund |
| | • \$5.2 M for Technical Changes | • \$9.7 M for Technical Changes |
| | • \$3.0 M for New Facilities Support | Executive Does Not Address |
| | EV 02 Proposition 201: \$54.6 M Above EV 01: | EV 02 Proposition 201, \$50 4 M Above EV 01. |
| | FY 03 Proposition 301: \$54.6 M Above FY 01: • \$2.0 M for ASU-East Lease-Purchase | FY 03 Proposition 301: \$50.4 M Above FY 01: Executive Does Not Specify Allocation |
| | | Executive Does Not specify Affocation |
| | • \$1.6 M for ASU-West Lease-Purchase | |
| | \$51.0 M for Technology & Research Initiative Grants | |
| State Board of | FY 02: \$4.6 M Above FY 01: | FY 02: \$2.8 M Above FY 01: |
| Directors for | • \$4.6 M for Enrollment Growth and Equalization | • The Executive Concurs |
| Community | No Change for Dual Enrollment | • \$(1.8) <i>M</i> for Dual Enrollment |
| Colleges | No Change for Duar Emonment | σ(1.8) W for Duar Emorrherit |
| 2 2 2 2 3 2 2 | FY 02 Proposition 301: \$12.8 M Above FY 01: | FY 02 Proposition 301: \$12.2 M Above FY 01: |
| | • \$11.5 <i>M</i> for Workforce Development | • \$10.7 M for Workforce Development |
| | • \$1.0 M for Capital Matching | The Executive Concurs |
| | • \$0.4 M for Tribal Assistance | 00 5 16 C T 11 1 4 1 1 |
| | FY 03: \$9.9 M Above FY 01: | FY 03: \$7.7 M Above FY 01: |
| | | |
| | • \$9.9 <i>M</i> for Enrollment Growth and Equalization | • \$9.5 M for Enrollment Growth and Equalization |
| | No Change Dual Enrollment | • \$(1.8) M for Dual Enrollment |
| | FY 03 Proposition 301: \$14.0 M Above FY 01: | FY 03 Proposition 301: \$13.1 M Above FY 01: |
| | • \$12.6 M for Workforce Development | • \$11.6 M for Workforce Development |
| | • \$1.0 M for Capital Matching | The Executive Concurs |
| | • \$0.4 M for Tribal Assistance | • \$0.5 M for Tribal Assistance |
| Health and Welfar | 1 | φυ. J W 101 1110ai Assistance |
| AHCCCS | FY 02: \$148.5 M Above FY 01: | FY 02: \$9.2 M Above FY 01: |
| ATICCCS | | • \$127.1 M for Similar Acute Care Issues |
| | • \$127.3 M for Acute Care Caseload, Inflation, | • \$127.1 M for Similar Acute Care Issues |
| | and Other Changes • \$(6.7) M Decrease Due to Reinstatement of the | Doos not Address |
| | Hospital Pilot Program | Does not Address |
| | \$13.8 M for Issues Previously Funded by | Continues Tobacco Tax Funding at FY 2001 |
| | Tobacco Tax | Level |
| | • \$9.6 <i>M</i> for ALTCS Caseload and Inflation; | • \$9.8 <i>M</i> for ALTCS Caseload and Inflation |
| | County Contribution Increase of \$7.8 M | |
| | Does Not Address. Pending Completion of | • \$4.9 <i>M</i> for Increased ALTCS Reimbursement |
| | Actuarial Analysis | - \$\psi \cdot n \cdot |
| | Transfers any I.H.S. Savings to DHS for Arnold | • \$(54.4) M for I.H.S. Referral Savings |
| | v. Sarn | The state of the s |
| | Does not Address Due to Significant Policy | • \$(82.9) M Savings Due to Proposition 204. |
| | Decisions that Accompany Implementation | Offset by Costs in Other Areas |
| | = 10101010 mat 11000 mpung imprementation | Offset by Costs III Office Areas |

| AHCCCS | FY 03: \$211.9 M Above FY 01: | FY 03: \$122.7 M Above FY 01: |
|----------------------|---|--|
| (Cont'd) | • \$177.8 M for Acute Care Caseload, Inflation, | • \$181.5 M for Similar Acute Care Issues |
| (Cont u) | and Other Changes | \$101.5 W for Shiffial Acute Care issues |
| | | Door not Address |
| | • \$(7.1) M for Reinstatement of the Hospital Pilot Program | Does not Address |
| | • \$15.2 M for Issues Previously Funded by | Continues Tobacco Tax Funding at FY 2001 |
| | Tobacco Tax | Level |
| | • \$21.6 <i>M</i> for ALTCS Caseload and Inflation | • \$22.9 <i>M</i> for ALTCS Caseload and Inflation |
| | County Contribution Increase of \$9.4 M | |
| | Does not Address. Pending Completion of | • \$7.3 <i>M</i> for Increased ALTCS Reimbursement |
| | Actuarial Analysis | ψ, it is 10. more and 1.2.1 of 1.0 me and 0.10 me in |
| | • Transfers any I.H.S. Savings to DHS for Arnold | • \$(13.2) M for I.H.S. Referral Savings |
| | v. Sarn | 4.04.0 |
| | Does not Address Due to Significant Policy | • \$(82.9) M Savings Due to Proposition 204. |
| | Decisions that Accompany Implementation | Offset by Costs in Other Areas |
| Department of | FY 02: \$32.8 M Above FY 01: | FY 02: \$24.7 M Above FY 01: |
| Economic Security | • \$36.9 M for Long Term Care (LTC) Caseload and Capitation Rates | • \$39.1 M for LTC Caseload and Capitation Rates |
| | • \$3.5 M for Division of Developmental Disabilities (DDD) Automation | No Monies for DDD Automation |
| | • \$(22.1) M for Shifts from GF to TANF | • \$(28.2) <i>M</i> for Shifts from GF to TANF |
| | • \$2.0M for CPS/Adoption Staff | • \$3.4M for CPS/Adoption Staff |
| | • \$2.9M for Adoption Services Growth | The Executive concurs |
| | • \$3.5M for Adult Home and Community Based | • \$1.7M for Adult Home and Community Based |
| | Services | Services |
| | • \$(1.5) M for GF Shift to Special Admin. Fund | • \$(2.0) M for GF Shift to Special Admin. Fund |
| | FY 03: \$82.7 M Above FY 01: | FY 03: \$62.7 M Above FY 01: |
| | • \$59.8 <i>M</i> for LTC Caseload and Capitation | • \$62.4 <i>M</i> for LTC Caseload and Capitation Rates |
| | Rates | \$\tau_02.4 M for ETC Cascioad and Capitation Rates |
| | • \$3.7 <i>M</i> for DDD Automation | No Monies for DDD Automation |
| | • \$(16.5) <i>M</i> for Shifts from GF to TANF | • \$(20.6) <i>M</i> for Shifts from GF to TANF |
| | • \$15.6 M for Funding Shift | • \$2.9M for Funding Shift |
| | • \$3.8M for CPS/Adoption Staff | • \$3.4M for CPS/Adoption Staff |
| | • \$5.0M for Adoption Services growth | The Executive Concurs |
| | • \$3.5M for Adult Home and Community Based | • \$1.7M for Adult Home and Community Based |
| | Services | Services |
| | • \$3.0 M for Increase in Maximum Child Care | No Increase in Maximum Child Care Rates |
| | Rates (Using Mostly Federal Monies) | |
| Department of | FY 02: \$57.3 M Above FY 01: | FY 02: \$49.7 M Above FY 01: |
| Health Services | • \$54.3 M for Title 19 Capitation Rate Increases | • \$35 M for Title 19 Capitation Rate Increases, |
| | and Enrollment Growth, and Arnold v. Sarn | Including a Prospective Change for Arnold v. Sarn, and Enrollment Growth |
| | • Up to \$22.5 <i>M</i> for Arnold v. Sarn, if AHCCCS | Retains Savings in AHCCCS Budget for Other |
| | Obtains IHS Referral Savings | Purposes |
| | • \$0.9 M for Assurance and Licensure Staffing | • \$1 M for Assurance and Licensure staffing and |
| | and Retention | retention |
| | • \$0.9 M for Title XIX CRS Funding | • \$0.6 M for Title XIX CRS funding |
| | • \$1.5 M for Additional Funding for Vaccines | Does not address |
| | • \$1.2 M for CRS State Only Program | Does not address |
| | • \$0.0 M to Continue Tobacco Tax Funding for | The Executive concurs |
| | Psychotropic Medications | The Encountry Concurs |
| | Does not address due to Significant Policy | • \$12 M to Relinquish ASH Disproportionate |
| | Decisions that Accompany Prop 204 | Share Monies to Achieve Budget Neutrality and |
| | Implementation | Implement Proposition 204 |
| | | implement i roposition 207 |

| D | | TV 02 000 01411 TV 01 |
|------------------|--|---|
| Department of | FY 03: \$99.2 M Above FY 01: | FY 03: \$69.9 M Above FY 01: |
| Health Services | • \$90.3 M for Behavioral Health Title 19 | • \$50.3 M for Behavioral Health Title 19 |
| (Cont'd) | Capitation Rate Increases, Enrollment & Arnold | Capitation Rate Increases, including a |
| | v. Sarn | prospective change for Arnold v. Sarn, and |
| | | Enrollment Growth |
| | • Up to \$45.1M for Arnold v. Sarn, if AHCCCS | Retains savings in AHCCCS budget for other |
| | obtains IHS referral savings | purposes |
| | • \$0.9 M for Assurance and Licensure staffing | • \$1 M for Assurance and Licensure staffing and |
| | and retention | retention |
| | • \$1.7 M for Title XIX CRS Funding | • \$1.3 M for Title XIX CRS Funding |
| | • \$3.8 <i>M</i> for ASH New Hospital Support | • \$4.2 <i>M</i> for ASH New Hospital Support |
| | • \$2.5 <i>M</i> for Additional Funding for Vaccines | Does not address |
| | • \$1.2 M for CRS State Only Program | Does not address Does not address |
| | Does not address due to significant policy | |
| | decisions that accompany Prop 204 | • \$12 M to relinquish ASH Disproportionate |
| | Implementation | Share Monies to Achieve Budget Neutrality and |
| | Implementation | Implement Proposition 204 |
| Criminal Justice | | |
| Corrections | FY 02: \$(17.1) M Below FY 01: | FY 02: \$(15.1) M Below FY 01: |
| | • \$(3.5) M for Overfunded Inmate Population | • \$(2.8) M for Inmate Population Growth |
| | Growth. Adjusts Population Growth from 132 | _ |
| | Per Month to 75. | |
| | • \$(12.8) M for Delayed Bed Openings. Opens | • \$(14.0) M for Delayed Bed Openings |
| | New Beds Once Shortfall Reaches 2,000. | • • • |
| | • \$(3.3) M for Closing Arizona Center for | • \$(1.0) M for Closing Arizona Center for Women |
| | Women | . () |
| | • \$(0.8) M for Inmate Education Fund Shift | No Change in Inmate Education Funding |
| | • \$2.9 <i>M</i> to Continue Existing CO Pay Plan | The Executive Concurs |
| | • \$2.3 <i>M</i> for Enhanced Female Programming | No Additional Females Programming |
| | • \$0.5 M for Protective Services Unit | The Executive Concurs |
| | No Added Monies for Medical Services | |
| | | • \$1.4 M for Contracted Medical Services |
| | No Corrections Fund Contingency | Corrections Fund Contingency Appropriation of |
| | Appropriation. | \$4.9 M at the Discretion of the ADC Director |
| | FY 03: \$0.2 M Above FY 01: | FY 03: \$4.2 M Above FY 01: |
| | • \$(1.4) M for Inmate Population Growth | • $\$(0.6) M$ for Inmate Population Growth |
| | • \$(0.9) M for Delayed Bed Openings | • \$(2.9) M for Delayed Bed Openings |
| | • \$(3.3) M for Closing Arizona Center for | • \$(1.0) M for Closing Arizona Center for Women |
| | Women | |
| | • \$(0.8) M for Inmate Education Fund Shift | • \$(2.0) M for Inmate Education Fund Shift |
| | • \$5.3 M to Continue Existing CO Pay Plan | The Executive Concurs |
| | • \$2.3 <i>M</i> for Enhanced Female Programming | No Additional Female Programming |
| | • \$0.5 M for Protective Services Unit | The Executive Concurs |
| | No Added Monies for Medical Services | • \$1.4 M for Contracted Medical Services |
| | No Added Monies for Hepatitis C | • \$5.0 M for Hepatitis C Treatment |
| | No Corrections Fund Contingency | • Corrections Fund Contingency Appropriation of |
| | Appropriation | \$15.9 M at the Discretion of the ADC Director |
| Department of | FY 02: \$(1.6) M Below FY 01: | FY 02: \$(1.4) M Below FY 01: |
| Juvenile | • \$(3.2) <i>M</i> for Population Decrease | • The Executive concurs |
| Corrections | | |
| Corrections | • \$0.8 M for Equipment Replacement | • The Executive concurs |
| | • \$0.6 M for YCO Stipends at Buckeye | \$0.7 M for Stipends for All Buckeye Staff The Figure 1. |
| | • \$0.3 M for YCO Pay Plan Annualization | The Executive concurs |
| | • \$0.1 M for Mental Health Unit for Females | The Executive concurs |
| | FY 03: \$(1.3) M Below FY 01: | FY 03: \$(1.1) M Below FY 01: |
| | • \$(3.2) M for Population Decrease | The Executive concurs |
| | • \$0.8 M for Equipment Replacement | The Executive concurs |
| | • \$0.6 M for YCO Stipends at Buckeye | \$0.7 M for Stipends for All Buckeye Staff |
| | • \$0.3 M for YCO Pay Plan Annualization | The Executive concurs |
| | • \$0.1 M for Mental Health Unit for Females | The Executive concurs |
| | - φυ.1 m for memai freath Unit for Females | - The Executive concurs |

| Department of | FY 02: \$0.8M Above FY 01: | FY 02: \$3.2 M Above FY 01: |
|------------------|--|---|
| Public Safety | • \$0.7 M for Pay Annualization | • \$1.3 M for Pay Annualization |
| | • \$1.1 M Offset to Other Appropriated Funds | • \$0.9 M Offset to Other Appropriated Funds |
| | • \$1.0 M for Crime Lab Personnel and Equipment | The Executive Concurs |
| | • \$0.9 M for Telecommunication Equipment | The Executive Concurs |
| | • \$(3.4) M for One-Time FY 2001 Equipment | The Executive Concurs |
| | No Recommendation for DNA Database | • \$0.5 M for DNA Database |
| | No Recommendation for Additional GITEM | • \$0.5 M for Additional GITEM funding |
| | FY 02 HURF/Highway: \$9.8 M Above FY 01: | FY 02 HURF/Highway: \$11M Above FY 01: |
| | • \$3.5 <i>M</i> for 44 Highway Patrol Officers | • \$4.8 M for 58 Highway Patrol Officers |
| | • \$5.4 M for 175 Highway Patrol Vehicles | The Executive Concurs |
| | FY 03: \$3.3 M Above FY 01: | FY 03: \$6.5 M Above FY 01: |
| | • \$0.7 M for Pay Annualization | • \$1.3 M for Pay Annualization |
| | • \$1.3 M for Crime Lab Personnel and Equipment | The Executive Concurs |
| | • \$1.2 M for Mobile Data Computers | The Executive Concurs |
| | • \$1.0 M Offset to Other Appropriated Funds | • \$0.9 M Offset to Other Appropriated Funds |
| | • \$0.9 M for Telecommunication Equipment | The Executive Concurs |
| | • \$0.6 M for Highway Patrol Support Personnel | The Executive Concurs |
| | • \$0.6 M for New Helicopter Lease-Purchase | The Executive Concurs |
| | • \$(3.4) M for One-Time FY 2001 Equipment | The Executive Concurs |
| | No Recommendation for DNA Database | • \$0.8 M for DNA Database |
| | No Recommendation for Additional GITEM | \$0.7 M for Additional GITEM Funding |
| | FY 03 HURF/Highway: \$11.4 M Above FY 01: | FY 03 HURF/Highway: \$15.5 M Above FY 01: |
| | • \$5.6 M for 88 Highway Patrol Officers | • \$6.9 M for 116 Highway Patrol Officers |
| | • \$4.8 <i>M</i> for 155 Highway Patrol Vehicles | • \$6.3 M for 200 Highway Patrol Vehicles |
| Judiciary | FY 02: \$0.1 M Above FY 01: | FY 02: No \$ Change Above FY 01: |
| | • \$1.7 M for Pay Adjustments | Does Not Recommend on Judiciary Budget |
| | • $\$(3.2) M$ for Probation Growth | |
| | • \$0.8 M for New Judgeships | |
| | FY 03: \$2.6 M Above FY 01: | FY 03: No \$ Change Above FY 01: |
| | • \$1.7 M for Pay Adjustments | Does Not Recommend on Judiciary Budget |
| | • $\$(0.9) M$ for Probation Growth | |
| | • \$0.8 M for New Judgeships | |
| Attorney General | FY 02: \$1 M Above FY 01: | FY 02: \$2.7 M Above FY 01: |
| | • \$0.4 M for Assistant Attorney General salary | • \$1.9M for Assistant AG Salary Parity at mid- |
| | Parity with Maricopa County. | point between Maricopa and U.S. Attorney's |
| | | Office |
| | FY 03: \$0.9 M Above FY 01: | FY 03: \$4.7 M Above FY 01: |
| | • \$0.4 M for Assistant Attorney General Salary | • \$3.8 M for Salary Parity as above |
| | Parity with Maricopa County. | |

Comparison of Major General Fund Budgets

FY 2001 - FY 2002 COMPARISON

| AGENCY | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Executive Recommendation | FY 2002 JLBC Recommendation | \$ Difference JLBC - Executive | \$ Difference JLBC - FY 2001 |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|--|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| DEPT OF EDUCATION | 2,450,928,800 | 2,578,190,400 | 2,600,203,200 | 22,012,800 | 149,274,400 |
| DEPT OF EDUCATION - Dedicated 1/ | 0 | 0 | 328,210,000 | NA | 328,210,000 |
| UNIVERSITIES | 772,959,400 | 790,893,200 | 793,318,300 | 2,425,100 | 20,358,900 |
| UNIVERSITIES - Dedicated 1/ | 0 | 0 | 49,917,200 | NA | 49,917,200 |
| DEPT OF CORRECTIONS | 587,915,900 | 572,831,100 | 570,812,800 | (2,018,300) | (17,103,100) |
| AHCCCS | 529,380,800 | 538,909,200 | 677,877,600 | 138,968,400 | 148,496,800 |
| DEPT OF ECONOMIC SECURITY | 449,401,900 | 474,078,900 | 482,227,500 | 8,148,600 | 32,825,600 |
| SCHOOL FACILITIES BOARD | 471,239,800 | 383,689,200 | 503,699,800 | 120,010,600 | 32,460,000 |
| SCHOOL FACILITIES BD - Dedicated 1/ | 0 | 0 | 70,000,000 | NA | 70,000,000 |
| DEPT OF HEALTH SERVICES | 253,876,700 | 303,628,300 | 313,007,600 | 9,379,300 | 59,130,900 |
| JUDICIARY | 151,874,600 | 151,874,600 | 151,990,300 | 115,700 | 115,700 |
| COMMUNITY COLLEGES | 135,231,100 | 138,061,600 | 139,868,500 | 1,806,900 | 4,637,400 |
| COMMUNITY COLLEGES - Dedicated 1/ | 0 | 0 | 12,849,300 | NA | 12,849,300 |
| ALL OTHER | 567,733,600 | 572,090,100 | 610,818,700 | 38,728,600 | 43,085,100 |
| | | | | | |
| TOTAL | 6,370,542,600 | 6,504,246,600 | 6,843,824,300 | 339,577,700 | 473,281,700 |
| TOTAL - with Dedicated 1/ | 6,370,542,600 | 6,504,246,600 | 7,304,800,800 | NA | 934,258,200 |

FY 2001 - FY 2003 COMPARISON

| AGENCY | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2003 Executive Recommendation | FY 2003 JLBC Recommendation | \$ Difference JLBC - Executive | \$ Difference JLBC - FY 2001 |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|--|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| DEPT OF EDUCATION | 2,450,928,800 | 2,722,451,200 | 2,745,282,500 | 22,831,300 | 294,353,700 |
| DEPT OF EDUCATION - Dedicated 1/ | 0 | 0 | 361,110,200 | NA | 361,110,200 |
| UNIVERSITIES | 772,959,400 | 789,533,800 | 801,888,300 | 12,354,500 | 28,928,900 |
| UNIVERSITIES - Dedicated 1/ | 0 | 0 | 54,563,800 | NA | 54,563,800 |
| DEPT OF CORRECTIONS | 587,915,900 | 592,089,000 | 588,069,600 | (4,019,400) | 153,700 |
| AHCCCS | 529,380,800 | 652,063,500 | 741,317,400 | 89,253,900 | 211,936,600 |
| DEPT OF ECONOMIC SECURITY | 449,401,900 | 512,105,600 | 532,064,700 | 19,959,100 | 82,662,800 |
| SCHOOL FACILITIES BOARD | 471,239,800 | 519,517,000 | 399,527,800 | (119,989,200) | (71,712,000) |
| SCHOOL FACILITIES BD - Dedicated 1/ | 0 | 0 | 70,000,000 | NA | 70,000,000 |
| DEPT OF HEALTH SERVICES | 253,876,700 | 323,772,200 | 355,946,700 | 32,174,500 | 102,070,000 |
| JUDICIARY | 151,874,600 | 151,874,600 | 154,435,200 | 2,560,600 | 2,560,600 |
| COMMUNITY COLLEGES | 135,231,100 | 142,902,000 | 145,125,500 | 2,223,500 | 9,894,400 |
| COMMUNITY COLLEGES - Dedicated 1/ | 0 | 0 | 14,024,600 | NA | 14,024,600 |
| ALL OTHER | 567,733,600 | 584,148,700 | 655,589,400 | 71,440,700 | 87,855,800 |
| TOTAL | 6,370,542,600 | 6,990,457,600 | 7,119,247,100 | 128,789,500 | 748,704,500 |
| TOTAL - Dedicated 1/ | 6,370,542,600 | 6,990,457,600 | 7,618,945,700 | NA | 1,248,403,100 |

^{1/} Represents 0.6% education sales tax monies. The Executive does not display these sales tax monies as part of the General Fund.

HIGHLIGHTS OF THE JLBC BUDGET RECOMMENDATION

Summary

This section provides a summary of the following major issues in the JLBC budget recommendation for FY 2002 and FY 2003:

- Revenue Forecast
- State Employee Pay
- State Employee Benefits
- Provider Rate Increases
- Arnold v. Sarn
- Proposition 204
- Tax and Spending Boxes
- FY 2001 Supplementals
- Operating Budgets
- Capital Outlay
- Budget Stabilization Deposit
- Budget Reform

Revenue Forecast

The FY 2002-2003 biennium budget requires General Fund revenues to be forecast 30 months in advance. Our current revenue forecast in January 2001 will have to apply to economic conditions through June 2003. It is not possible to predict the state of the economy with pinpoint certainty that far in the future.

As a starting point, however, in developing a revenue forecast, we believe it is useful to review General Fund baseline revenue growth during the recent past. To ensure comparability between years, baseline revenues measure the underlying growth in collections before tax law changes.

Total General Fund baseline revenues have grown on average by 7.8% over the last 12 years. This time includes years of expansion as well as contraction in the Arizona economy. During the last five exclusively expansionary years, baseline General Fund revenues have grown by 9.8%.

The general economic consensus is that the Arizona economy will continue to grow, although at lower rates than in the prior expansionary years. Given the difficulty in predicting revenues 30 months in advance, we have provided the Appropriations Chairmen a range of possible growth rates during the upcoming biennium as well as a point specific forecast.

Based on the past track record of revenue collections and the current economic forecast, the JLBC Staff believes that General Fund baseline revenues in FY 2001 through FY 2003 will grow between 6.8% and 8.8% annually. To develop their specific budget proposals, the Appropriations Chairmen have chosen a baseline forecast of 8.3% in FY 2001, 8.1% in FY 2002 and 7.9% in FY 2003.

The JLBC Staff estimates that already enacted tax law changes will cost \$70.4 million in FY 2002 and \$75.1 million in FY 2003. In addition, the Appropriation Chairmen are recommending \$15 million in new tax reductions in FY 2002 and \$30 million in FY 2003. After incorporating these changes, adjusted net General Fund revenues are projected to grow by 6.8% in FY 2001, 6.8% in FY 2002 and 7.7% in FY 2003.

| Table 1 JLBC 1 | Recommendation F | Revenue |
|-------------------|------------------|------------|
| | Baseline | <u>Net</u> |
| FY 2001 | 8.3 | 6.8 |
| FY 2002 | 8.1 | 6.8 |
| FY 2003 | 7.9 | 7.7 |

The JLBC Staff's economic and revenue forecast is described in more detail in a section at the end of this book.

State Employee Pay

The JLBC General Fund budget includes \$54.1 million in FY 2002 and \$141.2 million in FY 2003 for increases in state employee salaries. In terms of total funds including Other Appropriated Fund monies, these salary adjustments cost \$68.0 million in FY 2002 and \$173.9 million in FY 2003. Once fully implemented in FY 2004, these adjustments will raise salaries and related benefits by \$228.1 million in Total Funds (See Table 2).

State employee pay has lagged compensation in both the public and private sector. In the Arizona Department of Administration (ADOA) personnel system, the average employee pay is 13.2% below market. These levels of pay have contributed to high turnover rates with the ADOA system experiencing a turnover rate of 17% in FY 2000. To address this issue, the JLBC recommends both across-the-board and targeted salary increases.

The JLBC budget increases state employee salaries by 5% beginning on January 1, 2002 and by an additional 5% beginning January 1, 2003. By FY 2003, this results in a total pay increase of 10% above the FY 2001 budget. In addition, the JLBC budget guarantees a minimum pay increase of \$1,500 for each employee in both years. This portion of the JLBC recommended pay package will cost the General Fund \$40.1 million in FY 2002 and \$122.5 million in FY 2003. This funding would appear as a lump sum in the General Appropriation Act and would be distributed by individual agency at a later date.

In addition to the statewide cost of living adjustment, the JLBC General Fund budget includes \$14.0 million in FY 2002 and \$18.7 million in FY 2003 for a number of specific market adjustments. Of this amount, \$6.4 million

in FY 2002 and \$10.1 million in FY 2003 is dedicated to Correctional Officers. In lieu of the 10% state employee raise, these officers would receive a raise of \$3,000 in FY 2002 and \$1,000 in FY 2003. For starting officers, this \$4,000 increase would represent a 17% increase above FY 2001. This funding would be appropriated as a lump sum in the General Appropriation Act.

The remaining General Fund competitive adjustments include:

- \$2.2 million in FY 2002 and FY 2003 for agencyspecific increases for positions such as Youth Correctional Officers, Assistant Attorney Generals, Auditors, and Highway Patrol Officers.
- -- \$1.0 million in FY 2002 and \$2.0 million in FY 2003 for market adjustments in the University system.
- -- \$4.4 million to annualize FY 2001 competitive adjustments.

The agency-specific adjustments would be effective July 1st of each year. See Table 6 for additional information on the JLBC salary recommendations that would be appropriated as a lump sum in the General Appropriation Act.

| Table 2 JLBC Salary Recommendations (\$ in millions) | | | | | | | |
|---|--------|--------------|---------|----------------------|---------|--------------|--|
| İ | FY | 2002 | FY 2 | 2003 | FY 2 | 2004 | |
| | GF | <u>TF</u> 1/ | GF | $\overline{TF}^{1/}$ | GF | <u>TF</u> 1/ | |
| Statewide 5% | | | | | | | |
| Adjustment | \$40.1 | \$48.3 | \$122.5 | \$147.5 | \$164.7 | \$198.3 | |
| Competitive | | | | | | | |
| Adjustments | 14.0 | 19.7 | 18.7 | 26.4 | 22.1 | 29.8 | |
| Total Increase | \$54.1 | \$68.0 | \$141.2 | \$173.9 | \$186.8 | \$228.1 | |
| 1/ Includes both General Fund and other appropriated funds. | | | | | | | |

State Employee Benefits

The JLBC General Fund budget includes an increase of \$20.6 million in FY 2002 and an increase of \$45.5 million in FY 2003 for a 28% increase in state employee health insurance premiums. The JLBC budget freezes state employee premiums at \$32 per month for the single premium and \$112 per month for families. This is equivalent to the current average premium payment.

Provider Rate Increases

The JLBC General Fund budget includes \$7.6 million in FY 2002 and \$22.7 million in FY 2003 for provider rate increases. The JLBC Budget also includes an Other Appropriated Fund increase of \$0.5 million in FY 2002 and \$1.5 million in FY 2003. Contracted providers would receive increases of 5% beginning January 1, 2002 and an additional 5% beginning January 1, 2003. This increase is intended to provide pay increases of a minimum of 5% to staff caring for vulnerable populations. This increase is

included in programs that contract for direct services, such as Home and Community Based Services for the Developmentally Disabled, vocational rehabilitation programs, and behavioral health treatment services through the Department of Health Services, the Judiciary, and the Department of Juvenile Corrections.

The increase is intended to help these contracted providers recruit and retain personnel in direct care positions, an area in which these providers have been having difficulty. A footnote in the General Appropriation Act will state this intent and require state agencies to pass 100% of the increase through to providers. In addition, the footnote will require providers to use the monies for pay increases to direct care staff making less than \$10 per hour and prohibit the monies being used for administrative positions. Table 3 shows the programs and recommended increases.

| Table 3 | | | | | | |
|---|------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Community Treatment Programs | | | | | | |
| Provider Rate Increase (\$ in thousands) | | | | | | |
| | , | | | | | |
| Program | FY 2002 | FY 2003 | | | | |
| <u>DES</u> | | | | | | |
| Adoption Services | \$ 455.2 | \$ 1,365.5 | | | | |
| Children Services Vocational Rehabilitation | 977.6 | 2,932.8 | | | | |
| Services | 82.1 | 246.4 | | | | |
| Independent Living Rehab Services | 22.6 | 67.7 | | | | |
| Employment Support Services DDD Home and Community | 235.8 | 707.5 | | | | |
| Based Services | 698.0 | 2,093.9 | | | | |
| DDD Institutional Services DDD State Fund Long Term | 7.4 | 22.1 | | | | |
| Care Services | 92.7 | 278.2 | | | | |
| Adult Services - Home Care Adult Services - Supplemental | 116.0 | 348.0 | | | | |
| Payments | 45.8 | 137.4 | | | | |
| Respite Care | 10.9 | 32.6 | | | | |
| Subtotal - Non-Title XIX | \$2,744.0 | \$ 8,232.1 | | | | |
| DES Title XIX | | | | | | |
| DDD Home and Community | | | | | | |
| Based Services | \$1,986.3 | 5,958.9 | | | | |
| DDD Institutional Services | 299.8 | 899.5 | | | | |
| DDD Medical Services | <u>482.6</u> | <u>1,447.7</u> | | | | |
| Subtotal - Title XIX | <u>\$2,768.7</u> | <u>\$ 8,306.1</u> | | | | |
| Total DES | \$5,512.7 | \$16,538.2 | | | | |
| <u>DHS</u> | | | | | | |
| Children's Behavioral Health | 253.4 | 760.3 | | | | |
| CBH Title XIX | 866.2 | 2,598.5 | | | | |
| Total DHS | \$1,119.6 | \$ 3,358.8 | | | | |
| Judiciary | | | | | | |
| Juvenile Treatment | 654.6 | 1,963.8 | | | | |
| <u>DJC</u> | | | | | | |
| Community Services Contracts | \$ 264.6 | 793.8 | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| STATEWIDE GF TOTAL | \$7,551.5 | \$22,654.6 | | | | |

Arnold v. Sarn

The JLBC budget includes up to \$50 million in FY 2002 and \$100 million in FY 2003 to address the requirements of the 20-year old Arnold v. Sarn lawsuit. This includes \$27.5 million in FY 2002 and \$54.9 million in FY 2003 in direct General Fund appropriations and \$22.5 million in FY 2002 and \$45.1 million in FY 2003 from potential savings in the AHCCCS budget involving Indian Health Service claims.

While the JLBC recommendation does not specifically address Proposition 204 due to the large number of policy decisions that need to be made (see below), Proposition 204 will likely add significantly more funding to the SMI system. Proposition 204 expands eligibility for AHCCCS to 100% of the Federal Poverty Level. It is estimated that between 50% and 75% of SMIs not currently eligible for AHCCCS will be covered by Proposition 204. The JLBC budget retains the current level of SMI funding for the much smaller SMI population that remains ineligible for AHCCCS. This will significantly increase the amount of funding available for this population.

The JLBC Total Fund budget also includes \$36.1 million in FY 2002 and \$44.7 million in FY 2003 for enrollment growth and inflationary adjustments in the SMI Title XIX program. These amounts include matching federal funds.

In total, the JLBC budget seeks to increase SMI funding by \$86.1 million in FY 2002 and \$144.7 million in FY 2003, not including Proposition 204 increases. Once it is determined how much total funding is available for SMI programs, (including direct appropriations, AHCCCS savings and Proposition 204) the monies can be allocated between Title XIX and Non-Title XIX. Any of the above monies allocated for Title XIX will receive 65% federal matching funds.

| Table 4 JLBC Recommendation - Arnold v. Sarn (\$ in millions) | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|
| GF Appropriations | <u>FY 2002</u> \$27.5 | FY 2003 \$54.9 | | | |
| AHCCCS Savings for Arnold v. Sarn Subtotal-Arnold v. Sarn | 22.5 \$50.0 | \$100.0 | | | |
| Title XIX Caseload/ Inflation Total Increase | 36.1 \$86.1 | 44.7 \$144.7 | | | |
| General Fund Federal Funds | \$62.0 \$24.2 | \$115.2 \$29.5 | | | |

Proposition 204

At the 2000 General Election, voters approved Proposition 204, which expands eligibility for the AHCCCS program to 100% of the Federal Poverty Level (FPL) and funds 6 public health programs. The Proposition allocates monies

from the tobacco settlement for these programs. The JLBC budget displays funding for the 6 public health programs, including annual inflation, although they are not subject to legislative appropriation. The JLBC budget does not address the AHCCCS expansion because implementation of this program will involve very significant policy decisions and due to a lack of time to fully analyze the Governor's proposal. As a result, we recommend that these policy decisions and any resulting budget impacts be addressed during the legislative session.

AHCCCS is in the process of applying for a waiver from the federal Health Care Financing Administration to obtain federal matching funds for the AHCCCS expansion. The Executive budget assumes that a federal waiver is approved and has recommended a detailed funding scheme for the program. The following bullets summarize the Executive's recommendations related to Proposition 204.

Disproportionate Share Hospitals (DSH) - The Executive recommends relinquishing most of Arizona's federal DSH payment in order to obtain federal approval of a waiver for the Proposition 204 program. DSH is a federal program to provide additional reimbursement to hospitals serving indigent populations. Under the Governor's recommendation, the portion paid to private hospitals would be retained (\$5.3 million GF annually). The loss of most of the DSH payment results in a reduction in General Fund revenue, but in the AHCCCS budget it results in a savings of \$(40.2) million in both FY 2002 and FY 2003 because the state match for the DSH program is no longer needed.

MNMI Savings – The Executive recommendation assumes that the current 100% state funded MNMI population would become eligible for Federal matching funds under the Proposition 204 waiver. This results in an estimated GF savings of \$(169.1) million in FY 2002 and \$(177.7) million in FY 2003. The Executive recommends that \$45 million annually of these savings be used to offset the General Fund revenue loss associated with giving up the federal DSH payment. The remaining savings of \$124.1 million in FY 2002 and \$132.7 million in FY 2003 are transferred to a new "Budget Neutrality Compliance Fund."

State Match Costs – The Executive estimates that if a waiver is approved, the state match cost of the program will exceed the amount available from tobacco settlement funds in FY 2002 if no MNMI savings are applied. In order to mitigate the impact to the General Fund, the Executive recommends using the savings from the MNMI program to fund this additional cost. Thus, the Executive transfers the annual MNMI savings to the Budget Neutrality Compliance Fund, which is used to pay the unfunded difference between the total state match cost and the amount available from the tobacco settlement. Under the Executive's estimates, the MNMI GF savings will be sufficient to cover the cost of the program until FY 2006.

<u>Woodwork Effect</u> – The Executive recommends a FY 2002 GF increase of \$2.3 million and a FY 2003 increase of \$3.5 million due to enrollment of some of the Proposition 204 applicants in the current AHCCCS program, known as the "woodwork effect".

Table 5 shows the compilation of these numbers into the Executive recommendation. As mentioned above, there are increased General Fund costs in other areas of the budget that offset the savings shown in the AHCCCS budget, for a net cost to the state of approximately \$0.3 million in FY 2002 and \$1.5 million in FY 2003. These increased costs are due to the loss of DSH revenue and include \$71.2 million in lost revenue to the General Fund and a new \$12 million General Fund appropriation in the Arizona State Hospital budget to replace the Arizona State Hospital (ASH) DSH payment.

| Table 5 | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| Executive Recommendation – Proposition 204 (\$ in millions) | | | | | | |
| | FY 2002 | FY 2003 | | | | |
| DSH State Match | \$(40.2) | \$(40.2) | | | | |
| MNMI Savings | (169.1) | (177.7) | | | | |
| Woodwork | 2.3 | 3.5 | | | | |
| Budget Neutrality | | | | | | |
| Fund Deposit | <u>124.1</u> | <u>132.7</u> | | | | |
| Net AHCCCS Savings | \$(82.9) | \$(81.7) | | | | |
| Lost GF Revenue | 71.2 | 71.2 | | | | |
| ASH DSH Replacement | 12.0 | 12.0 | | | | |
| Net General Fund Cost | \$0.3 | \$1.5 | | | | |

Tax and Spending Boxes

The JLBC budget includes \$15 million in FY 2002 and \$30 million in FY 2003 for new unspecified tax reductions. In addition, the JLBC budget includes another \$15 million in FY 2002 and \$30 million in FY 2003 for new unspecified appropriation bills. In legislative parlance, these dollar amounts represent "The Box."

FY 2001 Supplementals

The JLBC General Fund budget includes \$33.7 million in FY 2001 for supplemental appropriations. This amount includes \$14.9 million for the Department of Health Services to address enrollment and inflation increases in the Behavioral Health Title XIX program. The supplementals also include \$13.0 million to the Department of Education for Basic State Aid funding and \$2.7 million to the School Facilities Board for Building Renewal.

AHCCCS requires a FY 2001 funding adjustment of \$70.8 million due to higher than expected caseload growth and inflationary increases. Of this amount, \$29.0 million was

funded by a transfer from the Medically Needy Account in November 2000. The remaining \$41.8 million will be funded from the Medical Stabilization Fund.

Operating Budgets

In comparison to the FY 2001 budget, the JLBC budget increases General Fund operating spending by \$504.4 million or 7.9% in FY 2002, and by \$882.0 million or 13.8% in FY 2003. These amounts exclude any monies associated with the 0.6% education sales tax. A substantial portion of the new funding results from:

- \$149.3 million in FY 2002 and \$294.4 million in FY 2003 for the K-12 funding formula.
- \$148.5 million in FY 2002 and \$211.9 million in FY 2003 for AHCCCS costs, mostly associated with statutory caseload and inflation adjustments.
- \$59.1 million in FY 2002 and \$102.1 million in FY 2003 for the Department of Health Services, including significant increases in behavioral health funding.

Additional detail on agency operating budgets appears in the next section of this report. Even further detail can be found in the separate volume on individual agency budgets.

Capital Outlay

The JLBC budget includes \$82.7 million General Fund in FY 2002 and \$79.4 million General Fund in FY 2003.

The budget includes \$51.6 million in FY 2002 and \$55.4 million in FY 2003 for Building Renewal. The General Fund Building Renewal Formula has not been fully funded since FY 1999. Prior to FY 1999, the formula had not been fully funded since FY 1988. In the JLBC budget, the Building Renewal Formula is funded 100% in both FY 2002 and FY 2003. The budget also includes \$29.6 million in FY 2002 and \$22.5 million in FY 2003 for various projects in the 3 building systems (Arizona Department of Administration, Arizona Board of Regents, and Arizona Department of Transportation), including lease-purchase payments for a new State Health Laboratory, converting the Arizona State University and University of Arizona public television stations to digital format, and transferring General Fund monies to the Highway Expansion and Extension Loan Program (HELP) Fund. The HELP funding has already been approved in a prior Legislative Session.

The JLBC budget also ex-appropriates \$65 million in FY 2002 and \$8.1 million in FY 2003 from monies previously appropriated for construction of the new

Tucson prison complex. Declining growth in the prison population permits the deferral of this project past the FY 2002 -2003 biennium.

Budget Stabilization Fund Deposit

The JLBC General Fund budget includes an annual \$16 million deposit to the Budget Stabilization Fund (BSF) for FY 2001 through FY 2003. These deposits are in accordance with Laws 2000, Chapter 1, 7th Special Session, which requires the BSF to be repaid for any withdrawals from the BSF to finance alternative fuel vehicle income tax credits and consumer loss recovery claims. The state is to continue repaying the BSF at the rate of \$16 million per year until the BSF is fully repaid with interest. The total withdrawal from the BSF is yet to be determined.

Budget Reform

The JLBC will focus on 3 aspects of budget reform in the upcoming year: conversion of more agencies to program budgeting, increased use of performance measures, and conducting Strategic Program Area Reviews (SPARs).

Program Budgeting: Laws 1997, Chapter 210 requires that all budget units be converted to a program budget format by FY 2006. This is being accomplished in 3 phases. Phase I, which consisted of the smallest 60 budget units, was implemented in the FY 2000 and FY 2001 budget. As part of its FY 2002 and FY 2003 budget recommendation, the JLBC recommends a program budget format for an additional 43 agencies that comprise Phase II. These formats will be adopted by the Legislature. The remaining 14 agencies will be converted in Phase III as part of the FY 2004 and FY 2005 budgets.

The purpose of program budgeting is to provide policymakers with more information on what agencies do and whether or not the resource level for each function is appropriate. For example, the budget recommendation will now provide budget data on 3 programs in the Department of Juvenile Corrections (Housing, Rehabilitation, and Administration) and its subprograms. Prior budget displays focused more on traditional line items of expenditure such as salaries and travel. We will still provide the traditional line item of expenditure detail as well as the program budget display.

<u>Performance Measures</u>: As part of program budgeting, agencies are required to track their performance on several program indicators. As part of its FY 2002 and FY 2003 budget recommendation, the JLBC recommends 5 to 7 key performance measures for each agency or cost center. Performance measures help policymakers evaluate an agency's success in meeting its goals. In order to emphasize the importance of these performance measures,

the measures will also be adopted by the Appropriation Committees. Common measures – for example, administrative costs as a percentage of overall expenditures or employee turnover rates – are recommended in many agencies.

Strategic Program Area Reviews: When the state moved to biennial budgeting, one purpose was to devote the 2nd year ("off-year") of the cycle to in-depth review of a few topic areas. As outlined in statute, the Strategic Program Area Review (SPAR) process begins with the JLBC choosing program areas to review. At its December meeting, the Committee selected the following 3 SPARs: County Assistance, Children's Delivery System with a focus on developmentally-disabled clients, and Special Education. Agencies will submit their self-assessments to JLBC Staff and OSPB by June 1, 2001. JLBC believes legislative guidance would help JLBC Staff and OSPB target research efforts in writing their report; to accomplish this, Joint Appropriations subcommittees will meet in the interim to provide that guidance. JLBC Staff and OSPB will jointly publish a report with their respective SPAR findings and recommendations by January 1, 2002.

A.R.S. § 49-282H currently requires that the Water Quality Assurance Revolving Fund (WQARF) program in the Department of Environmental Quality undergo the Program Authorization Review (now SPAR) process beginning in 2002. Because the JLBC did not choose WQARF as one of the 3 SPARs, the JLBC recommends an Omnibus Reconciliation Bill (ORB) provision to eliminate the requirement for a WQARF SPAR.

| Table 6 | |
|---------|---|
| | JLBC State Employee Pay Recommendation 1/ |
| | (\$ in thousands) |

| | FY 20 | 02 | FY 2003 | | |
|------------------|----------------|------------|----------------|------------|--|
| | <u>GF</u> | <u>OF</u> | <u>GF</u> | <u>OF</u> | |
| Statewide 5% | | | | | |
| Increase | \$40,100.0 | \$8,200.0 | \$122,500.0 | \$25,000.0 | |
| Correctional | | | | | |
| Officers | 6,364.3 | 0 | 10,096.3 | 0 | |
| New University | | | | | |
| CMR | 1,000.0 | 0 | 2,000.0 | 0 | |
| FY 2001 CMR | | | | | |
| Annualization 2/ | <u>4,497.4</u> | 3,691.4 | <u>4,497.4</u> | 3,691.4 | |
| Total | \$51,961.7 | \$11,891.4 | \$139,093.7 | \$28,691.4 | |

^{1/} Excludes pay adjustments in individual agency budgets.

^{2/} Includes full level of FY 2001 CMR, including Highway Capital budget funding.

SUMMARY OF INDIVIDUAL AGENCY BUDGET RECOMMENDATIONS

Summary

This section provides highlights of the larger General Fund budget recommendations including:

- Proposition 301
- Department of Education
- School Facilities Board
- Universities
- Community Colleges
- AHCCCS
- Department of Economic Security
- Department of Health Services
- Department of Corrections
- Department of Public Safety
- Department of Juvenile Corrections
- Judiciary
- Attorney General

In addition, this section includes information on:

- Personnel Pro Rata Charge
- Rental Rate Increase
- Elected Official Salary Increase
- FTE Summary Information
- Other Technical Estimates, including Revetments and Administrative Adjustments.

Education

Proposition 301

The JLBC budget increases funding by \$485,976,500 in FY 2002 and \$524,698,600 in FY 2003 for Proposition 301 ("Education 2000"). These amounts equal current JLBC estimates for the biennium for the 0.6% sales tax increase enacted by Proposition 301. Both estimates assume 8% annual growth in sales tax revenues apart from the 0.6% increase.

Table 1 below shows estimated distributions for the new monies. The amounts shown are based on the allocation formula established by the proposition. The first priority under that formula is funding for debt service on up to \$800,000,000 in School Improvement Revenue Bonds for deficiencies correction projects of the School Facilities Board. The \$70,000,000 debt service amount shown in the table for both years assumes that the board will issue all \$800,000,000 in allowable bonds at the very start of FY 2002 and at an interest rate of approximately 6%.

| Table 1 | | | | | | |
|---|----------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| Estimated Distribution of "Education 2000" Sales Tax Monies | | | | | | |
| | FY 2002 | FY 2003 | | | | |
| Revenues Estimated 0.6% Sales Tax Revenue | \$ 485,976,500 | \$524,698,600 | | | | |
| Expenditures | | | | | | |
| Students FIRST debt service | 70,000,000 | 70,000,000 | | | | |
| Universities | 49,917,200 | 54,563,800 | | | | |
| Community Colleges | 12,479,300 | 13,641,000 | | | | |
| Tribal Assistance | 370,000 | 383,600 | | | | |
| Additional School Days | 15,305,900 | 31,530,100 | | | | |
| School Safety | 7,800,000 | 7,800,000 | | | | |
| Character Education | 200,000 | 200,000 | | | | |
| School Accountability | 5,849,000 | 4,586,800 | | | | |
| Failing Schools Tutoring Fund | 1,500,000 | 1,500,000 | | | | |
| Income Tax Credit for Sales Tax Paid | 25,000,000 | 25,000,000 | | | | |
| Available for Site Fund: Sales Tax | 297,555,100 | 315,493,300 | | | | |
| Available for Site Fund: Land Trust | 2,204,400 | 6,017,700 | | | | |
| Total Available for Site Fund | \$299,759,500 | \$321,511,000 | | | | |

The distribution formula in Proposition 301 allocates 12% of the remaining monies to universities and 3% to community colleges. The university allocation will be transferred to a new Technology and Research Initiative Fund and is estimated at \$49,917,200 for FY 2002 and \$54,563,800 for FY 2003. The community college allocation will be transferred to a new Workforce Development Account and is estimated at \$12,479,300 for FY 2002 and \$13,641,000 for FY 2003. These distributions are followed by formula-based allocations to tribal community colleges, estimated at \$370,000 for FY 2002 and \$383,600 for FY 2003.

The next 5 distributions are K-12 related. They include 1) \$15,305,900 for 1 additional school day in FY 2002 and \$31,530,100 for 2 additional school days (above FY 2001) in FY 2003, 2) a \$7,800,000 increase for the Safe Schools program for both years above FY 2001, 3) a \$200,000 total appropriation for character education matching grants in both years, 4) \$5,849,000 in FY 2002 and \$4,586,800 in FY 2003 for school accountability [the FY 2002 amount includes a \$2,500,000 one-time appropriation for school district compliance with the Student Accountability Information System] and 5) \$1,500,000 in total appropriations for both years for the Failing Schools Tutoring Fund.

Finally, the distribution formula allocates \$25,000,000 to the General Fund in both FY 2002 and FY 2003 to replace revenues lost to a new income tax credit established by Proposition 301. That tax credit is intended to offset increased sales tax payments by low income residents under the proposition.

All remaining 0.6% sales tax increase monies are then allocated to the new Classroom Site Fund. Sales tax

allocations to the Classroom Site Fund are estimated at \$297,555,200 for FY 2002 and \$315,493,300 for FY 2003.

Proposition 301, however, also dedicates growth in expendable State Trust Land income (K-12 "Endowment Earnings") above FY 2001 to the Classroom Site Fund. The JLBC estimates that this will add \$2,204,400 to the fund in FY 2002 and \$6,017,700 to it in FY 2003. This would result in total Classroom Site Fund monies of \$299,759,500 in FY 2002 and \$321,511,000 in FY 2003.

Not included in Table 1 are new General Fund costs resulting from Proposition 301 but not funded by it. These costs are estimated at \$85,250,200 in FY 2002 and \$157,268,200 in FY 2003 (both above FY 2001). The estimated FY 2002 total includes \$63,126,600 for a 2% deflator in the K-12 equalization funding formula, \$16,600,000 for an unfunded portion of the new income tax credit, \$1,773,600 for expanded school district audits and \$3,750,000 for expanded school donation tax credits. The estimated FY 2003 total includes \$133,026,300 for the 2% deflator, \$537,000 for unfunded costs of the additional school day in FY 2003, \$16,600,000 for the new income tax credit, \$3,257,400 for expanded audits and \$3,847,500 for expanded school tax credits. These various amounts are incorporated into the JLBC recommendations for the affected budget areas for FY 2002 and FY 2003.

Department of Education

The JLBC General Fund budget increases funding by \$149.3 million in FY 2002 and by \$294.4 million in FY 2003. In addition, the JLBC budget includes Proposition 301 increases of \$328.2 million in FY 2002 and \$361.1 million in FY 2003 for the department. Together these increases total to \$477.5 million for FY 2002 and \$655.5 million for FY 2003. Proposition 301 funding for all agencies is discussed in a separate summary section above.

The non-Proposition 301 increases include \$121.7 million in FY 2002 and \$247.9 million in FY 2003 for enrollment growth, which assumes 3.3% growth in FY 2002 and 3.4% growth (above FY 2002) in FY 2003. They also include a savings of \$(84.4) million in FY 2002 and \$(150.7) million in FY 2003 for local property value growth, which assumes 7% growth in FY 2002 and 5% growth (above FY 2002) in FY 2003. Local property tax collections increase when property values grow, which helps offset the state General Fund cost of Basic State Aid.

The budget increases include \$62.8 million in FY 2002 and \$132.2 million in FY 2003 for a 2% inflation adjustment, \$19.6 million in FY 2002 and \$30.1 million in FY 2003 for the "Homeowner's Rebate" program, \$19.3 million in FY 2002 and \$20.2 million in FY 2003 for "Truth in Taxation," and \$10.9 million in FY 2002 and \$11.8 million in FY 2003 for increasing special education "Group B" weights.

School Facilities Board

The JLBC General Fund budget increases funding by \$32.5 million in FY 2002 and decreases funding by \$(71.7) million in FY 2003. The JLBC recommendation will provide full funding of the Board's estimated cost of \$1.17 billion to repair existing school facilities, otherwise known as deficiencies correction. The cost will be funded by \$800 million of revenue bonds authorized by Proposition 301, \$250 million of previously appropriated funds, and \$120 million in new FY 2002 General Fund monies. No General Fund monies will be required in FY 2003, under the Board's current cost estimate.

Since the FY 2001 base includes \$150 million for deficiencies correction, the SFB budget will be reduced by \$(30) million in FY 2002 and \$(150) million in FY 2003. Offsetting these reductions will be cost increases for new school construction. This expense will increase from \$200 million in FY 2001 to \$250 million in FY 2002 and \$260 million in FY 2003.

The JLBC budget increases Proposition 301 dedicated funding by \$70 million in both FY 2002 and FY 2003. This sum will pay for the debt service on the \$800 million in new deficiencies correction revenue bonds.

Universities

The JLBC General Fund budget increases funding by \$20.4 million in FY 2002 and by \$28.9 million in FY 2003. The budget includes an increase of \$11.6 million in both FY 2002 and FY 2003 for pay annualization, a decrease of \$(2.6) million in FY 2002 and an increase of \$1.8 million in FY 2003 to reflect changes in student enrollment, increases of \$6.1 million in FY 2002 and \$5.4 million in FY 2003 related to General Fund offsets for reduced collections from student tuition and Collections Fund monies used for debt service, and increases of \$228,900 in FY 2002 and \$3 million in FY 2003 for the operation and maintenance of new facilities, and an increase of \$1,253,000 in FY 2003 to restore operating funding redirected to the Eminent Scholars Program.

The JLBC budget increases Proposition 301 dedicated funding by \$49.9 million in FY 2002 and \$54.6 million in FY 2003. These additional funds are generated by Proposition 301 (Education 2000). The monies will be deposited into the new Technology and Research Initiative Fund and used for lease-purchase payments associated with capital projects at Arizona State University East and West campuses, and for Technology and Research Initiative Grants related to New Economy projects.

Community Colleges

The JLBC General Fund budget increases funding by \$4.6 million in FY 2002, and by \$9.9 million in FY 2003. These increases would fund the existing community

college formulas for operating, capital outlay, and equalization aid. For FY 2002, net full-time student equivalent (FTSE) enrollment grew by 3,175, and for FY 2003 is expected to grow by an additional 3,483 FTSE.

The JLBC budget increases Proposition 301 dedicated funding by \$12.8 million in FY 2002, and by \$14.0 million in FY 2003. These increases would fund the estimated Arizona community college distributions for Workforce Development and Capital Matching requirements. The recommendation also includes funding for Tribal Assistance to qualifying community colleges on Indian reservations.

Health and Welfare

AHCCCS

The JLBC General Fund budget increases funding by \$148.5 M in FY 2002 and by \$211.9 in FY 2003. The key contributing factor is increasing caseloads and inflation. The JLBC estimates that enrollment in the Acute Care program will grow by 20.2% in FY 2002 and 24.2% in FY 2003 above the originally appropriated FY 2001 level. Caseload increases in the Acute Care program are primarily being driven by growth in enrollees who are parents with incomes at 30% FPL (which are sometimes referred to as "1931" enrollees). These enrollees are able to remain on the program once they secure employment, provided their income does not exceed 185% FPL. This continuing coverage is available under the Transitional Medical Assistance program, in which participation has recently doubled. Inflationary impacts coincide with the Contract Year (CY), which begins on October 1 and is estimated at 5.4% in CY 2002 and 5.2% in CY 2003.

Department of Economic Security

The JLBC General Fund budget increases funding by \$32.8 million in FY 2002 and by \$82.7 million in FY 2003. The recommendation includes a FY 2002 increase of \$36.9 million and a FY 2003 increase of \$59.8 million to fund 9.4% yearly caseload growth and 5.5% yearly capitation rate increases in the Developmental Disabilities (DD) Long Term Care program. The recommendation also includes a FY 2002 increase of \$3.5 million and a FY 2003 increase of \$3.7 million to fund a new computer system for the DD program.

There is a reduction in General Fund spending by \$(16.5) million in both FY 2002 and FY 2003 because of funding shifts from the state General Fund to the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Block Grant. In addition, there is \$3.7 million in both FY 2002 and FY 2003 for Home and Community Based Care for the vulnerable adult population and new staffing to maintain the Adult Protective Services investigations rate at 81%. The recommendation further adds \$2.0 million in FY 2002 and

\$3.8 million in FY 2003 for 75.6 new Child Protective Services FTE Positions and 11.1 new Adoption Services FTE Positions to meet Child Welfare League Standards of America caseload ratios and address client caseload growth.

The recommendation also includes a FY 2003 increase of \$3.0 million along with a total biennial federal funds increase of \$34.5 million to increase maximum child care rates to the 75th percentile of the 2000 market rate survey from the 75th percentile of the 1996 market rate survey.

Department of Health Services

The JLBC General Fund budget increases funding by \$59.1 million in FY 2002 and by \$102.1 million in FY 2003. This provides \$27.5 million in FY 2002 and \$54.2 million in FY 2003 in direct General Fund appropriations to address the requirements of Arnold v. Sarn. The JLBC budget also provides for \$22.5 million in FY 2002 and \$48 million in FY 2003 in potential savings in the AHCCCS budget to be reappropriated to DHS for a total of \$150 million over the biennium for Arnold v. Sarn. In addition, General Fund expenditures for Behavioral Health Title XIX programs are projected to increase by \$26.8 million in FY 2002 and by \$36.1 million in FY 2003 above FY 2001 due to enrollment growth and an increase in capitation rates.

The JLBC budget also increases funding to provide vaccines for children by \$1.5 million in FY 2002, and by \$2.5 million in FY 2003. The recommendation also includes \$0.9 million in both FY 2002 and FY 2003 above FY 2001 for additional staffing and salary increases in the Assurance and Licensure division. In FY 2003, the JLBC also recommends \$3.8 million in General Fund appropriations for additional staff to operate the newly constructed Arizona State Hospital.

Criminal Justice

Department of Corrections

The JLBC General Fund budget decreases funding by \$(17.1) million in FY 2002 and by \$(153,700) in FY 2003. The budget assumes a population growth rate of 75 net new inmates per month for both FY 2002 and FY 2003. Even with the projected growth, the department's Average Daily Population (ADP) will not reach the appropriated FY 2001 ADP, therefore, the JLBC recommends a FY 2002 decrease of \$(3.5) million from FY 2001 and a FY 2003 decrease of \$(1.4) million from FY 2001.

Given the lower than appropriated growth in FY 2000 and FY 2001, the JLBC recommends a total biennial decrease of \$(13.7) million to delay the opening of 350 state-operated prison beds and 1,400 privately-operated prison

beds. This amount includes a FY 2002 decrease of \$(12.8) million from FY 2001 and a FY 2003 decrease of \$(0.9) million from FY 2001. The JLBC recommends opening all of the delayed beds in FY 2003. The JLBC recommendation delays the opening of additional beds until the bed deficit reaches 2,000.

In addition, the JLBC recommends a total biennial increase of \$8.2 million to continue the existing Correctional Officer pay plan established in FY 2000. This amount includes a FY 2002 increase of \$2.9 million from FY 2001 and a FY 2003 increase of \$5.3 million from FY 2001. In an attempt to reduce Correctional Officer vacancies and lower turnover, the JLBC also recommends that each officer receive an increase of \$3,000 on January 1, 2002 and \$1,000 on January 1, 2003.

Department of Public Safety

The JLBC General Fund budget increases funding by \$757,300 in FY 2002 and by \$2.8 million in FY 2003. The JLBC budget also increases Other Funds by \$4.8 million in FY 2002 and \$6.7 million in FY 2003. Most of this increase will come from the Highway User Revenue Fund and the State Highway Fund. Additional Highway Patrol officers and replacement vehicles are funded from these sources. Over the biennium, 88 Highway Patrol officers are added at a cost of \$9.1 million and 330 Highway Patrol vehicles are replaced at a cost of \$10.3 million.

The recommendation will also provide \$2 million in General Fund offsets to funds that will experience revenue shortfalls in FY 2001. The Highway Patrol fund shortfall is due to lower than expected revenues from car insurance premium taxes. The Crime Lab Assessment Fund and DNA Identification Fund shortfalls are due to lower than expected revenue from the Criminal Justice Enhancement Fund. These offsets will maintain DPS' current funding levels in each fund.

In addition, the recommendation includes \$1.9 million for replacement telecommunication equipment, \$1.2 million for a mobile data computer system for the Highway Patrol, \$0.8 million for Highway Patrol Support staffing, and \$0.6 million for a new helicopter lease-purchase. Also included are \$1.3 million to increase crime laboratory personnel and \$1 million to replace aging equipment in the crime laboratory. This will allow DPS to significantly reduce a 4,100 case backlog of controlled substance and toxicology samples and produce reliable test results.

Department of Juvenile Corrections

The JLBC General Fund budget decreases funding by \$(1.6) million in FY 2002 and by \$(1.3) million in FY 2003. The budget subtracts \$(3.2) million each year to reflect decreased population. While the FY 2001 budget originally funded 1,168 juvenile beds, the expected secure

care population is 977 juveniles in FY 2002 and 975 juveniles in FY 2003. The budget adds \$0.6 million each year for stipends for Youth Correction Officers (YCOs) at the Buckeye facility, where recruitment and retention of YCOs has been very difficult due to the facility's remote location. The budget also adds \$0.3 million each year to annualize a pay plan package approved by the Legislature during the 1999 Session.

Judiciary

The JLBC General Fund budget increases funding by \$115,700 in FY 2002 and by \$2.6 million in FY 2003. In FY 2002 and FY 2003, \$1.7 million is for pay adjustments and \$0.8 million is for new judgeships. The budget projects population growth at 4% for both Juvenile and Adult Standard Probation, 1% for Juvenile Intensive Probation, and no growth in the Adult Intensive Probation program. Even with the projected growth, the existing caseload capacity allows for a reduction in funding in 3 of the 4 programs resulting in a total FY 2002 decrease of \$(3.2) million from FY 2001 and a FY 2003 decrease of \$(0.9) million from FY 2001. Also, included in the JLBC budget is an increase of \$0.4 million in FY 2002 and \$1.2 million in FY 2003 for a 4% growth in the Juvenile Treatment program.

Attorney General

The JLBC General Fund budget increases funding by \$1 million in FY 2002 and by \$0.9 million in FY 2003. General Fund expenditures for attorneys' salaries will increase by \$400,000. Attorneys' salaries currently lag behind the attorneys' salaries in most municipalities in Maricopa County, as well as attorneys' salaries for Maricopa County. This increase would bring the average assistant attorneys general salaries in line with the average salaries paid by Maricopa County.

Other Statewide Issues

Personnel Pro Rata Charge

The JLBC General Fund budget increases the Arizona Department of Administration's (ADOA) Personnel Fund pro rata charge from 0.9% to 1.07% at a cost of \$1.9 million starting in FY 2003. The charge is assessed on the total payroll of each agency within the ADOA personnel system in order to provide for operating costs within the ADOA Human Resources division. The increase provides funding to replace the ADOA Human Resources/Payroll (HRMS) technology system.

The JLBC recommends adding the funding increase to the General Appropriation Act as a lump sum, to be allocated to other state agencies.

Rental Rate Increase

The JLBC General Fund budget includes \$912,800 in FY 2002 and \$1.2 million in FY 2003 for increased Rental Rates in state-owned buildings. The table below shows the recommended rates (based on recommendations of the Director of ADOA and the Lease Cost Review Board):

| Table 2 | | | | | |
|---------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|---------|-------------------|
| | Stat | e Office Sp | oace Renta | l Rates | |
| | | | | | |
| FY. | 2001 | FY | 2002 | FY | Z 2003 |
| Office | 2001 Storage | Office | 2002 Storage | Office | Z 2003 Storage |

The increased rates will generate additional revenue in the Capital Outlay Stabilization Fund, which is partially used to fund Building Renewal requirements. The JLBC Capital Outlay recommendation applies the additional revenue to Building Renewal funding. The table below lists the fund sources for the additional revenue.

| Additional Rent Revenues | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| General <u>Fund</u> | Other Appropriated <u>Funds</u> | Non- Appropriated <u>Funds</u> | Total | | | |
| \$ 912,800 \$1,224,400 | \$260,800 \$349,800 | \$130,400 \$174,900 | \$1,304,000 \$1,749,100 \$3,053,100 | | | |
| | General Fund \$ 912,800 | General Fund Other Appropriated Funds \$ 912,800 \$260,800 \$1,224,400 \$349,800 | General Fund Other Appropriated Appropriated Funds Funds \$ 912,800 \$260,800 \$130,400 \$1,224,400 \$349,800 \$174,900 | | | |

The budgets for individual agencies in state-owned space have not been adjusted to reflect the new rental rates. The JLBC recommendation would appropriate the additional requirements as a lump sum in the General Appropriation Act with allocations to individual agencies and from individual funds to be determined by JLBC Staff at a later time.

Elected Official Salary Increase

As part of the Executive's FY 2002 and FY 2003 budget recommendations, the Governor has recommended that the salary of appellate and superior court judges be increased on January 1, 2002. In addition, the Governor recommends that the salary of the Governor, Secretary of State, Attorney General, State Treasurer, Superintendent of Public Instruction, and Mine Inspector be increased on January 1, 2003.

Pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1903, the Commission on Salaries for Elective State Officers biennially reviews the salary of elected state officials, appellate and superior court judges, and clerks of the superior court. On December 10, 1999, the Commission forwarded its salary recommendations to the Governor. As part of the Executive's FY 2000 and FY supplemental budget recommendations (2000 Legislative Session), the Governor recommended that the salary of Corporation Commissioners, and appellate and superior court judges be increased on January 1, 2001. The Governor deferred recommending any increases for the remaining elected officials, as the increases would occur during the FY 2002 and FY 2003 biennium. The January 1, 2001 salary increase for Corporation Commissioners, and appellate and superior court judges became law, as the Legislature did not take action against the increases.

Pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1904, the Governor's salary recommendations for FY 2002 and FY 2003 become effective if the following 2 events occur:

- Neither house of the Legislature, within 90 days of release of the Governor's budget, passes a measure that specifically disapproves of all or part of the salary recommendations.
- No statute is enacted, within 90 days of release of the Governor's budget, which establishes rates of pay other than those proposed by the Governor.

| Table 4 | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Governor Reco | ommendations | | | | | | |
| for Elected Official Salary Increase | | | | | | | | |
| | | | General Fi | und Impact 1/ | | | | |
| Office | Current Salary | Recommendation | FY 2002 | FY 2003 | | | | |
| Governor | \$ 95,000 | \$ 107,350 | \$ 0 | \$ 6,900 | | | | |
| Secretary of State | 70,000 | 79,100 | 0 | 5,100 | | | | |
| Attorney General | 90,000 | 101,700 | 0 | 6,600 | | | | |
| State Treasurer | 70,000 | 79,100 | 0 | 5,100 | | | | |
| Superintendent | 85,000 | 96,050 | 0 | 6,200 | | | | |
| Mine Inspector | 50,000 | 56,500 | 0 | 3,700 | | | | |
| Supreme Court Chief Justice | 129,150 | 133,025 | 2,100 | 4,200 | | | | |
| Other Supreme Court Justices | 126,525 | 130,321 | 8,200 | 16,400 | | | | |
| Appellate Judges | 123,900 | 127,617 | 44,600 | 89,200 | | | | |
| Superior Court Judges 2/ | 120,750 | 124,373 | 144,000 | 288,000 | | | | |
| TOTAL | | | \$198,900 | \$431,400 | | | | |

- $\underline{1}/$ Fiscal estimate includes Personal Services and Employee Related Expenditures.
- 2/ Superior Court Judges' salaries are paid 50% by state and 50% by county. The fiscal estimate includes only the state's share of the increase.

The JLBC does not recommend the elected officials' salary adjustments pending the Legislature's final decision on whether to allow the Governor's recommendations to become law. *Table 4* displays the Executive proposal and estimated General Fund impact.

FTE Summary Information

The JLBC budget provides for a net increase of 140.7 FTE Positions, or 0.3%, in FY 2002 above FY 2001 and 502.4 FTE Positions, or 1%, in FY 2003 above FY 2001. The Universities' FTE Positions grow by 190.4 in FY 2002 above FY 2001 and 285 in FY 2003 above FY 2001, reflecting increases in student enrollment and the opening of new facilities. Also, the Department of Economic Security's FTE Positions grow by 92.3 in FY 2002 above FY 2001 and 126.6 in FY 2003 above FY 2001, to meet national caseload ratio standards and due to client caseload growth. These increases are partially offset by a (134.0) FTE Position reduction in the Department of Corrections in FY 2002 from FY 2001 and a (126.0) FTE Position reduction in FY 2003 from FY 2001 for the consolidation of female correctional facilities and the privatization of some inmate education services. In addition, the Department of Juvenile Corrections' FTE Positions decrease by (101.5) in both FY 2002 and FY 2003 below FY 2001 due to a decrease in the department's secure care population. (See Table 5.)

Other Technical Estimates

Revertments

Revertments on the Revenue and Expenditure statement represent an estimate of unexpended General Fund appropriations at the end of each fiscal year. As unexpended appropriations, these amounts appear on the Revenue and Expenditure statement as negative numbers. In both FY 2002 and FY 2003, the JLBC recommends revertments of \$(70,000,000). These amount reflects the 4-year average for all non-AHCCCS agencies of \$(60,000,000) and a \$(10,000,000) estimate for AHCCCS.

Administrative Adjustments

Administrative Adjustments on the Revenues and Expenditures statement represent payments for late claims submitted to the state after the completion of the fiscal year. For example, FY 2001 administrative adjustments reflect the payment of FY 2000 claims submitted to the state in FY 2001. The JLBC recommends using the Executive's \$33,000,000 administrative adjustment estimate for both FY 2002 and FY 2003.

| Table 5 Full-Time Equivalent Positions Total Appropriated Funds | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| <u>Agency</u> | FY 2001 ½ Estimate | FY 2002 <u>JLBC</u> | FY 2002 Increase/ (Decrease) | FY 2003 <u>JLBC</u> | FY 2003 Increase/ (Decrease) | | |
| Dept of Administration | 964.0 | 979.0 | 15.0 | 983.0 | 19.0 | | |
| AHCCCS ^{2/} | 1,260.4 | 1,285.4 | 25.0 | 1,286.7 | 26.3 | | |
| Dept of Corrections | 10,677.4 | 10,543.4 | (134.0) | 10,551.4 | (126.0) | | |
| Dept of Economic Security ^{2/} | 3,456.9 | 3,549.2 | 92.3 | 3,583.5 | 126.6 | | |
| Dept of Health Services ² | 1,709.0 | 1,732.9 | 23.9 | 1,797.9 | 88.9 | | |
| Dept of Juvenile Corrections | 1,402.2 | 1,300.7 | (101.5) | 1,300.7 | (101.5) | | |
| Dept of Public Safety | 1,755.8 | 1,821.8 | 66.0 | 1,879.8 | 124.0 | | |
| Dept of Transportation | 4,187.0 | 4,115.0 | (72.0) | 4,162.0 | (25.0) | | |
| Universities | 15,361.6 | 15,552.0 | 190.4 | 15,646.6 | 285.0 | | |
| All Others | 9,198.2 | 9,233.8 | 35.6 | 9,283.3 | 85.1 | | |
| TOTAL | 49,972.5 | 50,113.2 | 140.7 | 50,474.9 | 502.4 | | |

^{1/} Adjusted for comparability with the JLBC recommendation.

^{2/} Does not include positions funded with Federal Title XIX and Title IV-D monies which do appear in individual according

FY 2002 GENERAL FUND SUMMARY

| | FY 2001 1/ ESTIMATE | FY 2002 EXEC REC. | FY 2002 JLBC REC. | JLBC REC ESTIMATE | JLBC REC EXEC REC. |
|--|---------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| BUDGET UNITS | | | | | |
| Administration, AZ Department of | 28,035,500 | 27,326,500 | 27,628,800 | (406,700) | 302,300 |
| Administrative Hearings, Office of | 1,251,000 | 1,231,700 | 1,232,100 | (18,900) | 400 |
| Agriculture, AZ Department of | 12,470,300 | 12,789,100 | 13,188,100 | 717,800 | 399,000 |
| AHCCCS | 529,380,800 | 538,909,200 | 677,877,600 | 148,496,800 | 138,968,400 |
| Arts, Arizona Commission on the | 4,376,100 | 4,388,600 | 4,387,900 | 11,800 | (700) |
| Attorney General - Department of Law | 26,733,300 | 29,603,200 | 27,917,700 | 1,184,400 | (1,685,500) |
| Banking Department, State | 2,809,100 | 2,852,000 | 2,849,700 | 40,600 | (2,300) |
| Boxing Commission, AZ State | 76,200 | 80,700 | 80,400 | 4,200 | (300) |
| Building and Fire Safety, Department of | 3,622,100 | 3,731,400 | 3,608,500 | (13,600) | (122,900) |
| Charter Schools, State Board for Commerce, Department of | 651,900 10,099,800 | 579,300 8,565,000 | 683,800 5,658,100 | 31,900 (4,441,700) | 104,500 (2,906,900) |
| COMMUNITY COLLEGES | 135,231,100 | 138,061,600 | 139,868,500 | 4,637,400 | 1,806,900 |
| Dedicated 2/ | 0 | 0 | 12,849,300 | 12,849,300 | NA |
| Corporation Commission | 6,105,400 | 5,583,800 | 6,436,800 | 331,400 | 853,000 |
| CORRECTIONS, STATE DEPARTMENT OF | 587,915,900 | 572,831,100 | 570,812,800 | (17,103,100) | (2,018,300) |
| Criminal Justice Commission, Arizona | 2,655,200 | 2,655,200 | 2,905,200 | 250,000 | 250,000 |
| Deaf and the Blind, Schools for the | 18,446,600 | 17,297,300 | 18,849,900 | 403,300 | 1,552,600 |
| ECONOMIC SECURITY, DEPARTMENT OF | 449,401,900 | 474,078,900 | 482,227,500 | 32,825,600 | 8,148,600 |
| EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF | 2,450,928,800 | 2,578,190,400 | 2,600,203,200 | 149,274,400 | 22,012,800 |
| Dedicated 2/ | 0 | 0 | 328,210,000 | 328,210,000 | NA |
| Emergency & Military Affairs, Dept of | 11,397,500 | 11,704,700 | 11,555,200 | 157,700 | (149,500) |
| Environmental Quality, Department of | 31,420,500 | 32,001,800 | 30,923,300 | (497,200) | (1,078,500) |
| Equal Opportunity, Governor's Office of | 238,200 | 235,100 | 234,900 | (3,300) | (200) |
| Equalization, State Board of | 622,800 | 640,000 | 639,100 | 16,300 | (900) |
| Executive Clemency, Board of | 1,301,100 | 1,330,000 | 1,318,800 | 17,700 | (11,200) |
| Geological Survey, Arizona Government Information Tech. Agency | 885,200 | 897,600 | 899,600 | 14,400 | 2,000 |
| Government information Tech. Agency Governor, Office of the | 71,600 5,873,600 | 3,134,700 6,278,900 | 872,800 6,278,900 | 801,200 405,300 | (2,261,900) |
| Gov's Ofc for Excellence in Government | 1,564,300 | 1,584,200 | 1,528,200 | (36,100) | (56,000) |
| Gov's Ofc of Strategic Planning & Budgeting | 1,914,400 | 1,942,500 | 1,941,100 | 26,700 | (1,400) |
| HEALTH SERVICES, DEPARTMENT OF | 253,876,700 | 303,628,300 | 313,007,600 | 59,130,900 | 9,379,300 |
| Historical Society, Arizona | 4,550,100 | 4,743,600 | 4,687,400 | 137,300 | (56,200) |
| Historical Society, Prescott | 753,800 | 782,000 | 779,400 | 25,600 | (2,600) |
| Independent Redistricting Commission | 6,000,000 | 6,000,000 | 0 | (6,000,000) | (6,000,000) |
| Indian Affairs, AZ Commission of | 237,400 | 231,200 | 231,200 | (6,200) | 0 |
| Insurance, Department of | 5,953,300 | 6,173,500 | 6,225,700 | 272,400 | 52,200 |
| JUDICIARY | | | | | |
| SUPREME COURT | 18,113,100 | 18,113,100 | 18,294,300 | 181,200 | 181,200 |
| COURT OF APPEALS | 10,423,200 | 10,423,200 | 10,697,900 | 274,700 | 274,700 |
| SUPERIOR COURT TOTAL - JUDICIARY | 123,338,300 | 123,338,300 151,874,600 | 122,998,100 151,990,300 | (340,200) | (340,200) |
| Juvenile Corrections, Department of | 151,874,600 69,617,000 | 68,143,900 | 67,998,800 | (1,618,200) | (145,100) |
| Land Department, State | 16,437,200 | 19,095,700 | 17,663,500 | 1,226,300 | (1,432,200) |
| Law Enforcement Merit System Council | 53,800 | 57,000 | 56,600 | 2,800 | (400) |
| Legislature | 22,000 | 21,000 | 2 - 7, | _, | (, |
| Advocate for Private Property Rights | 92,500 | 92,500 | 97,500 | 5,000 | 5,000 |
| Auditor General | 10,416,400 | 10,416,400 | 13,050,500 | 2,634,100 | 2,634,100 |
| House of Representatives | 10,879,900 | 10,379,900 | 12,052,400 | 1,172,500 | 1,672,500 |
| Joint Legislative Budget Committee | 2,297,200 | 2,297,200 | 2,452,500 | 155,300 | 155,300 |
| Legislative Council | 4,534,100 | 4,034,100 | 5,353,300 | 819,200 | 1,319,200 |
| Library, Archives & Public Records, AZ State | 7,424,000 | 7,424,000 | 7,868,800 | 444,800 | 444,800 |
| Senate | 7,461,200 | 6,961,200 | 7,035,400 | (425,800) | 74,200 |
| Total - Legislature | 43,105,300 | 41,605,300 | 47,910,400 | 4,805,100 | 6,305,100 |
| Liquor Licenses & Control, Department of | 2,448,400 | 2,585,100 | 2,557,100 | 108,700 | (28,000) |
| Medical Student Loans, Board of | 322,100 | 288,800 | 285,500 | (36,600) | (3,300) |
| Mines & Mineral Resources Department of | 1,117,800 | 1,153,900 | 1,150,100 725,600 | 32,300 7,600 | (3,800) |
| Mines & Mineral Resources, Department of Navigable Stream Adjudication Commission | 718,000 184,800 | 721,900 185,800 | 725,600 185,800 | 7,600 1,000 | 3,700 0 |
| Nursing, State Board of | 184,800 | 183,800 | 132,000 | 132,000 | 132,000 |
| Occupational Safety & Health Review Board | 1,000 | 7,000 | 7,000 | 6,000 | 0 |
| Occupational Therapy Examiners, Board of | 60,000 | 0 | 0 | (60,000) | 0 |
| - · | | | | | |

FY 2002 GENERAL FUND SUMMARY

| | FY 2001 1/ ESTIMATE | FY 2002 EXEC REC. | FY 2002 JLBC REC. | JLBC REC ESTIMATE | JLBC REC EXEC REC. |
|---|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| | ESTIMATE | EAEC REC. | JEBC REC. | ESTIMATE | EAEC REC. |
| Parks Board, Arizona State | 27,390,200 | 27,337,400 | 27,510,600 | 120,400 | 173,200 |
| Personnel Board | 402,800 | 389,800 | 396,600 | (6,200) | 6,800 |
| Pioneers' Home, AZ | 2,719,200 | 2,826,500 | 2,665,500 | (53,700) | (161,000) |
| Postsecondary Education, Commission for | 1,736,300 | 1,726,100 | 1,723,800 | (12,500) | (2,300) |
| Public Safety, Department of | 76,261,800 | 79,531,700 | 77,019,100 | 757,300 | (2,512,600) |
| Racing, Arizona Department of | 2,700,200 | 2,747,600 | 2,789,800 | 89,600 | 42,200 |
| Radiation Regulatory Agency | 1,681,900 | 1,694,700 | 1,287,000 | (394,900) | (407,700) |
| Rangers' Pensions, Arizona | 11,600 | 11,800 | 11,800 | 200 | 0 |
| Real Estate Department, State | 3,204,900 | 3,301,300 | 3,255,800 | 50,900 | (45,500) |
| Retirement System, Arizona State | 4,200,000 | 7,279,000 | 6,300,000 | 2,100,000 | (979,000) |
| Revenue, Department of | 58,825,400 | 67,152,300 | 60,416,800 | 1,591,400 | (6,735,500) |
| SCHOOL FACILITIES BOARD | 471,239,800 | 383,689,200 | 503,699,800 | 32,460,000 | 120,010,600 |
| Dedicated 2/ | 0 | 0 | 70,000,000 | 70,000,000 | NA |
| Secretary of State | 6,016,700 | 3,245,900 | 3,205,500 | (2,811,200) | (40,400) |
| Tax Appeals, State Board of | 309,200 | 311,400 | 314,000 | 4,800 | 2,600 |
| Tourism, Office of | 8,880,300 | 0 | 11,420,800 | 2,540,500 | 11,420,800 |
| Transportation, Department of | 21,484,500 | 85,600 | 32,185,900 | 10,701,400 | 32,100,300 |
| Treasurer, State | 7,373,700 | 5,632,500 | 5,509,300 | (1,864,400) | (123,200) |
| Uniform State Laws, Commission on | 35,900 | 44,900 | 44,900 | 9,000 | 0 |
| UNIVERSITIES | | | | | |
| ARIZONA STATE UNIVERSITY - MAIN | 273,605,200 | 281,960,700 | 279,321,800 | 5,716,600 | (2,638,900) |
| ARIZONA STATE UNIVERSITY - EAST | 11,337,300 | 12,237,500 | 11,819,700 | 482,400 | (417,800) |
| ARIZONA STATE UNIVERSITY - WEST | 39,473,600 | 39,245,800 | 39,629,100 | 155,500 | 383,300 |
| NORTHERN ARIZONA UNIVERSITY | 113,169,800 | 113,483,200 | 115,166,500 | 1,996,700 | 1,683,300 |
| BOARD OF REGENTS | 7,421,400 | 7,871,800 | 7,946,400 | 525,000 | 74,600 |
| Dedicated 2/ | 0 | 0 | 49,917,200 | 49,917,200 | NA |
| U OF A - MAIN | 270,248,100 | 278,472,600 | 281,037,700 | 10,789,600 | 2,565,100 |
| U OF A - HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER | 57,704,000 | 57,621,600 | 58,397,100 | 693,100 | 775,500 |
| TOTAL - UNIVERSITIES | 772,959,400 | 790,893,200 | 793,318,300 | 20,358,900 | 2,425,100 |
| TOTAL - UNIVERSITIES - Dedicated 2/ | 0 | 0 | 49,917,200 | 49,917,200 | NA |
| Veterans' Services, Department of | 1,722,800 | 2,491,400 | 2,415,800 | 693,000 | (75,600) |
| Water Resources, Department of | 16,808,200 | 17,577,500 | 19,365,600 | 2,557,400 | 1,788,100 |
| Weights and Measures, Department of | 1,786,300 | 1,825,700 | 1,913,400 | 127,100 | 87,700 |
| OPERATING BUDGET TOTAL | 6,370,542,600 | 6,485,577,600 | 6,814,972,600 | 444,430,000 | 329,395,000 |
| OPERATING BUDGET TOTAL - Dedicated 2/ | 0 | 0 | 460,976,500 | 460,976,500 | NA |
| Health Insurance | 0 | 18,669,000 | 20,338,900 | 20,338,900 | 1,669,900 |
| Provider Adjustments | 0 | 0 | 7,600,000 | 7,600,000 | 7,600,000 |
| Rental Rate Adjustments | 0 | 0 | 912,800 | 912,800 | 912,800 |
| Pro-Rata Surcharge/HRMS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| GRAND TOTAL | 6,370,542,600 | 6,504,246,600 | 6,843,824,300 | 473,281,700 | 339,577,700 |
| GRAND TOTAL with Dedicated 2/ | 6,370,542,600 | 6,504,246,600 | 7,304,800,800 | 934,258,200 | NA |

^{1/} Does not include Supplementals.

^{2/} Represents 0.6% education sales tax monies. The Executive does not display these sales tax monies as part of the General Fund.

FY 2003 GENERAL FUND SUMMARY

| | FY 2001 1/ ESTIMATE | FY 2003 EXEC REC. | FY 2003 JLBC REC. | JLBC REC - FY 2001 EST | JLBC REC EXEC REC. |
|---|------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| BUDGET UNITS | | | | | |
| Administration, AZ Department of | 28,035,500 | 27,599,100 | 27,818,100 | (217,400) | 219,000 |
| Administrative Hearings, Office of | 1,251,000 | 1,231,700 | 1,231,900 | (19,100) | 219,000 |
| Agriculture, AZ Department of | 12,470,300 | 12,735,000 | 12,999,200 | 528,900 | 264,200 |
| AHCCCS | 529,380,800 | 652,063,500 | 741,317,400 | 211,936,600 | 89,253,900 |
| Arts, Arizona Commission on the | 4,376,100 | 4,373,800 | 4,372,200 | (3,900) | (1,600) |
| Attorney General - Department of Law | 26,733,300 | 31,458,900 | 27,791,100 | 1,057,800 | (3,667,800) |
| Banking Department, State | 2,809,100 | 2,819,800 | 2,821,200 | 12,100 | 1,400 |
| Boxing Commission, AZ State | 76,200 | 80,300 | 80,400 | 4,200 | 100 |
| Building and Fire Safety, Department of | 3,622,100 | 3,705,800 | 3,611,500 | (10,600) | (94,300) |
| Charter Schools, State Board for | 651,900 | 605,300 | 714,800 | 62,900 | 109,500 |
| Commerce, Department of | 10,099,800 | 8,557,300 | 5,659,400 | (4,440,400) | (2,897,900) |
| COMMUNITY COLLEGES | 135,231,100 | 142,902,000 | 145,125,500 | 9,894,400 | 2,223,500 |
| Dedicated 2/ | 0 | 0 | 14,024,600 | 14,024,600 | NA |
| Corporation Commission | 6,105,400 | 5,957,100 | 6,769,800 | 664,400 | 812,700 |
| CORRECTIONS, STATE DEPARTMENT OF | 587,915,900 | 592,089,000 | 588,069,600 | 153,700 | (4,019,400) |
| Criminal Justice Commission, Arizona | 2,655,200 | 2,655,200 | 2,905,200 | 250,000 | 250,000 |
| Deaf and the Blind, Schools for the | 18,446,600 | 16,836,400 | 18,820,700 | 374,100 | 1,984,300 |
| ECONOMIC SECURITY, DEPARTMENT OF | 449,401,900 | 512,105,600 | 532,064,700 | 82,662,800 | 19,959,100 |
| EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF | 2,450,928,800 | 2,722,451,200 | 2,745,282,500 | 294,353,700 | 22,831,300 |
| Dedicated 2/ | 0 | 0 | 361,110,200 | 361,110,200 | NA |
| Emergency & Military Affairs, Dept of | 11,397,500 | 11,779,300 | 11,663,600 | 266,100 | (115,700) |
| Environmental Quality, Department of | 31,420,500 | 32,207,400 | 31,162,200 | (258,300) | (1,045,200) |
| Equal Opportunity, Governor's Office of | 238,200 | 235,100 | 234,900 | (3,300) | (200) |
| Equalization, State Board of | 622,800 | 640,000 | 639,100 | 16,300 | (900) |
| Executive Clemency, Board of | 1,301,100 | 1,303,500 | 1,300,300 | (800) | (3,200) |
| Geological Survey, Arizona | 885,200 | 899,000 | 893,400 | 8,200 | (5,600) |
| Government Information Tech. Agency | 71,600 | 731,500 | 35,700 | (35,900) | (695,800) |
| Governor, Office of the | 5,873,600 | 6,372,800 | 6,372,800 | 499,200 | 0 |
| Gov's Ofc for Excellence in Government | 1,564,300 | 1,584,300 | 1,528,200 | (36,100) | (56,100) |
| Gov's Ofc of Strategic Planning & Budgeting | 1,914,400 | 1,939,900 | 1,940,900 | 26,500 | 1,000 |
| HEALTH SERVICES, DEPARTMENT OF | 253,876,700 | 323,772,200 | 355,946,700 | 102,070,000 | 32,174,500 |
| Historical Society, Arizona | 4,550,100 | 4,748,600 | 4,692,500 | 142,400 | (56,100) |
| Historical Society, Prescott | 753,800 | 768,800 | 786,800 | 33,000 | 18,000 |
| Independent Redistricting Commission | 6,000,000 | 0 | 0 | (6,000,000) | 0 |
| Indian Affairs, AZ Commission of | 237,400 | 231,200 | 231,300 | (6,100) | 100 |
| Insurance, Department of | 5,953,300 | 6,265,100 | 6,339,500 | 386,200 | 74,400 |
| JUDICIARY | | | | | |
| SUPREME COURT | 18,113,100 | 18,113,100 | 18,323,800 | 210,700 | 210,700 |
| COURT OF APPEALS | 10,423,200 | 10,423,200 | 10,744,200 | 321,000 | 321,000 |
| SUPERIOR COURT | 123,338,300 | 123,338,300 | 125,367,200 | 2,028,900 | 2,028,900 |
| TOTAL - JUDICIARY | 151,874,600 | 151,874,600 | 154,435,200 | 2,560,600 | 2,560,600 |
| Juvenile Corrections, Department of | 69,617,000 | 68,444,100 | 68,297,200 | (1,319,800) | (146,900) |
| Land Department, State | 16,437,200 | 18,495,600 | 17,896,200 | 1,459,000 | (599,400) |
| Law Enforcement Merit System Council | 53,800 | 57,000 | 56,600 | 2,800 | (400) |
| Legislature | 02.500 | 02.500 | 07.600 | £ 100 | £ 100 |
| Advocate for Private Property Rights | 92,500 | 92,500 | 97,600 | 5,100 | 5,100 |
| Auditor General House of Representatives | 10,416,400 | 10,416,400 | 14,624,100 | 4,207,700 | 4,207,700 |
| • | 10,879,900 | 10,379,900 | 12,991,500 | 2,111,600 | 2,611,600 |
| Joint Legislative Budget Committee Legislative Council | 2,297,200 | 2,297,200 | 2,452,600 | 155,400 | 155,400 |
| Library, Archives & Public Records, AZ State | 4,534,100 7,424,000 | 4,034,100 7,424,000 | 5,176,300 8,162,100 | 642,200 738,100 | 1,142,200 738,100 |
| • | 7,461,200 | | 7,037,000 | (424,200) | 75,800 |
| Senate Total | 43,105,300 | 6,961,200 41,605,300 | 50,541,200 | 7,435,900 | 8,935,900 |
| Liquor Licenses & Control, Department of | 2,448,400 | 2,583,600 | 2,555,100 | 106,700 | (28,500) |
| Medical Student Loans, Board of | 322,100 | 357,500 | 353,600 | 31,500 | (3,900) |
| Mine Inspector, State | 1,117,800 | 1,152,900 | 1,150,300 | 32,500 | (2,600) |
| Mines & Mineral Resources, Department of | 718,000 | 722,600 | 718,300 | 32,300 | (4,300) |
| Navigable Stream Adjudication Commission | 184,800 | 185,800 | 718,300 | (184,800) | (185,800) |
| Nursing, State Board of | 0 | 0 | 132,000 | 132,000 | 132,000 |
| raising, batte board of | U | U | 132,000 | 132,000 | 132,000 |

FY 2003 GENERAL FUND SUMMARY

| Occupational Safety & Health Review Board 1,000 7,000 0,000 0 Occupational Therapy Examinen, Board of Parks Roard, Arrizon State 60,000 0 0 (60,000) 0 Personnel Board 402,300 387,200 392,700 (10,100) 5,500 Possecondary Education, Commission for Parkin Safety, Department of Parkin Safety, Department of Safety, Acade Safety, Department Safety, Department of Safety, Department Safety, Department Safety, Department of Safety, Department Safety, Department of Safety, Department Safety, Department of Safety, Department Safety, Department Safety, Department of Safety, Department Safety, Department Safety, Department of Safety, Department Safety, Departm | | FY 2001 1/ ESTIMATE | FY 2003 EXEC REC. | FY 2003 JLBC REC. | JLBC REC - FY 2001 EST | JLBC REC EXEC REC. |
|---|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Occupational Therapy Examiners, Board of Parks Board, Anzona State 60,000 0 0 (60,000) 0 10,000 579,00 Propers Parks Board, Anzona State 27,390,200 26,941,700 27,525,600 135,400 577,900 Personnel Board 402,800 387,200 392,700 (10,100) 5,500 Personnel Board 402,800 2,845,100 2,702,300 (16,000) (142,800) 2,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 1,000 4,000 0 0 4,000 0 0 4,000 0 0 4,000 0 0 4,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 <t< td=""><td>Occupational Safaty & Health Review Roard</td><td>1 000</td><td>7 000</td><td>7,000</td><td>6,000</td><td>0</td></t<> | Occupational Safaty & Health Review Roard | 1 000 | 7 000 | 7,000 | 6,000 | 0 |
| Parks Board, Arizona State 27,390,200 26,947,700 27,525,600 133,400 577,900 Personanel Board 40,2800 387,200 392,700 (16,100) 5,50 Poneers' Home, AZ 2,719,200 2,845,100 2,702,300 (16,900) (142,800) Poincers' Home, AZ 2,719,200 1,726,100 1,723,800 (12,500) (2,300) Poincers' Home, AZ 2,719,200 1,726,100 1,723,800 (2,763,200) 3,789,100 Public Safety, Department of 2,700,200 2,753,200 2,790,100 89,900 36,800 Radiation Regulatory Agency 1,681,900 1,694,500 1,287,400 399,900 36,800 Real Estate Department, State 3,204,900 32,992,00 3,223,700 18,800 (55,500) Revenue, Department of 4,882,840 61,889,600 59,95,700 (17,72,000) (19,989,200) SCHOOL FACILITIES BOARD 471,239,800 519,517,000 399,527,800 (71,712,000) (19,989,200) Crectary of State 6,016,700 6,023,300 6, | * | | <i>'</i> | | , | _ |
| Personnel Board 402,800 387,200 392,700 (10,100) 5.500 Possecondary Education, Commission for 1,736,300 1,726,100 1,723,800 (12,500) (2,300) Public Safety, Department of 76,261,800 82,814,100 79,025,000 2,763,200 (3,789,100) Radiation Regulatory Agency 1,681,900 1,694,500 1,287,400 394,500 (407,100) Ragier Pensions, Arizona 11,600 12,000 400 0 0 Real Estate Department, State 3,204,900 3,292,200 3,232,700 1,88,00 (75,500) Retirement System, Arizona State 4,200,000 0 0 4,200,000 0 4,200,000 0 4,200,000 0 1,125,300 (19,38,000) 1,998,200 1,125,300 (19,38,000) 0 1,908,200 1,908,200 0 0 4,200,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 <td< td=""><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>` ' '</td><td>*</td></td<> | 1 | | | | ` ' ' | * |
| Poincer's Home, AZ | , | , , | , , , | | , | , |
| Postsecondary Education, Commission for 1,736,300 1,726,100 1,725,800 (12,500) (2,300) (2,300) Radia for No. 1,726,100 | | | | | | |
| Public Safety, Department of 76,261,800 82,314,100 79,025,000 2,763,200 3,789,100 Racing, Arizona Department of 2,700,200 2,753,300 2,790,100 89,900 36,800 Radiation Regulatory Agency 1,681,900 1,694,500 1,2000 12,000 400 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | • | | | | | |
| Bacing, Arizona Department of 2.700,200 2.753,300 2.790,100 89,900 36,800 Radiation Regulatory Agency 1,681,900 1,694,500 1,200 400 (304,500) (407,100) Rangers Persions, Arizona 11,600 12,000 3,203,700 18,800 (75,500) Retirement System, Arizona State 4,200,000 0 0 (4,000,000) 0 Revenue, Department of 58,825,400 61,889,600 59,950,700 (1,172,000) (11,988,900) SCHOOL, FACILITIES BOARD 471,239,800 519,517,000 399,527,000 (71,712,000) (11,988,900) Dedicated 2 0 0 0 70,000,000 70,000,000 NA Secretary of State 6,016,700 6,033,000 61,348,000 118,100 2,606 1,500 Tourism, Office of 8,880,300 0 12,222,600 3,442,300 12,222,600 Trasportation, Department of 21,484,500 85,500 32,815,500 1,701,400 32,100,400 Uniform State Laws, Commission on 35,990 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>* * * *</td> | | | | | | * * * * |
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| Retirement System, Arizona State | | | <i>'</i> | | | |
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| Secretary of State | | | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | | | |
| Tax Appeals, State Board of Tourism, Office of Tourism, Office of S.880,300 309,900 311,800 2,600 1,900 Tourism, Office of Tensportation, Department of Transportation, Department of Transportation, Department of 21,484,500 85,500 32,2185,900 10,701,400 32,100,400 Treasurer, State Transportation on S.5,900 44,900 5,603,400 (1,770,300) (134,000) Uniform State Laws, Commission on UNIVERSITY - MAIN ARIZONA STATE UNIVERSITY - MAIN ARIZONA STATE UNIVERSITY - EAST STATE UNIVERSITY - WEST STATE S | | - | - | * * | | |
| Tourism, Office of 8,880,300 0 12,222,600 3,342,300 12,222,600 Transportation, Department of 21,484,500 85,500 32,185,900 10,701,400 32,100,400 Treasurer, State 7,373,700 5,737,400 5,603,400 (1,770,300) (134,000) Uniform State Laws, Commission on 35,900 44,900 45,200 9,300 300 UNIVERSITIES ARIZONA STATE UNIVERSITY - MAIN 273,605,200 281,586,800 283,481,200 9,876,000 1,894,400 ARIZONA STATE UNIVERSITY - EAST 11,337,300 10,872,500 11,632,700 295,400 760,200 ARIZONA STATE UNIVERSITY - WEST 39,473,600 39,072,000 39,443,200 (30,400) 371,200 NORTHERN ARIZONA UNIVERSITY 113,169,800 113,608,400 115,408,300 2,238,500 1,799,900 BOARD OF REGENTS 7,421,400 8,149,800 8,224,100 802,700 74,300 Dedicated 2/ 0 0 0 54,563,800 54,563,800 NA U OF A - HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER 57,704,000 578,562,800 58,382,000 678,000 819,200 TOTAL - UNIVERSITIES - Dedicated 2/ 0 0 54,563,800 15,068,700 6,635,300 U OF A - HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER 57,704,000 57,562,800 58,382,000 678,000 819,200 TOTAL - UNIVERSITIES - Dedicated 2/ 0 0 0 54,563,800 54,563,800 NA Veterans' Services, Department of 1,722,800 2,584,000 2,584,000 2,583,500 810,700 (50,500) Water Resources, Department of 16,808,200 17,722,600 19,506,200 2,698,000 1,783,600 OPERATING BUDGET TOTAL - Dedicated 2/ 0 0 499,698,600 499,698,600 NA Health Insurance 0 43,332,000 45,545,200 45,545,200 2,213,200 OPERATING BUDGET TOTAL - Dedicated 2/ 0 0 499,698,600 499,698,600 NA Health Insurance 0 43,332,000 45,545,200 45,545,200 2,213,200 Provider Adjustments 0 0 7,422,400 1,224,400 1,224,400 1,224,400 Pro-Rata Surcharge/HRMS 0 0 1,904,500 7,119,247,100 748,704,500 1,904,500 | • | | | | | |
| Transportation, Department of Department Operator Department of Department Operator Department of Department Operator Department Department Department Department Department Department Department Department Departm | | , | <i>'</i> | * | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| Treasurer, State 7,373,700 5,737,400 5,603,400 (1,770,300) (134,000) Uniform State Laws, Commission on 35,900 44,900 45,200 9,300 300 300 UNIVERSITIES | | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | | | | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , |
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| BOARD OF REGENTS | | | | | | |
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| TOTAL - UNIVERSITIES 772,959,400 789,533,800 801,888,300 28,928,900 12,354,500 TOTAL - UNIVERSITIES - Dedicated 2/ 0 0 54,563,800 54,563,800 NA Veterans' Services, Department of 1,722,800 2,584,000 2,533,500 810,700 (50,500) Water Resources, Department of 16,808,200 17,722,600 19,506,200 2,698,000 1,783,600 Weights and Measures, Department of 1,786,300 1,826,700 1,914,400 128,100 87,700 OPERATING BUDGET TOTAL 6,370,542,600 6,947,125,600 7,047,873,000 677,330,400 100,747,400 OPERATING BUDGET TOTAL - Dedicated 2/ 0 499,698,600 499,698,600 NA Health Insurance 0 43,332,000 45,545,200 45,545,200 2,213,200 Provider Adjustments 0 0 0 1,224,400 1,224,400 1,224,400 Pro-Rata Surcharge/HRMS 0 0 1,904,500 1,904,500 1,904,500 1,904,500 GRAND TOTAL 6,370,542,600 6,9 | | | , , , | | | , , , |
| TOTAL - UNIVERSITIES - Dedicated 2/ 0 0 54,563,800 54,563,800 NA Veterans' Services, Department of 1,722,800 2,584,000 2,533,500 810,700 (50,500) Water Resources, Department of 16,808,200 17,722,600 19,506,200 2,698,000 1,783,600 Weights and Measures, Department of 1,786,300 1,826,700 1,914,400 128,100 87,700 OPERATING BUDGET TOTAL 6,370,542,600 6,947,125,600 7,047,873,000 677,330,400 100,747,400 OPERATING BUDGET TOTAL - Dedicated 2/ 0 0 499,698,600 NA Health Insurance 0 43,332,000 45,545,200 45,545,200 2,213,200 Provider Adjustments 0 0 22,700,000 22,700,000 22,700,000 22,700,000 Rental Rate Adjustments 0 0 1,224,400 1,224,400 1,224,400 1,224,400 Pro-Rata Surcharge/HRMS 0 0 1,904,500 7,119,247,100 748,704,500 128,789,500 | | | | | | |
| Veterans' Services, Department of 1,722,800 2,584,000 2,533,500 810,700 (50,500) Water Resources, Department of 16,808,200 17,722,600 19,506,200 2,698,000 1,783,600 Weights and Measures, Department of 1,786,300 1,826,700 1,914,400 128,100 87,700 OPERATING BUDGET TOTAL 6,370,542,600 6,947,125,600 7,047,873,000 677,330,400 100,747,400 OPERATING BUDGET TOTAL - Dedicated 2/ 0 0 499,698,600 499,698,600 NA Health Insurance 0 43,332,000 45,545,200 45,545,200 2,213,200 Provider Adjustments 0 0 22,700,000 22,700,000 22,700,000 Rental Rate Adjustments 0 0 1,224,400 1,224,400 1,224,400 Pro-Rata Surcharge/HRMS 0 0 1,904,500 1,904,500 1,904,500 GRAND TOTAL 6,370,542,600 6,990,457,600 7,119,247,100 748,704,500 128,789,500 | | , , | , , , , | | | |
| Water Resources, Department of 16,808,200 17,722,600 19,506,200 2,698,000 1,783,600 Weights and Measures, Department of 1,786,300 1,826,700 1,914,400 128,100 87,700 OPERATING BUDGET TOTAL 6,370,542,600 6,947,125,600 7,047,873,000 677,330,400 100,747,400 OPERATING BUDGET TOTAL - Dedicated 2/ 0 0 499,698,600 499,698,600 NA Health Insurance 0 43,332,000 45,545,200 45,545,200 2,213,200 Provider Adjustments 0 0 22,700,000 22,700,000 22,700,000 Rental Rate Adjustments 0 0 1,224,400 1,224,400 1,224,400 Pro-Rata Surcharge/HRMS 0 0 1,904,500 1,904,500 1,904,500 GRAND TOTAL 6,370,542,600 6,990,457,600 7,119,247,100 748,704,500 128,789,500 | | | | | | |
| Weights and Measures, Department of OPERATING BUDGET TOTAL 1,786,300 1,826,700 1,914,400 128,100 87,700 OPERATING BUDGET TOTAL OPERATING BUDGET TOTAL - Dedicated 2/ 6,370,542,600 6,947,125,600 7,047,873,000 677,330,400 100,747,400 OPERATING BUDGET TOTAL - Dedicated 2/ 0 499,698,600 499,698,600 NA Health Insurance 0 43,332,000 45,545,200 45,545,200 2,213,200 Provider Adjustments 0 0 22,700,000 22,700,000 22,700,000 22,700,000 Rental Rate Adjustments 0 0 1,224,400 1,224,400 1,224,400 1,224,400 Pro-Rata Surcharge/HRMS 0 0 1,904,500 1,904,500 1,904,500 1,904,500 GRAND TOTAL 6,370,542,600 6,990,457,600 7,119,247,100 748,704,500 128,789,500 | | | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | ` ' ' |
| OPERATING BUDGET TOTAL 6,370,542,600 6,947,125,600 7,047,873,000 677,330,400 100,747,400 OPERATING BUDGET TOTAL - Dedicated 2/ 0 0 499,698,600 499,698,600 NA Health Insurance 0 43,332,000 45,545,200 45,545,200 2,213,200 Provider Adjustments 0 0 22,700,000 22,700,000 22,700,000 Rental Rate Adjustments 0 0 1,224,400 1,224,400 1,224,400 Pro-Rata Surcharge/HRMS 0 0 1,904,500 1,904,500 1,904,500 GRAND TOTAL 6,370,542,600 6,990,457,600 7,119,247,100 748,704,500 128,789,500 | | | | | | |
| OPERATING BUDGET TOTAL - Dedicated 2/ 0 0 499,698,600 499,698,600 NA Health Insurance 0 43,332,000 45,545,200 45,545,200 2,213,200 Provider Adjustments 0 0 22,700,000 22,700,000 22,700,000 Rental Rate Adjustments 0 0 1,224,400 1,224,400 1,224,400 Pro-Rata Surcharge/HRMS 0 0 1,904,500 1,904,500 1,904,500 GRAND TOTAL 6,370,542,600 6,990,457,600 7,119,247,100 748,704,500 128,789,500 | | | | | | |
| Health Insurance 0 43,332,000 45,545,200 45,545,200 2,213,200 Provider Adjustments 0 0 22,700,000 22,700,000 22,700,000 Rental Rate Adjustments 0 0 1,224,400 1,224,400 1,224,400 Pro-Rata Surcharge/HRMS 0 0 1,904,500 1,904,500 1,904,500 GRAND TOTAL 6,370,542,600 6,990,457,600 7,119,247,100 748,704,500 128,789,500 | | | | | , , | , , |
| Provider Adjustments 0 0 22,700,000 22,700,000 22,700,000 Rental Rate Adjustments 0 0 1,224,400 1,224,400 1,224,400 Pro-Rata Surcharge/HRMS 0 0 1,904,500 1,904,500 1,904,500 GRAND TOTAL 6,370,542,600 6,990,457,600 7,119,247,100 748,704,500 128,789,500 | OFERATING BUDGET TOTAL - Dedicated 2/ | U | U | 499,090,000 | 499,090,000 | IVA |
| Rental Rate Adjustments 0 0 1,224,400 1,224,400 1,224,400 Pro-Rata Surcharge/HRMS 0 0 1,904,500 1,904,500 1,904,500 GRAND TOTAL 6,370,542,600 6,990,457,600 7,119,247,100 748,704,500 128,789,500 | Health Insurance | 0 | 43,332,000 | 45,545,200 | 45,545,200 | 2,213,200 |
| Pro-Rata Surcharge/HRMS 0 0 1,904,500 1,904,500 1,904,500 GRAND TOTAL 6,370,542,600 6,990,457,600 7,119,247,100 748,704,500 128,789,500 | Provider Adjustments | 0 | 0 | 22,700,000 | 22,700,000 | 22,700,000 |
| GRAND TOTAL 6,370,542,600 6,990,457,600 7,119,247,100 748,704,500 128,789,500 | Rental Rate Adjustments | 0 | 0 | 1,224,400 | 1,224,400 | 1,224,400 |
| | Pro-Rata Surcharge/HRMS | 0 | 0 | 1,904,500 | 1,904,500 | 1,904,500 |
| GRAND TOTAL with Dedicated 2/ 6,370,542,600 6,990,457,600 7,618,945,700 1,248,403,100 NA | GRAND TOTAL | 6,370,542,600 | 6,990,457,600 | 7,119,247,100 | 748,704,500 | 128,789,500 |
| | GRAND TOTAL with Dedicated 2/ | 6,370,542,600 | 6,990,457,600 | 7,618,945,700 | 1,248,403,100 | NA |

 $^{1/ \ \} Does\ not\ include\ Supplementals.$

^{2/} Represents 0.6% education sales tax monies. The Executive does not display these sales tax monies as part of the General Fund.

FY 2002 OTHER FUNDS SUMMARY

| | FY 2001 1/ ESTIMATE | FY 2002 EXEC REC. | FY 2002 JLBC REC. | JLBC REC ESTIMATE | JLBC REC EXEC REC. |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| BUDGET UNITS | | | | | |
| Accountancy, State Board of | 1,738,900 | 1,610,800 | 1,970,000 | 231,100 | 359,200 |
| Acupuncture Examiners, Board of | 47,300 | 50,300 | 49,400 | 2,100 | (900) |
| Administration, AZ Department of | 143,049,400 | 154,002,300 | 148,899,100 | 5,849,700 | (5,103,200) |
| Administrative Hearings, Office of | 865,800 | 936,400 | 1,132,400 | 266,600 | 196,000 |
| Agriculture, AZ Department of | 2,302,400 | 2,498,500 | 2,488,600 | 186,200 | (9,900) |
| AHCCCS | 88,958,900 | 75,403,400 | 79,127,800 | (9,831,100) | 3,724,400 |
| Appraisal, State Board of | 405,000 | 409,200 | 443,600 | 38,600 | 34,400 |
| Attorney General - Department of Law | 25,491,400 | 24,464,800 | 23,162,400 | (2,329,000) | (1,302,400) |
| Automobile Theft Authority | 2,475,100 | 3,876,600 | 3,885,600 | 1,410,500 | 9,000 |
| Barbers, Board of | 172,000 | 189,200 | 192,100 | 20,100 | 2,900 |
| Behavioral Health Examiners, Board of | 587,900 | 678,500 | 684,600 | 96,700 | 6,100 |
| Chiropractic Examiners, State Board of | 312,600 | 332,200 | 345,400 | 32,800 | 13,200 |
| Commerce, Department of | 13,493,400 | 3,726,300 | 18,658,800 | 5,165,400 | 14,932,500 |
| COMMUNITY COLLEGES | 150,400 | 12,335,600 | 165,500 | 15,100 | (12,170,100) |
| Contractors, Registrar of Corporation Commission | 7,726,700 13,278,000 | 8,949,500 14,702,000 | 9,479,100 15,013,800 | 1,752,400 1,735,800 | 529,600 311,800 |
| CORRECTIONS, STATE DEPARTMENT OF | 3,868,900 | 8,797,800 | 5,054,900 | 1,186,000 | (3,742,900) |
| Cosmetology, Board of | 1,101,600 | 1,288,800 | 1,309,600 | 208,000 | 20,800 |
| Criminal Justice Commission, Arizona | 6,890,600 | 5,920,900 | 5,970,300 | (920,300) | 49,400 |
| Deaf and the Hard of Hearing, Comm. for the | 6,062,800 | 5,828,500 | 5,700,300 | (362,500) | (128,200) |
| Deaf and the Blind, Schools for the | 7,583,400 | 10,055,600 | 10,943,900 | 3,360,500 | 888,300 |
| Dental Examiners, State Board of | 750,400 | 760,200 | 753,400 | 3,000 | (6,800) |
| Drug & Gang Prevention Resource Center | 4,937,700 | 5,015,300 | 5,030,900 | 93,200 | 15,600 |
| ECONOMIC SECURITY, DEPARTMENT OF | 407,939,500 | 397,659,600 | 407,577,300 | (362,200) | 9,917,700 |
| EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF | 72,106,200 | 386,743,400 | 75,883,100 | 3,776,900 | (310,860,300) |
| Dedicated | 0 | 0 | 2,204,400 | 2,204,400 | NA |
| Emergency & Military Affairs, Dept of | 132,700 | 132,700 | 132,700 | 0 | 0 |
| Environmental Quality, Department of | 36,273,500 | 65,183,800 | 49,630,700 | 13,357,200 | (15,553,100) |
| Exposition and State Fair Board, AZ | 13,529,600 | 15,043,800 | 14,890,400 | 1,360,800 | (153,400) |
| Funeral Directors and Embalmers, Board of | 252,000 | 251,900 | 251,500 | (500) | (400) |
| Game and Fish Department, AZ | 20,686,700 | 22,172,500 | 22,869,800 | 2,183,100 | 697,300 |
| Gaming, Department of | 4,764,700 | 5,062,300 | 5,061,700 | 297,000 | (600) |
| Government Information Tech. Agency | 3,096,000 | 2,693,200 | 4,807,400 | 1,711,400 | 2,114,200 |
| Governor, Office of the | 47,600 | 0 | 0 | (47,600) | 0 |
| Gov's Ofc for Excellence in Government | 500,000 | 25,000 | 25,000 | (475,000) | 0 |
| HEALTH SERVICES, DEPARTMENT OF Homeopathic Medical Examiners, Board of | 125,575,800 71,000 | 47,428,500 74,500 | 61,730,500 71,600 | (63,845,300) 600 | 14,302,000 (2,900) |
| Industrial Commission of AZ | 14,943,500 | 15,359,500 | 15,359,400 | 415,900 | (100) |
| JUDICIARY | 14,943,300 | 13,339,300 | 13,339,400 | 413,700 | (100) |
| SUPREME COURT | 26,836,900 | 26,836,900 | 27,189,500 | 352,600 | 352,600 |
| SUPERIOR COURT | 6,880,300 | 6,880,300 | 6,884,300 | 4,000 | 4,000 |
| TOTAL - JUDICIARY | 33,717,200 | 33,717,200 | 34,073,800 | 356,600 | 356,600 |
| Juvenile Corrections, Department of | 5,025,200 | 4,733,600 | 4,695,600 | (329,600) | (38,000) |
| Land Department, State | 1,353,200 | 1,670,300 | 1,677,100 | 323,900 | 6,800 |
| Library, Archives & Public Records, AZ State | 452,000 | 452,000 | 308,700 | (143,300) | (143,300) |
| Lottery Commission, AZ State | 42,708,900 | 44,124,000 | 42,691,600 | (17,300) | (1,432,400) |
| Medical Examiners, Board of | 4,699,900 | 4,478,800 | 4,504,800 | (195,100) | 26,000 |
| Medical Student Loans, Board of | 20,300 | 64,900 | 64,900 | 44,600 | 0 |
| Naturopathic Physician Examiners Board | 152,300 | 189,700 | 199,400 | 47,100 | 9,700 |
| Nursing, State Board of | 2,442,700 | 2,973,400 | 2,853,300 | 410,600 | (120,100) |
| Nursing Care Institution Administrators Board | 222,200 | 302,500 | 359,200 | 137,000 | 56,700 |
| Occupational Therapy Examiners, Board of | 133,200 | 196,600 | 209,400 | 76,200 | 12,800 |
| Opticians, State Board of Dispensing | 91,300 130,300 | 92,800 145,900 | 94,200 165,300 | 2,900 35,000 | 1,400 19,400 |
| Optometry, State Board of Osteopathic Examiners, AZ Board of | 490,300 | 380,300 | 464,800 | | 84,500 |
| Parks Board, Arizona State | 3,954,700 | 5,194,500 | 4,975,900 | (25,500) 1,021,200 | (218,600) |
| Pharmacy, AZ State Board of | 903,800 | 940,700 | 1,152,000 | 248,200 | 211,300 |
| Physical Therapy Examiners, Board of | 203,800 | 208,300 | 223,000 | 19,200 | 14,700 |
| Pioneers' Home, AZ | 2,214,900 | 2,214,900 | 2,649,200 | 434,300 | 434,300 |
| Podiatry Examiners, State Board of | 85,200 | 94,800 | 94,700 | 9,500 | (100) |
| Postsecondary Education, Commission for | 2,934,400 | 2,768,600 | 2,775,000 | (159,400) | 6,400 |
| Private Postsecondary Education, Board for | 178,800 | 230,600 | 255,700 | 76,900 | 25,100 |
| Psychologist Examiners, State Board of | 284,800 | 294,600 | 300,600 | 15,800 | 6,000 |
| | | | | | |

FY 2002 OTHER FUNDS SUMMARY

| | FY 2001 1/ ESTIMATE | FY 2002 EXEC REC. | FY 2002 JLBC REC. | JLBC REC ESTIMATE | JLBC REC EXEC REC. |
|--|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| | | | | | |
| Public Safety, Department of | 49,973,200 | 56,842,100 | 54,765,900 | 4,792,700 | (2,076,200) |
| Racing, Arizona Department of | 375,600 | 388,900 | 383,200 | 7,600 | (5,700) |
| Radiation Regulatory Agency | 157,100 | 183,700 | 192,000 | 34,900 | 8,300 |
| Residential Utility Consumer Office | 1,015,600 | 1,021,800 | 1,068,700 | 53,100 | 46,900 |
| Respiratory Care Examiners, Board of | 167,700 | 167,700 | 169,300 | 1,600 | 1,600 |
| Retirement System, Arizona State | 12,299,800 | 21,707,700 | 23,536,400 | 11,236,600 | 1,828,700 |
| Revenue, Department of | 1,902,300 | 2,206,700 | 2,142,600 | 240,300 | (64,100) |
| SCHOOL FACILITIES BOARD | 450,000 | 870,000,000 | 0 | (450,000) | (870,000,000) |
| State Boards' Office | 243,200 | 0 | 249,300 | 6,100 | 249,300 |
| Structural Pest Control Commission | 1,684,600 | 1,712,800 | 1,726,400 | 41,800 | 13,600 |
| Technical Registration, State Board of | 1,045,900 | 1,048,900 | 1,124,500 | 78,600 | 75,600 |
| Tourism, Office of | 0 | 15,420,800 | 4,000,000 | 4,000,000 | (11,420,800) |
| Transportation, Department of | 295,351,400 | 313,120,400 | 306,156,500 | 10,805,100 | (6,963,900) |
| UNIVERSITIES | | | | | |
| ARIZONA STATE UNIVERSITY - MAIN | 101,091,600 | 96,360,900 | 101,478,800 | 387,200 | 5,117,900 |
| ARIZONA STATE UNIVERSITY - EAST | 4,484,500 | 3,389,700 | 5,167,400 | 682,900 | 1,777,700 |
| ARIZONA STATE UNIVERSITY - WEST | 2,759,400 | 6,977,400 | 2,979,300 | 219,900 | (3,998,100) |
| NORTHERN ARIZONA UNIVERSITY | 29,607,700 | 28,554,800 | 27,764,100 | (1,843,600) | (790,700) |
| BOARD OF REGENTS | 0 | 46,690,400 | 4,096,000 | 4,096,000 | (42,594,400) |
| U OF A - MAIN | 82,978,700 | 74,912,200 | 78,791,200 | (4,187,500) | 3,879,000 |
| U OF A - HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER | 6,892,100 | 6,605,700 | 6,963,500 | 71,400 | 357,800 |
| TOTAL - UNIVERSITIES | 227,814,000 | 263,491,100 | 227,240,300 | (573,700) | (36,250,800) |
| Veterans' Services, Department of | 10,266,500 | 10,271,500 | 10,080,200 | (186,300) | (191,300) |
| Veterinary Medical Examining Board | 279,600 | 301,800 | 342,500 | 62,900 | 40,700 |
| Weights and Measures, Department of | 840,100 | 850,000 | 775,800 | (64,300) | (74,200) |
| OPERATING BUDGET TOTAL | 1,738,435,400 | 2,963,868,300 | 1,737,494,400 | (941,000) | (1,226,373,900) |
| OPERATING BUDGET TOTAL - Dedicated | 0 | 0 | 2,204,400 | 2,204,400 | NA |
| Health Insurance | 0 | 6,223,000 | 4,196,900 | 4,196,900 | (2,026,100) |
| Provider Adjustments | 0 | 0 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 |
| Rental Rate Adjustments | 0 | 0 | 260,800 | 260,800 | 260,800 |
| Pro-Rata Surcharge/HRMS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Unallocated Motor Pool Funding | 1,845,100 | 0 | 0 | (1,845,100) | 0 |
| Grand Canyon Airport Authority | 350,000 | 0 | 0 | (350,000) | 0 |
| GRAND TOTAL | 1,740,630,500 | 2,970,091,300 2/ | 1,742,452,100 | 1,821,600 | (1,227,639,200) 2/ |
| GRAND TOTAL with Dedicated | 1,740,630,500 | 2,970,091,300 | 1,744,656,500 | 4,026,000 | NA |

^{1/} Does not include Supplementals.
2/ The Executive displays 0.6% sales tax monies as Other Funds. The JLBC displays these monies in the General Fund.

FY 2003 OTHER FUNDS SUMMARY

| Accommings, State Roard of | | FY 2001 1/ ESTIMATE | FY 2003 EXEC REC. | FY 2003 JLBC REC. | JLBC REC - FY 2001 EST | JLBC REC EXEC REC. |
|---|---|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| Accountancy, State Board of 1,738,000 1,013,100 1,911,000 23,000 358,800 Administration, AZ Department of 143,004,000 165,808,000 15,288,700 12,199,00 0,992,200 Administration, AZ Department of 865,800 101,500 26,000 11,322,00 26,000 1875,900 1875,900 195,900 Agriculture, AZ Department of 405,000 409,300 24,897,00 173,700 7,653,700 7,653,700 7,653,700 7,653,700 7,663,800 Approximate State Board 4,650,00 449,300 445,400 4,000 5,610,00 2,039,400 4,135,00 1,520,00 1,235,00 7,653,700 7,663,800 4,000 1,230,00 | RUDGET LINITS | | | | | |
| Acapametres Frammers, Brand of 47,300 59,400 49,400 2,100 1,000 95,200 95,200 95,200 2,922,200 2,922,200 2,925,200 2,64,600 1,95,200 2,64,600 1,95,200 2,64,600 1,95,200 2,64,600 1,95,200 2,64,600 1,95,200 2,64,600 1,95,200 2,64,600 1,95,200 2,64,600 1,95,200 2,64,600 1,95,200 2,64,600 1,95,200 2,64,600 7,65,300 2,64,600 1,95,200 4,64,600 7,65,300 3,66,000 7,65,300 4,64,600 4,64,600 4,64,600 4,64,600 4,64,600 4,64,600 4,64,600 1,24,100 1,35,300 4,64,600 1,24,100 1,35,300 1,35,300 1,44,150 1,35,300 1,44,150 1,35,300 1,44,150 1,35,300 1,44,150 1,35,300 1,44,150 1,35,300 1,44,150 1,35,300 1,45,450 1,45,450 1,45,450 1,45,450 1,45,450 1,45,450 1,45,450 1,45,450 1,45,450 1,45,450 1,45,450 1,45,450 1,45,450 | | 1.738.900 | 1.613.100 | 1.971.900 | 233.000 | 358.800 |
| Administrative Hearings, Office of 885,800 330,300 1,13,200 250,000 87,000 87,000 87,000 87,000 87,000 87,000 87,000 87,000 87,000 87,000 87,000 87,000 87,000 87,000 87,000 87,000 88,000 88,918,000 88,918,000 88,918,000 45,410 40,000 76,000 88,918,000 45,140 40,000 20,000 20,000 12,000 13,000 13,000 13,000 13,000 12,000 11,000 11,000 11,000 11,000 11,000 11,000 11,000 11,000 11,000 11,000 11,000 11,000 12,00 | • . | | | | , | |
| Agriculture, AC Department of 2,302,400 2,499,500 2,489,700 187,300 7,683,800 Alprexials State Board of 405,000 409,300 415,400 40,400 3,60,100 Antoneng General Department of Law 4,54,910 3,583,700 22,914,300 12,310,100 Barbers, Board of 172,000 184,400 186,300 14,300 1,000 Behavers, Board of 587,000 309,900 339,400 22,000 1,000 Commerce, Department of 18,409,300 3,222,40 18,587,00 51,65,300 149,000 Commerce, Department of 19,400 3,222,400 8,677,300 596,00 419,000 Commerce, Department of 19,400 8,277,400 8,677,300 151,000 11,000 1,000 Commerciosp, Board 1,120 8,600 1,279,200 5,883,400 1,141,00 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000< | • | | 165,860,900 | 156,268,700 | | |
| AINCCCS 88,988,900 88,918,900 48,949,000 7,658,700 26,800 0 30 40 30 36,000 36,000 36,000 36,000 36,000 36,000 36,000 36,000 36,000 36,000 36,000 36,000 36,000 37,000 11,000 </td <td>Administrative Hearings, Office of</td> <td>865,800</td> <td>936,300</td> <td>1,132,200</td> <td>266,400</td> <td>195,900</td> | Administrative Hearings, Office of | 865,800 | 936,300 | 1,132,200 | 266,400 | 195,900 |
| Approasal Sate Board of 445,000 445,000 45,000 2,000 <t< td=""><td>Agriculture, AZ Department of</td><td>2,302,400</td><td>2,499,500</td><td>2,489,700</td><td>187,300</td><td>(9,800)</td></t<> | Agriculture, AZ Department of | 2,302,400 | 2,499,500 | 2,489,700 | 187,300 | (9,800) |
| Atomospic Tench Papurament of Law 25,941,00 25,917,00 23,918,00 12,100 13,00 18,400 12,100 13,00 18,000 11,000 10,000 | AHCCCS | 88,958,900 | 88,930,800 | 96,594,600 | 7,635,700 | 7,663,800 |
| Automobile Treeff Authority 2,475,100 3,888,300 1,21,500 13,00 Belavisoral Health Examiners, Broard of 587,900 697,700 708,600 120,000 110,000 Chipopractic Examiners, State Board of 312,600 320,900 330,000 120,000 110,000 Commerce, Department of 13,433,400 312,2600 18,658,700 15,165,300 14,956,200 Commerce, Department of 7,726,700 8,267,400 8,677,300 990,600 409,000 Commerce, Expertment of 7,726,700 8,267,400 4850,000 1275,100 185,000 CORRECTIONS, STATE DEPARTMENT OF 3,888,900 12,792,000 5,083,400 12,145,00 (16,708,600) Commission 6,809,00 1,252,100 1,293,000 12,145,00 (16,708,600) Commission 6,809,00 5,878,600 5,945,500 (494,500) 42,900 Commission 7,534,00 1,555,000 5,945,500 44,92,200 1,477,600 Deaf and the Editard, Schools for the 7,534,00 755,500 5,978,600 | Appraisal, State Board of | 405,000 | 409,300 | 445,400 | 40,400 | 36,100 |
| Barbens Dard of Sers David Sers David Davi | • | 25,491,400 | | 22,914,300 | | |
| Behavioral Health Examiners, Storet of \$312,000 \$310,000 \$30,000 \$40,000 \$40,000 \$30,000 \$40,000 \$ | - | | 3,883,300 | 3,896,600 | 1,421,500 | |
| Chriopractic Examiners, State Board of 312,600 339,9400 26,850 118,566 Commerce, Department of 13,495,600 31,295,600 163,800 31,496,600 103,400 (13,002,800) | | | | | | |
| Commerce, Department of 13,493,400 3,722,400 18,688,700 5,165,300 14,906,200 COMMUNITY COLLEGES 15,90,400 13,225,600 16,800 1,300 (13,002,800) COMMUNITY COLLEGES 17,726,700 8,267,400 8,677,300 950,000 40,909 CORRECTIONS, STATE DEPARTMENT OF 3,868,900 21,792,000 5,088,400 1,214,500 (16,708,600) Cosmeclogy, Board of 1,110,600 1,254,100 1,292,800 9,945,500 495,500 Cosmeclogy, Board of 1,110,600 5,878,800 5,945,500 (212,900) (123,700) Deaf and the Hard of Hearing, Comm. for the 6,686,800 5,978,600 2,945,500 424,900 1,477,600 Devil & Examiners, State Board of 799,400 755,100 731,500 1,110 3,300 Drug & Gang Prevention Resource Center 4,997,700 5,000,300 5,000,000 3,630,200 1,110 3,000 EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF 72,100,200 425,808,800 75,883,000 3,710 3,499,975,000 2,000 6,017,700 < | * | | | | | |
| COMMUNITY COLLEGES 159.400 | | | | | | |
| Contractors. Registrar of Copporation Commission 7,26,700 8,607,400 18,610 157,210 185,200 CORRECTIONS, STATE DEPARTMENT OF Commission, Airzona 1,327,800 1,214,000 1,214,000 1,214,000 1,214,500 1,214,500 1,606,000 1,224,000 1,508,400 1,214,500 1,606,000 1,006,000 1,204,000 1,204,000 1,006,000 <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | • | | | | | |
| Corporation Commission 13,278,000 14,664,900 14,850,100 1,572,100 1,552,00 CORRECTIONS, STATE DEPARTMENT OF 3,869,900 21,729,000 5,083,400 1,214,500 (16,708,600) Commotology, Board of 1,101,600 1,254,100 1,292,800 191,200 38,700 Criminal Issitice Commission, Arizona 6,800,600 5,895,800 5,945,300 (915,300) 49,500 Deaf and the Blind, Schools for the 7,583,400 10,555,000 15,100 4,429,200 1,776,00 Dental Examiners, State Board of 750,400 755,100 751,500 11,100 (3,600) Cry Carlon, See Gang Prevention Resource Center 40737,90 400,411,600 411,669,700 3,600,200 11,098,100 EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF 72,106,200 425,880,800 75,883,300 3,777,100 39,795,00 Energency & Millitary Affairs, Dept of 132,700 132,700 132,700 0 0 Environmental Quality, Department of 36,275,500 522,800 13,409,400 147,500 0 0 | | | | | | |
| CORRECTIONS, STATE DEPARTMENT OF 3,868,900 21,792,000 5,083,400 1,214,500 1,292,800 1,292,800 38,700 Cinninal Justice Commission, Arizona 6,890,600 5,895,800 5,945,300 (945,300) 49,500 Deaf and the Hard of Hearing, Comm. for the 6,062,800 5,978,600 5,849,900 (212,900) (123,700) Deaf and the Blind, Schools for the 7,583,400 1,555,000 751,500 1,100 (3,600) Dental Esaminers, State Board of 750,400 755,100 751,500 3,200 1,277,600 Drug & Gang Prevention Resource Center 4,937,700 5,063,000 35,020,900 38,200 11,268,600 ECONOMIC SECURITY, DEPARTMENT OF 72,106,200 452,880,800 75,883,300 3,630,200 11,989,100 EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF 72,106,200 452,880,800 66,222,800 61,914,900 25,631,400 (3,317,900) Exposition and State Fair Board, Az 133,700 13,826,800 132,700 0 0 0 Exposition and State Fair Board, Az 21,852,800 225,900 | | | | | | |
| Cosmetology, Board of Christial Busice Commission, Arizona 1,101,600 1,294,100 1,292,800 (94,300) 49,500 Christial Busice Commission, Arizona 6,809,600 5,988,500 5,548,300 (94,300) 49,500 128,700 129,700 129,700 128,70 | • | | | | | |
| Criminal Issics Commission, Arizona 6,890,600 5,895,800 5,945,300 (945,300) 49,500 Deaf and the Hard of Hearing, Comm. for the 6,602,800 5,978,800 5,849,900 (212,900) (128,700) Deaf and the Blind, Schools for the 7,583,400 10,535,000 12,012,600 4,429,200 1,477,600 Drug & Gang Prevention Resource Center 4,937,700 5,003,000 38,200 11,060 ECONOMIC SECURITY, DEPARTMENT OF 72,160,200 45,808,300 57,883,300 3,777,100 (349,975,900) Dedicated 0 6,017,700 6,017,700 6,017,700 NA Emergency & Military Affairs, Dept of 132,700 132,700 0 0 Environmental Quality, Department of 36,273,500 65,222,800 61,949,900 25,631,400 (3,317,900) Environmental State Fair Board, AZ 133,590 13,808,000 13,679,500 14,900 (47,300) Gaming, Department of 252,000 251,900 251,600 (400) (30) Gaming, Department of 4,764,700 4,861,400 | | | | | | |
| Deaf and the Hard of Hearing, Comm. for the Oracle and the Blind, Schools for the Park (1974) 6,062,800 5,978,600 12,12,900 (128,700) 1,477,000 1,477,000 1,477,000 1,477,000 1,477,000 1,477,000 1,477,000 1,477,000 1,400 1,600 1 | | | | | | |
| Dear and the Blind, Schools for the 7,583,400 10,535,000 12,012,000 4,492,200 1,477,000 Dental Examiners, State Board of 750,400 755,100 7,5500 1,100 (3,600) Drug & Gang Prevention Resource Center 4,937,700 5,008,300 5,009,000 83,200 11,098,100 ECONOMIC SECURITY, DEPARTMENT OF 72,106,00 400,471,600 411,569,700 6,017,700 (349,975,900) Dedicated 0 6,017,700 6,017,700 6,017,700 NA Emergency & Military Affairs, Dept of 132,700 61,204,900 22,561,400 (3,317,900) Exposition and State Fair Board, AZ 135,296,00 13,826,800 13,675,500 (400) (300) Game and Fish Department, AZ 20,686,700 22,268,300 22,907,00 22,563,1400 (47,300) Gaming, Department of 4,746,700 4,861,400 4,842,900 28,000 (48,000) Governor, Office of the 47,600 0 2,000,00 3,963,00 20,000 60 Governor, Office of the 47,600 | | | , , , | | | |
| Dental Examiners, State Board of 750,400 755,100 751,500 1,100 (3,600) Drug & Gang Prevention Resource Center 4,937,700 5,008,300 5,020,900 83,200 12,600 ECONOMIC SECURITY, DEPARTMENT OF 470,939,500 400,471,600 411,599,700 3,630,200 11,098,100 EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF 72,106,200 425,880,800 75,883,300 3,777,100 (349,997,500) Dedicated 0 0 0 6,017,700 6,017,700 NA Emergency & Military Affairs, Dept of 132,700 132,700 132,700 25,631,400 3,107,900 Exposition and State Fair Board, AZ 13,539,600 13,826,800 13,679,500 149,900 (147,300) Exposition and State Fair Board, AZ 20,686,700 22,208,300 22,907,200 22,200,500 638,900 Garme and Fish Department of 47,647,00 4,861,400 4,842,900 78,200 (18,500) Government Information Exch. Agency 3,096,000 2,407,500 3,296,300 200,300 888,800 Government Information Exch. Agency 3,096,000 2,407,500 3,296,300 200,300 888,800 Governor, Office of the 47,600 0 0 0 (47,600) 0 0 MEALTH SERVICES, DEPARTMENT OF 125,575,800 47,582,00 59,434,100 (66,141,700) 11,851,200 Industrial Commission of AZ 14,943,500 15,365,400 15,365,600 422,100 20,000 SUPERIOR COURT 26,836,900 26,836,900 47,3600 520,000 40,000 4,000 SUPERIOR COURT 26,836,900 26,836,900 47,734,000 45,000 4,000 4,000 SUPERIOR COURT 3,371,7200 33,717,200 33,717,300 34,241,200 524,000 524,000 SUPERIOR COURT 4,943,500 15,365,400 4,599,900 4,573,400 4,518,000 4,500 4,000 4,000 SUPERIOR COURT 4,943,500 15,365,600 4,599,900 4,573,400 4,518,000 4,500 4,0 | <u>o</u> . | | | | | ` ' ' |
| Drug & Gang Prevention Resource Center 4,937,700 5,008,300 5,008,900 83,200 12,600 ECONOMIC SECURITY, DEPARTMENT OF 407,939,500 400,471,6600 411,569,300 3,377,100 349,997,500 Dedicated 0 | | | | | | |
| ECONOMIC SECURITY, DEPARTMENT OF 407,939,500 404,971,600 41,569,700 3,630,200 11,098,100 EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF 72,106,200 425,880,800 75,883,300 3,630,200 349,975,001 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | , | | , | | , | |
| EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF 72,106,200 425,880,800 75,883,300 3,777,100 (349,997,500) Dedicated 0 0 6,017,700 6,017,700 NA Continued 0 0 132,700 132,700 132,700 132,700 14,700 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | | | | | | |
| Decicated | | | | | | |
| Emergency & Military Affairs, Dept of 132,700 132,700 132,700 20 0 Environmental Quality, Department of 36,273,500 65,222,800 61,904,900 25,631,400 (3,317,900) Exposition and State Fair Board, AZ 13,529,600 251,600 261,000 (400) (300) Game and Fish Department, AZ 20,686,700 22,268,300 22,907,00 22,205,00 638,900 Gaming, Department of 4,764,700 4,861,400 4,842,900 78,200 (18,500) Governor, Office of the 47,600 0 0 0 (47,600) 0 Gov's Ofic for Excellence in Government 500,000 25,000 25,000 (475,000) 0 HEALTH SERVICES, DEPARTMENT OF 125,575,800 47,829,00 59,434,100 (60,141,700) 11,851,200 Industrial Commission of AZ 14,943,500 15,365,400 15,365,600 422,100 200 SUPREME COURT 26,836,900 26,836,900 27,356,900 520,000 520,000 SUPREMIC COURT 6,880,300 6,880,300 | | | | | | |
| Environmental Quality, Department of 36,273,500 65,222,800 61,904,900 25,631,400 (3,317,900) Exposition and State Fair Board, AZ 13,529,600 13,826,800 13,679,500 149,900 (147,300) Game and Fish Department, AZ 20,686,700 22,268,300 22,907,200 22,20,500 638,900 Gaming, Department of 4,764,700 4,861,400 4,842,900 78,200 18,500 Government Information Tech, Agency 3,096,000 2,407,500 3,296,300 20,030 888,800 Governor, Office of the 47,600 0 0 (475,000) 0 Governor, Office of the 47,600 25,000 25,000 (475,000) 0 Governor, Office of the 47,600 74,000 70 (475,000) 0 HEALTH SERVICES, DEPARTMENT OF 125,575,800 47,582,900 59,434,100 (66,141,700) 11,851,200 Homeopathic Medical Examiners, Board of 71,000 74,400 71,600 60 22,000 JUDICICIAY 26,836,900 26,836,900 27,35 | | | | | | |
| Exposition and State Fair Board, AZ 13,529,600 13,829,800 13,679,500 149,900 (147,300) Funeral Directors and Embalmers, Board of 25,000 251,800 251,600 (400) (300) | | | , | - / | | |
| Funeral Directors and Embalmers, Board of Game and Fish Department, AZ 252,000 251,900 251,600 (400) (300) Game and Fish Department, AZ 20,686,700 22,205,800 22,207,000 22,205,000 638,900 Gaming, Department of 4,764,000 4,841,000 32,963,00 200,300 888,800 Governor, Office of the 47,600 0 (47,600) 0 Gov's Ofe for Excellence in Government 500,000 25,000 25,000 (47,600) 0 HEALTH SERVICES, DEPARTMENT OF 125,575,800 47,582,900 59,434,100 (66,141,700) 11,851,200 Homeopathic Medical Examiners, Board of Industrial Commission of AZ 14,943,500 15,365,400 27,356,900 422,100 200 SUPERIOR COURT 6,880,300 6,880,300 27,356,900 520,000 520,000 SUPERIOR COURT 6,880,300 6,880,300 4,573,400 451,400 524,000 Invenile Corrections, Department of 5,025,200 4,599,00 4,573,400 451,800 6,600 Invenile Corrections, Department of 4 | | | | | | |
| Game and Fish Department of 4,764,700 4,861,400 22,907,200 2,220,500 638,900 Gaming, Department of 4,764,700 4,861,400 4,842,900 78,200 (18,500) Government Information Tech, Agency 3,096,000 2,407,500 3296,300 200,300 888,800 Governor, Office of the 47,600 0 0 (47,600) 0 Gov's Ofe for Excellence in Government 500,000 25,000 25,000 (475,000) 0 HEALTH SERVICES, DEPARTMENT OF 125,575,800 47,582,000 59,434,100 (66,141,700) 11,851,200 Homeopathic Medical Examiners, Board of 71,000 74,400 71,600 600 (2,800) Industrial Commission of AZ 14,943,500 15,365,400 15,365,600 422,100 200 SUPREME COURT 26,836,900 26,836,900 27,356,900 520,000 520,000 SUPREME COURT 6,880,300 6,880,300 6,884,300 4,000 4,000 TOTAL - JUDICIARY 33,717,200 33,717,200 34,241,200 | • | | | | | |
| Gaming, Department of Government Information Tech. Agency 4,764,700 4,861,400 4,842,900 78,200 (18,500) Government Information Tech. Agency 3,096,000 2,407,500 3,296,300 200,300 888,800 Governor, Office of the 47,600 0 0 (47,600) 0 Gov's Ofe for Excellence in Government 500,000 25,000 25,000 (475,000) 0 HEALTH SERVICES, DEPARTMENT OF 125,575,800 47,582,900 59,43,100 (66,141,700) 11,851,200 Homeopathic Medical Examiners, Board of 71,000 74,400 71,600 660 (2,800) Industrial Commission of AZ 14,943,500 15,365,400 15,365,600 422,100 200 SUPREME COURT 26,836,900 27,356,900 520,000 520,000 500,000 SUPREME COURT 6,880,300 6,880,300 6,884,300 4,000 4,000 Juvenile Corrections, Department of 5,025,200 4,599,900 4,573,400 (451,800) 26,500 Library, Archives & Public Records, AZ State 41,200 | | | | | | |
| Governor, Office of the 47,600 0 0 (47,600) 0 Gov's Ofe for Excellence in Government 500,000 25,000 25,000 (475,000) 0 HEALTHS ERVICES, DEPARTMENT OF 125,575,800 47,582,900 59,434,100 (66,141,700) 11,812,200 Homeopathic Medical Examiners, Board of 71,000 74,400 71,600 600 (2,800) Industrial Commission of AZ 14,943,500 15,365,400 15,365,600 422,100 200 JUDICIARY 30,000 26,836,900 27,356,900 520,000 520,000 SUPREME COURT 6,880,300 6,880,300 6,884,300 4,000 4,000 TOTAL - JUDICIARY 33,717,200 33,717,200 34,241,200 524,000 524,000 Juvenile Corrections, Department of 5,025,200 459,9900 4,573,400 (451,800) (26,500) Land Department, State 1,353,200 1,656,000 1,662,900 309,700 6,900 Lottery Commission, AZ State 42,708,900 4,399,800 41,779,700 (| _ | 4,764,700 | 4,861,400 | 4,842,900 | 78,200 | (18,500) |
| Gov's Ofc for Excellence in Government 500,000 25,000 25,000 (475,000) 0 HEALTH SERVICES, DEPARTMENT OF 125,575,800 47,582,900 59,434,100 (66,141,700) 11,851,200 Homeopathic Medical Examiners, Board of 71,000 74,400 71,600 600 (2,800) Industrial Commission of AZ 14,943,500 15,365,400 15,365,600 422,100 200 JUDICIARY 26,836,900 26,836,900 27,356,900 520,000 520,000 SUPERIOR COURT 6,880,300 6,880,300 6,884,300 4,000 4,000 TOTAL - JUDICIARY 33,717,200 33,717,200 34,241,200 524,000 524,000 Juvenile Corrections, Department of 5,025,200 4,599,900 4,673,400 451,800) (26,500) Land Department, State 1,353,200 1,656,000 1,662,900 309,700 6,900 Library, Archives & Public Records, AZ State 452,000 452,000 308,700 (143,300) (143,300) Medical Examiners, Board of 4,099,900 4,97,800 </td <td>Government Information Tech. Agency</td> <td>3,096,000</td> <td>2,407,500</td> <td>3,296,300</td> <td>200,300</td> <td>888,800</td> | Government Information Tech. Agency | 3,096,000 | 2,407,500 | 3,296,300 | 200,300 | 888,800 |
| HEALTH SERVICES, DEPARTMENT OF 125,575,800 | Governor, Office of the | 47,600 | 0 | 0 | (47,600) | 0 |
| Homeopathic Medical Examiners, Board of 71,000 74,400 71,600 600 (2,800) Industrial Commission of AZ 14,943,500 15,365,400 15,365,600 422,100 20 | Gov's Ofc for Excellence in Government | 500,000 | 25,000 | 25,000 | (475,000) | 0 |
| Industrial Commission of AZ | HEALTH SERVICES, DEPARTMENT OF | 125,575,800 | 47,582,900 | 59,434,100 | (66,141,700) | 11,851,200 |
| SUDICIARY SUPREME COURT C6,836,900 C6,836,900 C7,356,900 S20,000 S20,000 SUPREME COURT C6,880,300 C6,800,300 C6,500 C6, | Homeopathic Medical Examiners, Board of | 71,000 | 74,400 | 71,600 | 600 | (2,800) |
| SUPREME COURT 26,836,900 26,836,900 27,356,900 520,000 520,000 SUPERIOR COURT 6,880,300 6,880,300 6,884,300 4,000 4,000 TOTAL - JUDICIARY 33,717,200 33,717,200 34,241,200 524,000 524,000 Juvenile Corrections, Department of 5,025,200 4,599,900 4,573,400 (451,800) 26,500 Land Department, State 1,353,200 1,656,000 1,662,900 309,700 6,900 Library, Archives & Public Records, AZ State 452,000 452,000 308,700 (143,300) (143,300) Lottery Commission, AZ State 452,000 43,998,000 41,779,700 (92,9200) (2,218,300) Medical Student Loans, Board of 4,699,900 4,497,800 4,421,200 (278,700) (76,600) Musting, State Board of 20,300 7,900 7,900 (12,400) 0 Nursing, State Board of 2,442,700 2,523,000 2,427,200 (15,500) (95,800) Nursing Care Institution Administrators Board 133,200 191,500 <td>Industrial Commission of AZ</td> <td>14,943,500</td> <td>15,365,400</td> <td>15,365,600</td> <td>422,100</td> <td>200</td> | Industrial Commission of AZ | 14,943,500 | 15,365,400 | 15,365,600 | 422,100 | 200 |
| SUPERIOR COURT 6,880,300 6,880,300 6,884,300 4,000 4,000 TOTAL - JUDICIARY 33,717,200 33,717,200 34,241,200 524,000 524,000 Juvenile Corrections, Department of 5,025,200 4,599,900 4,573,400 (451,800) (26,500) Land Department, State 1,353,200 1,656,000 1,662,900 309,700 (6,900 Library, Archives & Public Records, AZ State 452,000 43,998,000 41,779,700 (929,200) (2,218,300) Medical Examiners, Board of 4,699,900 4,497,800 4,21,200 (278,700) (76,600) Medical Student Loans, Board of 20,300 7,900 7,900 (12,400) 0 Nursing, State Board of 2,442,700 2,523,000 2,47,200 (15,500) 9,700 Nursing, State Board of 2,442,700 2,523,000 2,447,200 (15,500) (9,800) Nursing Care Institution Administrators Board 222,200 274,300 338,200 116,000 63,900 Occupational Therapy Examiners, Board of 133,200 | JUDICIARY | | | | | |
| TOTAL - JUDICIARY 33,717,200 33,717,200 34,241,200 524,000 524,000 Juvenile Corrections, Department of 5,025,200 4,599,900 4,573,400 (451,800) (26,500) Land Department, State 1,353,200 1,656,000 1,662,900 309,700 6,900 Library, Archives & Public Records, AZ State 452,000 452,000 308,700 (143,300) (143,300) Lottery Commission, AZ State 42,708,900 43,998,000 41,779,700 (929,200) (2,218,300) Medical Examiners, Board of 4,699,900 4,497,800 4,421,200 (278,700) (76,600) Medical Student Loans, Board of 20,300 7,900 7,900 (12,400) 0 Nutropathic Physician Examiners Board 152,300 189,800 199,500 47,200 9,700 Nursing, State Board of 2,442,700 2,523,000 2,427,200 (15,500) (95,800) Nursing Care Institution Administrators Board 222,200 274,300 338,200 116,000 63,900 Occupational Therapy Examiners, Board of | SUPREME COURT | 26,836,900 | 26,836,900 | 27,356,900 | 520,000 | 520,000 |
| Juvenile Corrections, Department of 5,025,200 4,599,900 4,573,400 (451,800) (26,500) Land Department, State 1,353,200 1,656,000 1,662,900 309,700 6,900 Library, Archives & Public Records, AZ State 452,000 452,000 308,700 (143,300) (143,300) Lottery Commission, AZ State 42,708,900 43,998,000 41,779,700 (929,200) (2,218,300) Medical Examiners, Board of 4,699,900 4,497,800 4,421,200 (278,700) (76,600) Medical Student Loans, Board of 20,300 7,900 7,900 (12,400) 0 Nursing, State Board of 20,300 7,900 2,427,000 (15,500) 9,700 Nursing, State Board of 2,442,700 2,523,000 2,427,200 (15,500) (95,800) Nursing Care Institution Administrators Board 222,200 274,300 338,200 116,000 63,900 Occupational Therapy Examiners, Board of 133,200 191,500 203,300 70,100 11,800 Opticals, State Board of Dispensing <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<> | | | | | | |
| Land Department, State 1,353,200 1,656,000 1,662,900 309,700 6,900 Library, Archives & Public Records, AZ State 452,000 452,000 308,700 (143,300) (143,300) Lottery Commission, AZ State 42,708,900 43,998,000 41,779,700 (929,200) (2,218,300) Medical Examiners, Board of 4,699,900 4,497,800 4,21,200 (278,700) (76,600) Medical Student Loans, Board of 20,300 7,900 7,900 (12,400) 9,700 Nutricipathic Physician Examiners Board 152,300 189,800 199,500 47,200 9,700 Nursing, State Board of 2,442,700 2,523,000 2,427,200 (15,500) 95,800 Nursing Care Institution Administrators Board 222,200 274,300 338,200 116,000 63,900 Occupational Therapy Examiners, Board of 133,200 191,500 203,300 70,100 11,800 Opticians, State Board of Dispensing 91,300 92,800 94,400 3,100 1,600 Optometry, State Board of 130,300 | | | | | | <i>'</i> |
| Library, Archives & Public Records, AZ State 452,000 452,000 308,700 (143,300) (143,300) Lottery Commission, AZ State 42,708,900 43,998,000 41,779,700 (929,200) (2,218,300) Medical Examiners, Board of 4,699,900 4,497,800 4,421,200 (278,700) (76,600) Medical Student Loans, Board of 20,300 7,900 7,900 (12,400) 0 Naturopathic Physician Examiners Board 152,300 189,800 199,500 47,200 9,700 Nursing, State Board of 2,442,700 2,523,000 2,427,200 (15,500) (95,800) Nursing Care Institution Administrators Board 222,200 274,300 338,200 116,000 63,900 Occupational Therapy Examiners, Board of 133,200 191,500 203,300 70,100 11,800 Opticians, State Board of Dispensing 91,300 92,800 94,400 3,100 1,600 Optometry, State Board of 130,300 141,400 166,100 35,800 24,700 Osteopathic Examiners, AZ Board of 90, | • • | | | | | |
| Lottery Commission, AZ State 42,708,900 43,998,000 41,779,700 (929,200) (2,218,300) Medical Examiners, Board of 4,699,900 4,497,800 4,421,200 (278,700) (76,600) Medical Student Loans, Board of 20,300 7,900 7,900 (12,400) 0 Naturopathic Physician Examiners Board 152,300 189,800 199,500 47,200 9,700 Nursing, State Board of 2,442,700 2,523,000 2,427,200 (15,500) (95,800) Nursing Care Institution Administrators Board 222,200 274,300 338,200 116,000 63,900 Occupational Therapy Examiners, Board of 133,200 191,500 203,300 70,100 11,800 Opticians, State Board of Dispensing 91,300 92,800 94,400 3,100 1,600 Optometry, State Board of 130,300 141,400 166,100 35,800 24,700 Osteopathic Examiners, AZ Board of 490,300 381,900 380,300 (110,000) (1,600) Pharmacy, AZ State Board of 903,800 < | | | | | | |
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| | | | | | | |

FY 2003 OTHER FUNDS SUMMARY

| | FY 2001 1/ ESTIMATE | FY 2003 EXEC REC. | FY 2003 JLBC REC. | JLBC REC - FY 2001 EST | JLBC REC EXEC REC. |
|--|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| | | | | | |
| Psychologist Examiners, State Board of | 284,800 | 310,200 | 316,200 | 31,400 | 6,000 |
| Public Safety, Department of | 49,973,200 | 61,353,700 | 56,683,200 | 6,710,000 | (4,670,500) |
| Racing, Arizona Department of | 375,600 | 383,400 | 383,200 | 7,600 | (200) |
| Radiation Regulatory Agency | 157,100 | 183,700 | 192,000 | 34,900 | 8,300 |
| Residential Utility Consumer Office | 1,015,600 | 1,022,200 | 1,068,400 | 52,800 | 46,200 |
| Respiratory Care Examiners, Board of | 167,700 | 167,700 | 169,200 | 1,500 | 1,500 |
| Retirement System, Arizona State | 12,299,800 | 21,704,300 | 23,108,300 | 10,808,500 | 1,404,000 |
| Revenue, Department of | 1,902,300 | 2,239,200 | 2,142,800 | 240,500 | (96,400) |
| SCHOOL FACILITIES BOARD | 450,000 | 70,000,000 | 0 | (450,000) | (70,000,000) |
| State Boards' Office | 243,200 | 0 | 249,400 | 6,200 | 249,400 |
| Structural Pest Control Commission | 1,684,600 | 1,767,800 | 1,738,900 | 54,300 | (28,900) |
| Technical Registration, State Board of | 1,045,900 | 1,093,200 | 1,163,400 | 117,500 | 70,200 |
| Tourism, Office of | 0 | 16,422,600 | 4,200,000 | 4,200,000 | (12,222,600) |
| Transportation, Department of UNIVERSITIES | 295,351,400 | 313,397,000 | 305,468,100 | 10,116,700 | (7,928,900) |
| ARIZONA STATE UNIVERSITY - MAIN | 101,091,600 | 96,779,200 | 101,897,000 | 805,400 | 5,117,800 |
| ARIZONA STATE UNIVERSITY - EAST | 4,484,500 | 4,676,500 | 6,454,200 | 1,969,700 | 1,777,700 |
| ARIZONA STATE UNIVERSITY - WEST | 2,759,400 | 7,162,400 | 3,164,300 | 404,900 | (3,998,100) |
| NORTHERN ARIZONA UNIVERSITY | 29,607,700 | 28,554,800 | 27,768,300 | (1,839,400) | (786,500) |
| BOARD OF REGENTS | 0 | 50,373,900 | 4,173,800 | 4,173,800 | (46,200,100) |
| U OF A - MAIN | 82,978,700 | 74,912,200 | 78,061,400 | (4,917,300) | 3,149,200 |
| U OF A - HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER | 6,892,100 | 6,669,300 | 7,027,100 | 135,000 | 357,800 |
| TOTAL - UNIVERSITIES | 227,814,000 | 269,128,300 | 228,546,100 | 732,100 | (40,582,200) |
| Veterans' Services, Department of | 10,266,500 | 10,446,900 | 10,167,600 | (98,900) | (279,300) |
| Veterinary Medical Examining Board | 279,600 | 277,200 | 328,100 | 48,500 | 50,900 |
| Water Resources, Department of | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Weights and Measures, Department of | 840,100 | 850,100 | 775,900 | (64,200) | (74,200) |
| OPERATING BUDGET TOTAL | 1,738,435,400 | 2,255,894,300 | 1,774,064,900 | 35,629,500 | (481,829,400) |
| OPERATING BUDGET TOTAL - Dedicated | 0 | 0 | 6,017,700 | 6,017,700 | NA |
| Health Insurance | 0 | 14,444,000 | 9,398,200 | 9,398,200 | (5,045,800) |
| Provider Adjustments | 0 | 0 | 1,500,000 | 1,500,000 | 1,500,000 |
| Rental Rate Adjustments | 0 | 0 | 349,800 | 349,800 | 349,800 |
| Pro-Rata Surcharge/HRMS | 0 | 0 | 292,500 | 292,500 | 292,500 |
| Unallocated Motor Pool Funding | 1,845,100 | 0 | 0 | (1,845,100) | 0 |
| Grand Canyon Airport Authority | 350,000 | 0 | 0 | (350,000) | 0 |
| GRAND TOTAL | 1,740,630,500 | 2,270,338,300 2/ | 1,785,605,400 | 44,974,900 | (484,732,900) 2/ |
| GRAND TOTAL with Dedicated | 1,740,630,500 | 2,270,338,300 | 1,791,623,100 | 50,992,600 | NA NA |

^{1/} Does not include Supplementals.

 $^{2/\ \} The\ Executive\ displays\ 0.6\%\ sales\ tax\ monies\ as\ Other\ Funds.\ \ The\ JLBC\ displays\ these\ monies\ in\ the\ General\ Fund.$

FY 2001 SUPPLEMENTALS

| GENERAL FUND | |
|--|--------------|
| Administrative Hearings, Office of | \$(32,400) |
| Savings associated with implementation of new cost allocation plan. | |
| Corporation Commission | 11,000 |
| Implements elected official salary increase for Corporation Commissioners. | |
| Department of Economic Security | 2,064,300 |
| Higher than expected caseload and capitation rate increases in the Developmental Disabilities (DD) Long Term Care (LTC) program. \$17,012,900 is offset by expected GF surpluses and funding shifts to TANF totaling \$14,948,600. | |
| Department of Education | 13,022,200 |
| Basic State Aid, \$13.0 million; Additional State Aid, \$6.8 million; Special Education Vouchers, \$0.6 million; Achievement Testing, \$0.6 million; LEP Cost study, \$0.2 million; Certificates of Educational Convenience, \$(1.5) million; Endowment Earnings, \$(6.7) million. | |
| Department of Health Services | 14,948,000 |
| Enrollment and inflation increases in the Behavioral Health Title XIX Program, \$14.9 million; technical adjustments to Public Health Employee Related Expenditures, \$37,500; transfer to AHCCCS, \$(22,700). | , , |
| Judiciary | 983,200 |
| Judicial Salary Increase effective January 1, 2001; annualization of 8 Superior Court judgeships added in FY 2000; and funding for new 5 judgeships established in FY 2001. School Facilities Board | 2,725,300 |
| For Building Renewal. Makes up the difference between the \$120 million the board originally instructed the Treasurer to transfer and the \$122.7 million later calculated as necessary by Building Renewal formula. | , , |
| TOTAL | \$33,722,000 |
| OTHER FUND | |
| Department of Administration | \$554,600 |
| Administrative support to negotiate and implement a new state employee health and dental insurance contract. | |
| Auto Theft Authority | 556,200 |
| Additional grant monies based on revised estimate of revenues. | |
| Contractors, Registrar of | (41,500) |
| Implement new cost allocation plan for services provided by the Office of Administrative Hearings. | |
| Corporation Commission | 390,200 |
| Unanticipated number of rate cases requiring studies and audits. | |
| Department of Economic Security | 986,100 |
| Higher-than-expected state-only expenditures for DD LTC clients. | |
| GITA | 33,700 |
| Increased private lease costs at new location. | |
| Department of Health Services Technical adjustment to Indirect Cost Fund employee related expenditures. | 195,900 |
| State Parks Board | 37,500 |
| Additional staff for Kartchner Caverns State Park. | |
| TOTAL | \$2,712,700 |

PROPOSED STATUTORY CHANGES FY 2002 AND FY 2003 OMNIBUS RECONCILIATION BILLS

Department of Administration

• As permanent law, increase the pro rata share that state agencies contribute to the Arizona Department of Administration (ADOA) Personnel Division Fund from 0.9% of total Personal Services dollars to 1.07% of total personal services dollars in FY 2003 to fund the replacement of the ADOA Human Resources/Payroll technology system. In FY 2003, this will have a General Fund impact of \$1,904,500 and an Other Fund impact of \$292,500.

Department of Education

• As permanent law, amend the special education "Group B" weights in A.R.S. § 15-943(2b) to conform with weights identified in the December 1999 Special Education Cost Study (estimated cost of \$14,679,000 in FY 2002 and \$15,972,300 in FY 2003).

AHCCCS

- As session law, authorize AHCCCS to use \$22.1 million in FY 2002 and FY 2003 (currently \$31.6 million in FY 01) from the Medically Needy Account of the Tobacco Tax Fund to continue provisions from prior years to phase-out the quick pay discount, fund the elimination of a \$10 million private hospital discount, fund expanded maternity coverage, and HIV/AIDS medications.
- As session law, authorize AHCCCS to withdraw \$18.4 million in FY 2002 and \$21.9 million in FY 2003 from
 the Medically Needy Account of the Tobacco Tax Fund for deposit in the state Children's Health Insurance
 Program (CHIP) Fund to pay the state share of the CHIP program. Require AHCCCS to use any unexpended
 Medically Needy Account balances from prior years in the CHIP Fund before making any new withdrawals.
- Set the FY 2002 and FY 2003 county acute care contribution at \$66,689,500, the same level as FY 2001.
- Continue the annual ORB provision of adjusting the upcoming fiscal year's county repayment requirements under the Disproportionate Share Hospital (DSH) program in line with projected federal funding. Also revise the FY 2001 repayment requirement. Also continue the provision of extending county expenditure limit adjustments associated with DSH payments an additional year using the amended biennial language from Laws 2000, Chapter 63.
- As session law, reinstate the Hospital Pilot Reimbursement program for FY 2002 and FY 2003 (estimated savings of \$(6.7) million in both FY 2002 and FY 2003).

Department of Environmental Quality

• As permanent law, repeal the requirement to complete a Strategic Program Area Review of the Water Quality Assurance Revolving Fund (WQARF).

Department of Health Services

As session law, authorize AHCCCS to transfer the following amounts from the Medically Needy Account of
the Tobacco Tax Fund and Health Care Fund to DHS: \$1 million for AIDS medications, \$16.6 million for
psychotropic medications, and \$250,000 for TCE contamination for both FY 2002 and FY 2003.

Arizona State Lottery Commission

• As session law, require the Arizona Lottery to return 31.6% of Powerball sales in both FY 2002 and FY 2003 to the General Fund. Permanent law only requires the Lottery to return 29% (and session law currently requires 31.6% in FY 2001). The recommended change will ensure that the General Fund receives \$19,878,700 from the Lottery Fund in FY 2002 and \$18,626,700 from the Lottery Fund in FY 2003.

Department of Public Safety

- As session law, continue to redirect 9% of CJEF revenues formerly deposited to the General Fund to DPS to fund the department's crime lab system in both FY 2002 and FY 2003. Avoids \$2.9 million General Fund cost in FY 2002 and \$3 million General Fund cost in FY 2003 for crime lab operations.
- As session law, suspend for 2 years the schedule established by ARS 28-6537 and ARS 28-6993 reducing the level of Highway User Revenue Fund (HURF) and Highway Fund revenues available to fund DPS Highway

patrol. Avoids at least \$5,000,000 General Fund cost in FY 2002 and FY 2003. Increase the amount of HURF and Highway monies transferred to DPS to fund increased highway patrol officers.

School Facilities Board

- As session law, revise the Students FIRST sales tax transfer provisions for the Deficiencies Correction Fund for FY 2002. Provide for \$120 million in deficiencies correction funding as opposed to the \$500 million proposed by the School Facilities Board (\$0 if the board issues revenue bonds for deficiencies correction).
- As session law, transfer \$15,000,000 in monies remaining in the School Capital Equity Fund to the Deficiencies Correction Fund in FY 2003.

Department of Water Resources

• Suspend the requirement for a \$5 million General Fund appropriation to the Water Protection Fund and appropriate \$2.5 million to the Fund in both FY 2002 and FY 2003. Saves \$2.5 million in both FY 2002 and FY 2003.

SUMMARY OF FEDERAL AND OTHER NON-APPROPRIATED FUND EXPENDITURES For Fiscal Years 2000, 2001, 2002 and 2003

| | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate | FY 2003 Estimate |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| BUDGET UNITS | | | | |
| Department of Administration (ADA) | | | | |
| Americans with Disabilities Act, Arizona | | | | |
| Office for (2000) | 239,300 | 80,500 | 26,800 | 26,800 |
| Construction Insurance (4219) | 822,000 | 4,810,800 | 4,513,200 | 4,213,400 |
| Co-Op State Purchasing Agreement (4213) Emergency Telecommunication Services Revolving (2176) | 89,500 7,514,400 | 90,000 19,382,900 | 95,000 2,273,600 | 100,000 21,656,500 |
| Employee Related Expenditures/Benefits Admin (ITA3035) | 19,194,900 | 18,255,700 | 19,224,500 | 20,309,000 |
| Health Administration & Benefit Insurance Trust (ITA3161) | 504,200 | 1,614,800 | 0 | 0 |
| Personnel Division (1107) | 713,900 | 1,526,000 | 0 | 0 |
| Retiree Accumulated Sick Leave (YYA3200) Special Employee Health Insurance Trust (ITA3015) | 5,695,200 | 8,667,000 | 9,181,800 | 9,727,400 |
| Special Services Revolving (4208) | 246,007,100 3,166,300 | 266,065,900 3,235,500 | 358,052,500 3,394,600 | 393,856,800 3,556,800 |
| State Employee Suggestion Program Awards (3190) | 6,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| State Employee Travel Reduction (2261) | 487,400 | 535,000 | 535,000 | 535,000 |
| State Traffic and Parking Control (2435) | 800 | 25,000 | 21,000 | 21,000 |
| Department of Administration - Subtotal | \$284,441,000 | \$324,289,100 | \$397,318,000 | \$454,002,700 |
| Office of Administrative Hearings (HGA) Office of Administrative Hearings Revolving (2500) | \$247,800 | \$248,100 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Arizona Department of Agriculture (AHA) | Ψ247,000 | Ψ240,100 | ΨΟ | ΨΟ |
| Administrative Support (2436) | 42,400 | 32,900 | 32,900 | 32,900 |
| Beef Council (2083) | 641,300 | 640,000 | 640,000 | 640,000 |
| Citrus Research Council (2299) | 45,900 | 110,000 | 110,000 | 110,000 |
| Commodity Promotion (2458) Cotton Research and Protection Council Abatement (2013) | 5,200 1,448,900 | 5,100 1,500,000 | 5,100 1,500,000 | 5,100 1,500,000 |
| Designated (3011) | 537,400 | 537,000 | 537,000 | 537,000 |
| Federal (2000) | 665,100 | 642,700 | 637,500 | 637,500 |
| Federal-State Inspection, Arizona (2113) | 2,373,300 | 2,330,600 | 2,330,600 | 2,330,600 |
| Grain Research and Promotion Council (2201) | 132,000 | 113,500 | 113,500 | 113,500 |
| Hay Law (2143) | 700 | 600 | 600 | 600 |
| Iceberg Lettuce Research Council (2259) Indirect Cost Recovery (9000) | 92,100 125,200 | 105,000 287,400 | 105,000 287,400 | 105,000 287,400 |
| Interagency Service Agreement (2500) | 579,700 | 2,700 | 0 | 0 |
| Wine Promotional, Arizona (2205) | 20,900 | 12,900 | 12,900 | 12,900 |
| Arizona Department of Agriculture - Subtotal AHCCCS (HCA) | \$6,710,100 | \$6,320,400 | \$6,312,500 | \$6,312,500 |
| County Contributions (2120/2223) | 221,493,500 | 224,104,700 | 231,846,300 | 241,252,300 |
| Employee Recognition (2025) | 8,200 | 12,100 | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| Federal Funds (2120/2223) Federal Grants (2000) | 1,114,617,000 311,100 | 1,253,853,400 312,300 | 1,427,674,300 300,000 | 1,541,802,600 300,000 |
| Health Care Group Medical Premiums (3197) | 18,792,700 | 24,715,200 | 25,164,400 | 25,807,800 |
| Intergovernmental Service (2438) | 2,370,100 | 7,955,600 | 9,764,700 | 9,286,900 |
| Third Party Collections (3791/3019) | 1,124,800 | 1,644,500 | 1,454,100 | 1,443,600 |
| Tobacco Litigation Settlement, Arizona (TRA2561) | 100,314,100 | 83,136,500 | 71,090,200 | 72,051,100 |
| Tobacco Tax & Health Care - Medical Services Stabilization (3037) | 8,000,000 | 41,769,800 | 0 | 0 |
| Tobacco Tax & Health Care - Medically Needy | 0,000,000 | 41,702,000 | V | V |
| Account (1306) | 32,493,600 | 35,537,300 | 26,646,900 | 25,719,100 |
| Tobacco Tax & Health Care - Premium Sharing | | | | |
| Demonstration Project (2151) | 17,269,800 | 21,896,500 | 6,991,400 \$1,800,942,300 | <u>\$1,017,672,400</u> |
| AHCCCS - Subtotal AZ Commission on the Arts (HUA) | \$1,516,794,900 | \$1,694,937,900 | \$1,800,942,300 | \$1,917,673,400 |
| Arts Endowment Expendable Trust (3106) | 48,000 | 187,000 | 250,000 | 275,000 |
| Arts Special Revenues (2116) | 835,000 | 951,000 | 671,100 | 656,100 |
| Arts Trust, Arizona (3014) | 1,180,100 | 1,230,200 | 1,200,000 | 1,200,000 |
| AZ Commission on the Arts - Subtotal | \$2,063,100 | \$2,368,200 | \$2,121,100 | \$2,131,100 |
| Attorney General - Department of Law (AGA) Anti-Racketeering Revolving (2131) | 1,289,800 | 1,381,300 | 1,388,200 | 1,395,200 |
| Attorney General Expendable Trust (3102) | 0 | 100,000 | 1,500,200 | 0 |
| CJEF Distribution to County Attorneys (2068) | 3,111,300 | 3,200,000 | 3,300,000 | 3,400,000 |
| Colorado River Land Claims Revolving (9500) | 0 | 25,100 | 0 | 0 |
| Court-Ordered Trust (3180) | 3,409,300 | 11,443,600 | 1,919,000 | 1,919,000 |
| Criminal Case Processing (9510) Federal Funds (2117) | 0 5,669,800 | 0 6,999,200 | 21,000 6,336,700 | 21,000 4,585,900 |
| Prosecuting Attorneys' Advisory Council Training (2057) | 825,800 | 1,320,000 | 1,320,000 | 1,320,000 |
| Victim Witness (2228) | 53,500 | 53,500 | 53,500 | 53,500 |
| Attorney General - Department of Law - Subtotal | \$14,359,500 | \$24,522,700 | \$14,338,400 | \$12,694,600 |
| Automobile Theft Authority (ATA) | \$50,000 | \$240,000 | 0.2 | \$0 |
| Federal Grants (2000) | \$20,000 | \$ <u>4</u> 40,000 | \$0 | \$0 |

SUMMARY OF FEDERAL AND OTHER NON-APPROPRIATED FUND EXPENDITURES For Fiscal Years 2000, 2001, 2002 and 2003

| | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate | FY 2003 Estimate |
|---|-------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| State Banking Department (BDA) | | | | |
| Escrow Recovery, Arizona (2341) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Receivership Revolving (3023) | 25,700 | 25,000 | 25,000 | 25,000 |
| Revolving (2126) | 119,800 | 175,000 | 175,000 | 175,000 |
| State Banking Department - Subtotal | \$145,500 | \$200,000 | \$200,000 | \$200,000 |
| Department of Building and Fire Safety (MMA) | 0.200 | 2,000 | 2,000 | 2.000 |
| Arson Detection Reward (2169) Building and Fire Safety (2211) | 9,300 270,100 | 3,000 350,000 | 3,000 385,000 | 3,000 385,000 |
| Consumer Recovery (3090) | 30,300 | 36,000 | 43,000 | 50,000 |
| Manufactured Housing Cash Bond (3722) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mobile Home Relocation (2237) | 566,800 | 650,000 | 682,000 | 710,000 |
| Department of Building and Fire Safety - Subtotal | \$876,500 | \$1,039,000 | \$1,113,000 | \$1,148,000 |
| Citizens Clean Election Commission | | | | |
| Citizens Clean Election Fund (NA) | \$544,100 | \$3,370,900 | \$2,209,700 | \$16,616,900 |
| Department of Commerce (EPA) | 2,527,100 | 26,650,000 | 12,350,000 | 12 250 000 |
| Clean Air, Arizona (1238) Commerce and Economic Development Commission (2245) | 366,000 | 2,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 12,350,000 500,000 |
| Community Workshops (2149) | 370,300 | 344,000 | 361,100 | 343,000 |
| Donations (3189) | 236,900 | 237,400 | 249,300 | 236,800 |
| Export Promotion (2454) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Federal Grants (2000) | 29,317,900 | 32,648,100 | 29,446,500 | 25,081,800 |
| Greater AZ Development Authority Revolving (2311) | 755,800 | 986,400 | 1,100,000 | 1,300,000 |
| Housing Finance Review (2234) | 712,900 | 716,500 | 731,600 | 750,700 |
| Housing Trust (2235) Hydrogen Grant Program (2462) | 6,394,900 0 | 9,349,500 | 15,029,900 | 9,989,000 0 |
| International Development Authority (NA) | 0 | 250,000 0 | 250,000 0 | 0 |
| Job Training (1237) | 2,116,300 | 3,500,000 | 1,000,000 | 2,000,000 |
| Neighborhood Preservation & Investment (2424) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Oil Overcharge (3171) | 0 | 0 | 1,800,000 | 1,700,000 |
| Recycling (2289) | 65,200 | 74,000 | 76,000 | 78,000 |
| Department of Commerce - Subtotal | \$42,863,300 | \$76,755,900 | \$63,394,400 | \$54,329,300 |
| State Board of Directors for Community Colleges (CMA) | 2 972 600 | 2.542.000 | 2 202 000 | 2 202 000 |
| Federal Grants (2000) Les Aries Memorial (3321) | 2,872,600 0 | 3,542,000 | 3,303,000 | 3,303,000 |
| State Board of Directors for Community College - Subtotal | \$2,872,600 | \$3,542,000 | \$3,303,000 | \$3,303,000 |
| State Compensation Fund | \$ 2 ,07 2 ,000 | \$5,5 · 2 ,000 | 45,505,000 | ψο,οοο,οοο |
| State Compensation Fund 1/ | \$271,793,000 | \$269,557,300 | \$279,159,900 | \$289,733,400 |
| Registrar of Contractors (RGA) | | | | |
| Residential Contractors' Recovery (3155) | \$3,362,900 | \$3,490,100 | \$3,493,500 | \$3,529,000 |
| Corporation Commission (CCA) | #0.4.200 | #00.400 | #00.400 | #00 400 |
| Federal (2000) State Denominant of Corrections (DCA) | \$94,300 | \$88,400 | \$88,400 | \$88,400 |
| State Department of Corrections (DCA) Correctional Industries Revolving, Arizona (4002) | 15,485,700 | 20,044,700 | 22,899,200 | 25,359,100 |
| Criminal Justice Enhancement (2035) | 3,915,700 | 3,790,300 | 3,951,600 | 3,951,600 |
| Donations (3147) | 50,300 | 150,000 | 100,000 | 100,000 |
| Drug Treatment and Education Revolving (2277) | 1,778,500 | 3,000,000 | 3,500,000 | 4,000,000 |
| Federal (2000) | 11,522,300 | 18,084,200 | 18,536,800 | 18,536,800 |
| Non-Federal Grants (2001) | 99,600 | 76,600 | 76,600 | 76,600 |
| Risk Management Insurance Reimbursement (3748) | 17,400 | 160,400 | 160,400 | 160,400 |
| Special Services (3187) State Department of Corrections - Subtotal | 3,644,600 \$36,514,100 | 4,457,000 \$49,763,200 | 4,457,100 \$53,681,700 | 4,457,100 \$56,641,600 |
| Arizona Criminal Justice Commission (JCA) | \$30,314,100 | \$47,703,200 | \$33,081,700 | \$30,041,000 |
| County Jail Juvenile Improvement (2148) | 1,762,300 | 189,300 | 0 | 0 |
| Drug & Gang Enforcement Account (2229) | 11,309,900 | 13,929,000 | 15,073,400 | 15,073,400 |
| Federal Grants (2229) | 1,660,500 | 2,655,300 | 2,646,900 | 2,646,900 |
| Arizona Criminal Justice Commission - Subtotal | \$14,732,700 | \$16,773,600 | \$17,720,300 | \$17,720,300 |
| Arizona State Schools for the Deaf and the Blind (SDA) | 125.200 | 120 500 | 120.200 | 121 500 |
| Enterprise (4222) | 127,200 | 128,700 | 130,200 | 131,700 |
| Federal Grants (2000) Intergovernmental Agreements & Interagency Service | 2,260,600 | 2,271,000 | 2,271,000 | 2,271,000 |
| Agreements (2500) | 319,100 | 50,600 | 0 | 0 |
| Non-Federal Grants (2011) | 210,900 | 300,200 | 250,200 | 228,100 |
| Regional Cooperatives (4221) | 6,281,200 | 6,497,100 | 6,759,300 | 6,826,200 |
| Telecommunications for the Deaf (2047) | 5,900 | 5,000 | 0 | 0 |
| Trust (3148) | 407,000 | 100,000 | 100,000 | 100,000 |
| Arizona State Schools for the Deaf and the Blind - Subtotal | \$9,611,900 | \$9,352,600 | \$9,510,700 | \$9,557,000 |
| Commission for the Deaf and the Hard of Hearing (DFA) | ¢26.200 | ¢42 000 | ¢42 000 | \$42,000 |
| Federal Grants (2048) | \$26,300 | \$43,800 | \$43,800 | \$43,800 |

SUMMARY OF FEDERAL AND OTHER NON-APPROPRIATED FUND EXPENDITURES For Fiscal Years 2000, 2001, 2002 and 2003

| | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate | FY 2003 Estimate |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| Arizona Drug and Gang Provention Passaures Center | | | | |
| Arizona Drug and Gang Prevention Resource Center Federal Grants (NA) | 1,607,700 | 2,000,000 | 2,000,000 | 2,000,000 |
| Private Grants (NA) | 58,900 | 100,000 | 120,000 | 120,000 |
| AZ Drug and Gang Prevention Resource Center - Subtotal | \$1,666,600 | \$2,100,000 | \$2,120,000 | \$2,120,000 |
| Department of Economic Security (DEA) | 121 200 | 40,000 | 40,000 | 40,000 |
| Capital Investment (2093) Child Passenger Restraint (2192) | 121,300 192,500 | 292,800 | 214,500 | 218,800 |
| Child Protective Services Expedited Substance Abuse | 172,300 | 2,2,000 | 211,300 | 210,000 |
| Treatment (2421) | 133,400 | 55,500 | 0 | 0 |
| Community-Based Marriage and Communication | | | | |
| Skills Program (2434) | 1 069 400 | 1,150,000 | 1,150,000 | 1,150,000 |
| DES Client Trust (3152) Developmentally Disabled Client Services Trust (2019) | 1,968,400 269,000 | 2,129,100 260,000 | 2,157,400 260,000 | 2,186,300 260,000 |
| Economic Security Donations (3145) | 260,000 | 200,000 | 200,000 | 200,000 |
| Federal Grants (2000) | 260,197,500 | 265,042,100 | 294,765,100 | 296,698,200 |
| Homeless Trust (3026) | 45,600 | 50,500 | 52,500 | 52,500 |
| Industries for the Blind, Arizona (4003) | 12,823,100 | 14,400,000 | 14,500,000 | 15,000,000 |
| Joint Substance Abuse Treatment (2429) Long Term Care System - Federal Matched (2225) | 0 193,790,200 | 10,000,000 239,559,500 | 3,333,300 274,274,300 | 10,000,000 315,180,700 |
| Mesa Land (3151) | 300,300 | 290,000 | 295,000 | 300,000 |
| Miscellaneous Other Grants (2005) | 66,999,500 | 58,400,800 | 58,504,300 | 59,765,300 |
| Neighbors Helping Neighbors (2348) | 76,400 | 51,000 | 52,200 | 44,000 |
| Special Olympics Tax Refund (3207) | 76,300 | 123,900 | 136,300 | 149,900 |
| Tobacco Litigation Settlement Fund (NA) Tobacco Tax and Health Care (1306) | 0 476,800 | 0 643,200 | 0 500,000 | 0 500,000 |
| Unemployment Insurance Benefits (TRA9005) | 179,720,600 | 184,500,000 | 188,190,000 | 191,953,800 |
| Utility Assistance (3092) | 655,300 | 650,000 | 650,000 | 650,000 |
| Dept. of Economic Security - Subtotal | \$718,106,200 | \$777,838,400 | \$839,274,900 | \$894,349,500 |
| Department of Education (EDA) | | | | |
| Academic Contest (1006) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Assistance for Education (2420) Charter School Stimulus (1007) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Classroom Site (NA) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Education Donations (2025) | 27,500 | 139,800 | 141,900 | 141,900 |
| Failing Schools Tutoring (NA) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Federal (2000) | 444,621,600 | 458,102,700 | 434,291,900 | 434,103,500 |
| Food Distribution (4210) Permanent State School (3138) | 273,000 0 | 253,800 0 | 266,500 2,204,400 | 279,800 6,017,700 |
| Production Revolving (4211) | 1,171,400 | 873,600 | 915,900 | 969,100 |
| Research Based Systematic Phonics Instruction (2413) | 9,800 | 9,900 | 8,400 | 0 |
| Special Education (1009) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Youth Farm Loan, Arizona (2136) | 30,000 | 30,000 | 30,000 | 30,000 |
| Department of Education - Subtotal Department of Emergency & Military Affairs (MAA) | \$446,133,300 | \$459,409,800 | \$437,859,000 | \$441,542,000 |
| Camp Navajo (2106) | 6,082,000 | 9,328,300 | 9,351,700 | 8,947,800 |
| Federal Funds - Emergency (2000) | 19,083,600 | 13,814,500 | 2,952,400 | 2,954,000 |
| Federal Funds - Military (2000) | 17,404,500 | 16,949,500 | 17,174,000 | 15,952,600 |
| Freedom Academy (2104) | 0 | 21,100 | 15,000 | 15,000 |
| Morale, Welfare and Recreation (2124) National Guard (2140) | 0 125,200 | 150,000 200,000 | 50,000 175,000 | 50,000 150,000 |
| Nuclear Emergency Management (AEA2138) | 0 | 16,800 | 0 | 0 |
| State Armory Property (2146) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Department of Emergency & Military Affairs - Subtotal | \$42,695,300 | \$40,480,200 | \$29,718,100 | \$28,069,400 |
| Department of Environmental Quality (EVA) | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| Brownfields Cleanup Revolving Loan (2456) Clean Water Revolving (2254) | 0 1,105,800 | 0 20,231,500 | 0 25,574,800 | 0 31,280,100 |
| Donations (3006) | 51,300 | 20,231,300 | 23,374,800 | 0 |
| Drinking Water Revolving (4320) | 9,257,100 | 14,601,500 | 14,639,200 | 12,502,600 |
| Federal (2000) | 9,716,400 | 18,036,700 | 13,118,400 | 13,118,400 |
| Greenfields Program (2309) | 800 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Institutional and Engineering Control (4240) | 0 | 0 | 500,000 | 0 |
| Intergovernmental Agreements (2180) Monitoring Assistance (2308) | 461,600 360,500 | 551,100 1,450,700 | 590,000 983,600 | 488,000 0 |
| Recycling (2289) | 1,754,100 | 1,430,700 | 983,000 | 0 |
| Small Water Systems (2225) | 7,100 | 126,000 | 0 | 0 |
| Technical Appeals Program (3411) | 0 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| UST - Area A Assurance Account (2271) | 12,806,500 | 12,664,500 | 13,516,500 | 13,516,500 |
| UST - Grant Account (2271) UST - Non-Maricopa County Assurance Account (2271) | 2,204,700 14,089,000 | 1,149,500 15,806,000 | 0 16,504,000 | 0 16,504,000 |
| 651 - 11011-111an-copa County Assurance Account (22/1) | 14,009,000 | 13,000,000 | 10,504,000 | 10,504,000 |

| | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate | FY 2003 Estimate |
|---|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| UST - Regulatory Account (2271) Voluntary Lawn & Garden Equipment Emissions | 337,500 | 1,191,400 | 795,600 | 801,500 |
| Reduction (2310) | 289,300 | 260,700 | 0 | 0 |
| Voluntary Remediation (4230) | 0 | 150,000 | 452,600 | 457,600 |
| Voluntary Vehicle Repair & Retrofit (2365) | 0 | 116,000 | 109,100 | 0 |
| Water Quality Assurance Revolving (2221) | 0 | 11,328,800 | 10,072,200 | 9,961,000 |
| Department of Environmental Quality - Subtotal | \$52,441,700 | \$97,674,400 | \$96,366,000 | \$98,639,700 |
| Equal Opportunity, Governor's Office of (AFA) | | | | |
| Equal Employment & Economic Development (2000) Arizona Game & Fish Department (GFA) | \$65,000 | \$67,000 | \$65,000 | \$65,000 |
| Conservation Development (2062) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Federal (2000) | 16,928,100 | 15,301,000 | 14,433,900 | 14,181,600 |
| Firearms Safety and Ranges (2442) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 520 000 |
| Heritage (2295) | 8,666,000 | 6,322,400 | 6,165,700 | 5,539,800 |
| Off Highway Vehicle Recreation (2253) Publications Revolving (4007) | 256,500 177,500 | 283,200 180,000 | 373,100 185,000 | 345,700 190,000 |
| Trust (3111) | 1,208,900 | 1,250,000 | 1,250,000 | 1,250,000 |
| Wildlife Theft Prevention (2080) | 159,700 | 170,000 | 170,000 | 170,000 |
| Arizona Game & Fish Department - Subtotal | \$27,396,700 | \$23,506,600 | \$22,577,700 | \$21,677,100 |
| Arizona Geological Survey (GSA) | +- ,, | ,- , | +,- · · · , · · · · | +,, |
| Federal Grants (2000) | 171,500 | 95,900 | 109,100 | 109,100 |
| Geological Survey (3030) | 165,800 | 99,000 | 82,000 | 82,000 |
| Arizona Geological Survey - Subtotal | \$337,300 | \$194,900 | \$191,100 | \$191,100 |
| Government Information Technology Agency (GTA) | | | | |
| Statewide Technology License Agreement Account (NA) | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Office of the Governor (GVA) | | | | |
| The Arizona Fund (3021) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| County Fairs Livestock & Agricultural Promotion (2037) | 1,222,600 | 1,200,000 | 1,200,000 | 1,200,000 |
| Federal Grant (2000) | 9,817,100 | 13,088,000 | 12,961,000 | 12,961,000 |
| Governor's Arizona Promotional & Public Service (3207) | 2,400 | 2,000 | 1,500 | 0 |
| Governor's Domestic Violence Prevention (2025) | 0 | 500 | 0 | 0 |
| Governor's Endowment Partnership (3206) | 16,200 | 4,400 | 0 | 0 |
| Governor's Office for Children (3192) | 30,800 | 29,700 | 27,000 | 27,000 |
| Governor's Spirit of Excellence (3208) Prevention of Child Abuse (2439) | 600 | 700 195,400 | 0 100,000 | 0 100,000 |
| Office of the Governor - Subtotal | \$11,089,700 | \$14,520,700 | \$14,289,500 | \$14,288,000 |
| Department of Health Services (HSA) | \$11,089,700 | \$14,320,700 | \$14,269,500 | \$14,200,000 |
| Agreements/IGA (2144/2500) | 13,626,200 | 14,400,000 | 14,400,000 | 14,400,000 |
| Disease Control Research (DIA2090) | 2,522,000 | 5,039,600 | 1,700,000 | 1,700,000 |
| Donations (3010/2025) | 591,100 | 509,200 | 485,000 | 460,000 |
| Federal Grants (2000) | 166,043,900 | 180,703,200 | 180,714,800 | 180,714,800 |
| Medical Services Enhancement (MSEF) (TRA2186) | 0 | 0 | | |
| Risk Assessment (2427) | 0 | 216,000 | 216,000 | 216,000 |
| Title XIX Services and County Contributions (2144) | 26,267,000 | 30,000,000 | 30,000,000 | 30,000,000 |
| Tobacco Tax & Health Care - Health Crisis Fund (2312) | 960,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Tobacco Tax & Health Care - Health Education | | | | |
| Account (1308) | 35,217,300 | 34,000,000 | 34,000,000 | 34,000,000 |
| Tobacco Tax & Health Care - Health Research | | | | |
| Account (DSA2096) | 6,099,900 | 6,099,900 | 6,099,900 | 6,099,900 |
| Tobacco Tax & Health Care - Subsidiary Medically | 22 246 000 | 10.072.400 | 17.022.400 | 17.022.400 |
| Needy Account (3037) | 23,346,800 | 18,073,400 | 17,823,400 | 17,823,400 |
| Department of Health Services - Subtotal | \$274,674,200 | \$290,041,300 | \$286,439,100 | \$286,414,100 |
| Arizona Historical Society (HIA) Enterprise (2900) | 21,100 | 27,400 | 64,300 | 69,100 |
| Grants (NA) | 67,800 | 609,100 | 504,800 | 172,100 |
| Journal of Arizona History Magazine (2033) | 31,700 | 61,200 | 54,000 | 55,500 |
| Preservation and Restoration (2125) | 48,500 | 48,800 | 48,200 | 48,200 |
| Private (NA) | 328,300 | 392,000 | 405,000 | 433,500 |
| Restricted (NA) | 860,100 | 640,300 | 1,109,500 | 675,500 |
| Trust (NA) | 5,800 | 2,700 | 9,300 | 7,100 |
| Arizona Historical Society - Subtotal | \$1,363,300 | \$1,781,500 | \$2,195,100 | \$1,461,000 |
| Prescott Historical Society of Arizona (PAZ) | . , , | . , - , | . , , | . , . , |
| Sharlot Hall Historical Society (NA) | \$653,700 | \$565,100 | \$595,700 | \$610,700 |
| Arizona Commission of Indian Affairs (IAA) | | | | |
| Publications (4013) | \$0 | \$8,000 | \$0 | \$4,000 |
| Industrial Commission of Arizona (ICA) | | | | |
| Federal Grants (2000) | 3,529,800 | 3,465,200 | 3,562,700 | 3,643,000 |

| | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate | FY 2003 Estimate |
|---|---|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Revolving (2002) | 152,300 | 166,700 | 160,500 | 150,600 |
| Special (9003) | 16,006,100 | 18,337,500 | 19,556,000 | 19,125,000 |
| Industrial Commission of Arizona- Subtotal | \$19,688,200 | \$21,969,400 | \$23,279,200 | \$22,918,600 |
| Department of Insurance (IDA) Assessments (2316) | 196,500 | 200,000 | 203,000 | 206,000 |
| Health Care Appeals (2467) | 190,300 | 111,100 | 205,500 | 205,500 |
| Insurance Examiners' Revolving (2034) | 9,012,000 | 9,012,000 | 9,012,000 | 9,012,000 |
| Life and Disability Insurance Guaranty (2154) | 3,290,100 | 8,913,500 | 10,028,000 | 8,929,500 |
| Property and Casualty Insurance Guaranty, AZ (2114) | 2,485,100 | 8,271,800 | 9,644,800 | 9,078,700 |
| Receivership Liquidation (3104) | 164,300 | 152,800 | 155,800 | 159,000 |
| Department of Insurance - Subtotal Judiciary - Supreme Court (SPA) | \$15,148,000 | \$26,661,200 | \$29,249,100 | \$27,590,700 |
| Alternative Dispute Resolution (3245) | 195,500 | 155,500 | 155,500 | 155,500 |
| County Public Defender Training (3013) | 521,500 | 545,000 | 565,500 | 588,100 |
| Court Reporters (2440) | 104,700 | 91,800 | 77,400 | 63,000 |
| Drug Enforcement Account (2075) | 2,732,300 | 2,738,000 | 2,738,000 | 2,738,000 |
| Drug Treatment and Education (2277) | 3,687,000 | 3,865,100 | 3,865,100 | 3,865,100 |
| Grants and Special Revenue (2084) State Aid to Detention (2141) | 1,226,700 1,894,400 | 723,700 1,246,800 | 506,700 3,400,000 | 506,700 1,281,000 |
| Arizona Judiciary - Supreme Court - Subtotal | \$10,362,100 | \$9,365,900 | \$11,308,200 | \$9,197,400 |
| Department of Juvenile Corrections (DJA) | , ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | 1. , ,- | , ,, | 1.,.,, |
| Federal (2000) | 3,619,800 | 4,692,100 | 3,232,900 | 3,379,600 |
| Interagency Service Agreement (2500) | 299,500 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Juvenile Corrections (3024) | 148,000 | 272,000 | 122,000 | 122,000 |
| Department of Juvenile Corrections - Subtotal State Land Department (LDA) | \$4,067,300 | \$4,964,100 | \$3,354,900 | \$3,501,600 |
| CAP Municipal & Industrial Repayment (2129) | 0 | 863,500 | 295,200 | 139,900 |
| Cooperative Forestry (2232) | 848,400 | 864,500 | 0 | 0 |
| Federal (2000) | 33,100 | 22,100 | 15,000 | 15,000 |
| Federal Reclamation Trust (2024) | 0 | 250,000 | 25,000 | 0 |
| Fire Suppression (2360) | 4,722,600 | 3,556,000 | 3,957,000 | 3,445,000 |
| Interagency Agreements (2212) | 223,200 | 665,300 | 155,400 | 162,200 |
| State Land Department (2451) Quitclaim Deed Application Revolving (2230) | 145,000 0 | 150,000 0 | 150,000 0 | 150,000 0 |
| Resource Analysis Division Revolving (4009) | 41,300 | 71,000 | 84,000 | 97,000 |
| Riparian Acquisition Trust (3201) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Universities Timber Land Account (3158) | 69,100 | 100,800 | 55,000 | 55,500 |
| State Land Department - Subtotal | \$6,082,700 | \$6,543,200 | \$4,736,600 | \$4,064,600 |
| Legislature - Auditor General (AUA) | ¢1 240 500 | ¢1 176 100 | ¢1 104 400 | ¢1 100 400 |
| Audit Services Revolving (2242) Legislature - Dept. of Library, Archives & Public Records (LAA) | \$1,240,500 | \$1,176,100 | \$1,194,400 | \$1,198,400 |
| Federal Grants (2000) | 2,570,500 | 3,115,700 | 2,800,000 | 2,800,000 |
| Gift Shop Revolving (4008) | 77,100 | 85,000 | 90,000 | 105,000 |
| State Library (2115) | 240,100 | 325,500 | 286,000 | 95,700 |
| Legislature - Dept. of Library, Archives & Pub. Rcds - Subtotal | \$2,887,700 | \$3,526,200 | \$3,176,000 | \$3,000,700 |
| Department of Liquor Licenses and Control (LLA) | 76,000 | 106 000 | 120,000 | 124 000 |
| Audit Surcharge (3010) Enforcement Surcharge - Enforcement Unit (3012) | 76,900 255,900 | 106,000 255,000 | 120,000 262,500 | 124,000 270,100 |
| Enforcement Surcharge - Multiple Complaints (3011) | 252,800 | 259,600 | 268,900 | 278,300 |
| Department of Liquor Licenses & Control - Subtotal | \$585,600 | \$620,600 | \$651,400 | \$672,400 |
| Arizona State Lottery Commission (LAO) | | | | |
| State Lottery (2122) | \$139,831,000 | \$137,200,300 | \$138,232,700 | \$136,474,900 |
| State Mine Inspector (MIA) | 6.000 | 07.000 | 71 200 | 50.000 |
| Abandoned Mines Safety (2408) Federal Grants (2000) | 6,000 119,800 | 95,000 394,800 | 71,200 212,200 | 50,000 212,200 |
| State Mine Inspector - Subtotal | \$125,800 | \$489,800 | \$283,400 | \$262,200 |
| Department of Mines & Mineral Resources (MNA) | +- , | 4, | 7-00,.00 | ,,· |
| Mines and Mineral Resources (3156) | \$94,100 | \$94,000 | \$94,000 | \$94,000 |
| State Board of Nursing (BNA) | | | | |
| Nurse Aide Training & Registration (2000) | \$620,500 | \$713,900 | \$713,900 | \$713,900 |
| AZ Parents Commission on Drug Education & Prevention (PCA) | ¢2 207 400 | ¢ | ¢6 222 200 | \$4,660,200 |
| Drug Treatment and Education (2277) Arizona State Parks Board (PRA) | \$2,297,400 | \$6,733,300 | \$6,332,200 | \$4,669,200 |
| Development Rights Retirement (NA) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Donations (3117) | 187,200 | 179,500 | 181,600 | 183,700 |
| Federal (2000) | 601,700 | 2,583,700 | 2,426,100 | 2,433,400 |
| Heritage (2296) | 7,864,900 | 10,720,600 | 10,724,200 | 10,788,200 |
| Land Conservation - Administration Account (9502) | 0 | 156,800 | 159,000 | 161,300 |
| Land Conservation - Donation Account (9502) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate | FY 2003 Estimate |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Land Conservation - Public Conservation Account (9502) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Off Highway Vehicle Recreation (2253) | 1,952,100 | 2,038,100 | 2,010,000 | 2,100,400 |
| Partnership (2123) | 18,400 | 70,000 | 70,000 | 70,000 |
| Publications and Souvenir Revolving (4010) | 257,000 | 428,700 | 429,800 | 431,100 |
| State Lake Improvement (2106) | 7,352,200 | 8,157,700 | 8,124,300 | 8,263,100 |
| State Parks Enhancement (2202) | 2,555,500 | 3,694,200 | 4,017,600 | 4,089,500 |
| Arizona State Parks Board - Subtotal Arizona Pioneers' Home (PIA) | \$20,789,000 | \$28,029,300 | \$28,142,600 | \$28,520,700 |
| Donations (3143) | \$36,400 | \$30,000 | \$30,000 | \$30,000 |
| Commission for Postsecondary Education (PEA) | Ψ30,400 | Ψ30,000 | Ψ30,000 | ψ30,000 |
| Private Postsecondary Education Student Financial | | | | |
| Assistance (2128) | 0 | 75,200 | 57,000 | 10,600 |
| Student Program Investing Resources in | | | | |
| Education, Arizona (2407) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Teachers Incentive Program, Arizona (2249) | 1,200 | <u>0</u> \$75,200 | \$57,000 | <u>0</u> \$10,600 |
| Commission for Postsecondary Education - Subtotal Arizona Power Authority | \$1,200 | \$75,200 | \$57,000 | \$10,000 |
| Hoover Uprating (NA) | 22,789,000 | 22,050,000 | 22,050,000 | 22,050,000 |
| Power Authority, Arizona (NA) | 447,000 | 450,000 | 450,000 | 450,000 |
| Arizona Power Authority - Subtotal | \$23,236,000 | \$22,500,000 | \$22,500,000 | \$22,500,000 |
| State Board for Private Postsecondary Education (PVA) | | | | |
| Student Tuition Recovery (3027) | \$44,100 | \$76,000 | \$76,000 | \$76,000 |
| Department of Public Safety (PSA) | 1 220 400 | 1 600 000 | 1 470 000 | 1 250 000 |
| Anti-Racketeering Revolving (3123) Criminal Justice Enhancement Pass Through (3702) | 1,338,400 953,100 | 1,600,000 600,000 | 1,470,000 600,000 | 1,350,000 600,000 |
| DPS Administration (2322) | 871,300 | 755,200 | 827,000 | 688,700 |
| Driving Under the Influence Abatement (2422) | 071,500 | 350,000 | 350,000 | 350,000 |
| Federal Grants and Reimbursements (2000) | 16,538,200 | 20,181,800 | 17,674,500 | 17,674,500 |
| Fingerprint Clearance Card (2433) | 829,100 | 1,200,800 | 1,127,100 | 840,000 |
| Motor Carrier Safety Revolving (2380) | 6,400 | 4,000 | 4,000 | 5,000 |
| Peace Officers' Training (2049) | 4,977,900 | 5,967,200 | 5,519,200 | 5,555,500 |
| Records Processing (2278) | 4,529,300 | 4,813,200 | 4,785,600 | 4,790,600 |
| Department of Public Safety - Subtotal Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (NA) | \$30,043,700 | \$35,472,200 | \$32,357,400 | \$31,854,300 |
| Fire Fighter Cancer Insurance Policy Program | | | | |
| Administrative Expenses (NA) | 36,200 | 38,000 | 40,000 | 41,900 |
| Investment and Administrative Expenses (NA) | 1,402,100 | 1,472,200 | 1,545,800 | 1,623,100 |
| Public Safety Personnel Retirement System - Subtotal | \$1,438,300 | \$1,510,200 | \$1,585,800 | \$1,665,000 |
| Arizona Department of Racing (RCA) | | | | |
| Breeders Award, Arizona (2206) | 688,100 | 1,077,500 | 800,000 | 800,000 |
| County Fairs Racing Betterment (2207) Greyhound Adoption (2015) | 775,700 800 | 775,700 0 | 775,700 5,200 | 775,700 0 |
| Stallion Award (2315) | 83,600 | 57,400 | 40,000 | 40.000 |
| Arizona Department of Racing - Subtotal | \$1,548,200 | \$1,910,600 | \$1,620,900 | \$1,615,700 |
| Radiation Regulatory Agency (AEA) | | | | |
| Federal Grants (2000) | 194,500 | 350,000 | 335,000 | 335,000 |
| Nuclear Emergency Management (2138) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Radiation Regulatory Agency - Subtotal | \$194,500 | \$350,000 | \$335,000 | \$335,000 |
| State Real Estate Department (REA) Education Revolving (4011) | 44,800 | 26,500 | 31,500 | 31,500 |
| Recovery (3119) | 165,800 | 193,700 | 197,000 | 203,100 |
| State Real Estate Department - Subtotal | \$210,600 | \$220,200 | \$228,500 | \$234,600 |
| Arizona State Retirement System (RSA) | | | | |
| Administration Account - Investment Expenses (1407) | \$16,280,100 | \$16,524,300 | \$16,962,100 | \$16,975,300 |
| Department of Revenue (RVA) | 70.600 | 515 000 | 515.000 | 515.000 |
| Client County Equipment Capitalization (2457) | 79,600 | 517,000 | 517,000 | 517,000 |
| DOR Estate and Unclaimed Property (1520) Escheated Estates (3745) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Revenue Publications Revolving (2166) | 185,600 | 226,900 | 195,900 | 195,900 |
| Special Collections (2168) | 60,700 | 60,700 | 60,700 | 60,700 |
| Waste Tire (2356) | 5,475,900 | 5,475,900 | 5,475,900 | 5,475,900 |
| Department of Revenue - Subtotal | \$5,801,800 | \$6,280,500 | \$6,249,500 | \$6,249,500 |
| School Facilities Board (SFA) | | | | |
| Building Renewal (2465) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15,000,000 |
| Deficiencies Correction (2455) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15,000,000 |
| New School Facilities (2460) School Capital Equity (2273) | 3,227,500 | 4,062,600 | 0 | 0 |
| School Facilities Revenue Bond Debt Service (5010) | 3,227,300 | 4,002,000 | 0 | 0 |
| School Facilities Revenue Bond Proceeds (3325) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | |

| | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate | FY 2003 Estimate |
|---|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| School Improvement Revenue Bond Proceeds (NA) 2/ | 0 | 0 | 800,000,000 | 0 |
| School Facilities Board - Subtotal | \$3,227,500 | \$4,062,600 | \$800,000,000 | \$15,000,000 |
| Secretary of State - Department of State (STA) | | | | |
| Blue Book Revolving, Arizona (2006) | 0 104,800 | 36,100 | 40,000 | 0 134,000 |
| Data Processing Acquisition (2265) Standing Political Committee Administrative (NA) | 0 | 180,000 0 | 149,000 0 | 134,000 |
| Secretary of State - Department of State - Subtotal | \$104,800 | \$216,100 | \$189,000 | \$134,000 |
| Structural Pest Control Commission (SBA) | , | | | |
| Federal Certification and Enforcement Grant (2000) | \$109,100 | \$109,500 | \$109,500 | \$109,500 |
| Department of Transportation (DTA) | < 500 | 200 700 | 2 000 000 | 2 010 000 |
| Aviation Federal Funds (2267) Economic Strength Project (2244) | 6,500 944,500 | 808,700 1,100,000 | 3,909,000 1,100,000 | 2,810,000 1,100,000 |
| Federal Grants (2097) | 429,456,600 | 436,257,200 | 449,203,500 | 476,998,500 |
| Grand Canyon Airport Authority Operating (GCA2451) | 91,100 | 125,400 | 0 | 0 |
| Highway Expansion & Extension Loan Program (2417) | 161,430,600 | 279,100,000 | 143,800,000 | 77,000,000 |
| Highways Magazine, Arizona (2031) | 11,414,500 | 12,619,700 | 12,306,700 | 12,542,500 |
| Maricopa Regional Area Road (2029) | 266,759,100 | 441,243,300 | 325,893,200 | 320,980,800 |
| Motor Carrier Safety Revolving (2380) Shared Location and Advertising Agreements | 22,600 | 54,100 | 54,100 | 45,000 |
| Expense (2414) | 6,400 | 30,000 | 30,000 | 30,000 |
| Underground Storage Tank Revolving (2030) | 143,700 | 166,500 | 169,700 | 169,700 |
| Department of Transportation - Subtotal | \$870,275,600 | \$1,171,504,900 | \$936,466,200 | \$891,676,500 |
| Arizona Board of Regents (BRA) | | | | |
| Collections Revolving (2183) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Federal (NA) | 824,200 | 874,000 | 874,000 | 874,000 |
| Regents Local (ASU Account) Teacher Loan Forgiveness (2249) | 551,500 0 | 647,500 0 | 580,000 0 | 580,000 0 |
| University Land (3131/3132/3134/3136) | 2,714,800 | 2,570,000 | 2,570,000 | 2,570,000 |
| Arizona Board of Regents - Subtotal | \$4,090,500 | \$4,091,500 | \$4,024,000 | \$4,024,000 |
| Arizona State University - Main Campus | , ,, | , , , | , ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, | , ,,, ,,,,, |
| Auxiliary (NA) | 71,208,300 | 74,768,700 | 78,507,300 | 82,432,600 |
| Designated (NA) | 74,477,800 | 77,456,900 | 80,555,200 | 83,777,400 |
| Endowment and Life Income (NA) | 72 151 500 | 75 802 500 | 0 79,593,100 | 0 82 572 600 |
| Federal Grants (NA) Federal Indirect Cost Recovery (NA) | 72,151,500 184,300 | 75,802,500 193,500 | 203,200 | 83,572,600 213,400 |
| Indirect Cost Recovery - Non-Federal (NA) | 30,100 | 32,200 | 34,500 | 36,900 |
| Loan (NA) | 1,021,500 | 597,800 | 619,300 | 642,100 |
| Restricted (Excluding Federal Funds) (NA) | 42,959,200 | 45,107,200 | 47,362,600 | 49,730,700 |
| Arizona State University - Main Campus - Subtotal | \$262,032,700 | \$273,958,800 | \$286,875,200 | \$300,405,700 |
| Arizona State University - East Campus | 54.600 | 22 200 | 20.200 | 27 000 |
| Auxiliary (NA) Designated (NA) | 54,600 647,500 | 23,300 841,800 | 29,200 1,094,400 | 37,800 1,422,800 |
| Endowment and Life Income (NA) | 047,300 | 041,000 | 0 | 0 |
| Federal Grants (NA) | 1,641,600 | 1,724,600 | 1,810,800 | 1,901,600 |
| Federal Indirect Cost Recovery (NA) | 3,400 | 3,700 | 4,100 | 4,500 |
| Indirect Cost Recovery - Non-Federal (NA) | 2,700 | 3,200 | 3,800 | 4,600 |
| Restricted (NA) | 1,034,800 | 1,291,600 | 1,612,600 | 2,013,700 |
| Arizona State University - East Campus - Subtotal Arizona State University - West Campus | \$3,384,600 | \$3,888,200 | \$4,554,900 | \$5,385,000 |
| Auxiliary (NA) | 495,100 | 372,800 | 387,700 | 403,100 |
| Designated (NA) | 2,452,900 | 7,464,900 | 7,838,200 | 8,230,200 |
| Endowment and Life Income (NA) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Federal Grants (NA) | 1,963,300 | 2,063,000 | 2,166,200 | 2,275,100 |
| Federal Indirect Cost Recovery (NA) | 4,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Indirect Cost Recovery - Non-Federal (NA) Loan (NA) | 400 0 | 500 0 | 600 0 | 700 0 |
| Restricted (NA) | 468,500 | 491,900 | 516,600 | 542,400 |
| Arizona State University - West Campus - Subtotal | \$5,384,200 | \$10,393,100 | \$10,909,300 | \$11,451,500 |
| Northern Arizona University | | | | |
| Auxiliary (NA) | 36,867,600 | 38,382,800 | 38,750,500 | 39,933,500 |
| Designated (NA) | 35,119,500 | 37,958,000 | 38,717,200 | 39,491,500 |
| Endowment (NA) | 298,700 | 0 27,215,600 | 0 28 163 100 | 20.005.000 |
| Federal Grants (NA) Federal Indirect Cost Recovery (NA) | 25,988,500 1,463,700 | 1,505,900 | 28,163,100 1,548,400 | 29,085,000 1,652,400 |
| Indirect Cost Recovery - Non-Federal (NA) | 258,000 | 265,500 | 274,000 | 280,000 |
| Loan (NA) | 285,800 | 275,000 | 275,000 | 275,000 |
| Restricted (Excluding Federal Funds) (NA) | 9,539,200 | 9,813,900 | 10,048,600 | 10,289,200 |
| Northern Arizona University - Subtotal | \$109,821,000 | \$115,416,700 | \$117,776,800 | \$121,006,600 |

| University of Arizona - Main Campus Auxillary (NA) | | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2003 |
|---|--|------------------------------------|-----------------|---|---|
| Auxiliary (NA) | | Actual | Estimate | Estimate | Estimate |
| Auxiliary (NA) | University of Arizona - Main Campus | | | | |
| Designated (NA) | | 145 179 600 | 149 597 300 | 151 560 300 | 154 043 300 |
| Embowment and Similar (NA) | | | , , | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | |
| Federal Gramis (NA) 130,005,800 129,895,900 129,875,000 132,811,800 164,711,100 32,665,900 33,452,900 129,800 102,40 | | | | | |
| Pederal Indirect Cost Recovery (NA) | ` ' | * | * | • | |
| Claim (NA) | | / | - , , | . , , | - /- / |
| Restricted (NA) | | | , , , | ' ' ' | , , |
| University of Arizona - Main Campus - Subtotal University of Arizona - AZ Health Sciences Center Auxiliary (NA) Designated (NA) Designated (NA) Designated (NA) 14,250,400 14,633,500 15,072,300 15,24,300 Endowment and Similar (NA) 14,250,400 Endowment and Similar (NA) Pederal Grants and Contracts (NA) Restricted (NA) Restricted (NA) Restricted (NA) Veterans Services, Department of (VSA) Federal Grants and Every (NA) Pederal Grants and Every (NA) Restricted (NA) Restricted (NA) Pederal Grants and Every (NA) Restricted (NA) Restricted (NA) Pederal Grants and Every (NA) Restricted (NA) Restricted (NA) Pederal Grants (NA) Pederal Grants (NA) Restricted (NA) Restricted (NA) Pederal Grants (NA) Restricted (NA) Pederal Grants (NA) | ` ' | , | , | , | |
| University of Arizona - AZ Health Sciences Center Auxiliary (NA) | | | | | |
| Auxiliary (NA) | | \$439,714,800 | \$473,304,000 | \$404,479,300 | \$493,094,100 |
| Designated (NA) | | 6 220 400 | 5 221 400 | 5 476 200 | 5 635 000 |
| Endowment and Similar (NA) | | | | | |
| Federal Grants and Contracts (NA) | | | , , , | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | , , |
| Federal Indirect Cost Recovery (NA) | | | | | |
| Restricted (NA) 40,431,900 41,308,500 42,999,000 44,289,000 University of Arizona - AZ Health Sciences Ctr - Subtotal \$119,297,300 \$121,297,600 \$124,931,500 \$128,674,500 Veteran's Pervices, Department of (VSA) 166,000 198,200 205,000 207,500 Veteran's Donations (2441) 30,200 100,000 123,500 145,000 Department of Veteran's Services - Subtotal \$196,200 \$298,200 \$328,500 \$352,500 Department of Water Resources (WCA) 0 | ` ' | | | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | , , |
| University of Arizona - AZ Health Sciences Ctr - Subtotal Veterans' Services, Department of (VSA) 166,000 198,200 205,000 207,500 Veterans' Services - Subtotal 30,200 100,000 123,500 145,000 145,000 Department of Veterans' Services - Subtotal \$196,200 \$298,200 \$328,500 \$328,500 \$352,500 Department of Water Resources (WCA) 30,200 1,624,600 2,124,600 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | • | | , , , | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | |
| Veterans' Services, Department of (VSA) 166,000 198,200 205,000 207,500 Federal (2000) 100,000 123,500 145,000 Veterans' Donations (2441) 30,200 100,000 123,500 145,000 Department of Veterans' Services - Subtotal \$196,200 \$298,200 \$328,500 \$352,500 Department of Water Resources (WCA) \$10 | | | | | |
| Federal (2000) 166,000 198,200 205,000 207,500 Veterans' Donations (2441) 30,200 100,000 123,500 145,000 Department of Veterans' Services - Subtotal \$196,200 \$298,200 \$328,500 \$332,500 Department of Water Resources (WCA) Total - Other Funds \$196,200 \$298,200 \$328,500 \$332,500 Administrative (3025) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2,124,600 2,124,600 2,124,600 2,124,600 2,124,600 0 <td< td=""><td></td><td>\$119,297,300</td><td>\$121,297,000</td><td>\$124,931,300</td><td>\$126,074,500</td></td<> | | \$119,297,300 | \$121,297,000 | \$124,931,300 | \$126,074,500 |
| Veterans' Donations (2441) 30,200 100,000 123,500 145,000 Department of Veterans' Services - Subtotal \$196,200 \$298,200 \$328,500 \$352,500 Department of Water Resources (WCA) Total - Other Funds \$0 | | 166,000 | 108 200 | 205.000 | 207 500 |
| Department of Veterans' Services - Subtotal \$196,200 \$298,200 \$328,500 \$352,500 Department of Water Resources (WCA) | | , | | , | |
| Department of Water Resources (WCA) | | | | | |
| Administrative (3025) Augmentation and Conservation Assistance (2213) Augmentation and Conservation Assistance (2213) 1,561,200 1,624,600 2,124,600 2,124,600 2,124,600 2,124,600 2,124,600 2,124,600 Dam Repair (2218) 585,100 1,500,000 0 0 0 0 0 Federal Grants (2000) 223,500 130,500 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | | \$190,200 | \$298,200 | \$328,300 | \$332,300 |
| Augmentation and Conservation Assistance (2213) 1,561,200 1,624,600 2,124,600 2,124,600 Dam Repair (2218) 585,100 1,500,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | * | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dam Repair (2218) 585,100 1,500,000 0 0 Federal Grants (2000) 223,500 130,500 0 0 Flood Warning System (1021) 43,400 175,500 3,000 3,000 General Adjudications (2191) 74,500 50,000 50,000 50,000 Indirect Cost Recovery (9000) 211,400 675,000 575,000 575,000 Production and Copying (2411) 52,600 50,000 50,000 50,000 Publications and Mailings (2410) 13,300 12,000 12,000 12,000 State Water Storage (2287) 1,974,700 3,000,000 3,250,000 3,250,000 Water Banking, Arizona (2110) 6,083,500 19,816,400 19,816,400 19,816,400 Water Quality, Arizona (1302) 6,416,800 6,548,000 0 0 0 Water Quality, Arizona (2304) 555,500 852,100 852,100 852,100 Department of Water Resources - Subtotal \$17,795,500 \$34,434,100 \$26,733,100 \$26,733,100 TOTAL - FEDERAL AND OTHE | | | | | |
| Federal Grants (2000) 223,500 130,500 0 0 0 Flood Warning System (1021) 43,400 175,500 3,000 3,000 3,000 General Adjudications (2191) 74,500 50,000 50,000 50,000 Indirect Cost Recovery (9000) 211,400 675,000 575,000 575,000 Production and Copying (2411) 52,600 50,000 50,000 50,000 Publications and Mailings (2410) 13,300 12,000 12,000 12,000 State Water Storage (2287) 1,974,700 3,000,000 3,250,000 3,250,000 Water Banking, Arizona (2110) 6,083,500 19,816,400 19,816,400 19,816,400 Water Protection, Arizona (1302) 6,416,800 6,548,000 0 0 0 Water Quality, Arizona (2304) 555,500 852,100 852,100 852,100 Department of Water Resources - Subtotal \$17,795,500 \$34,434,100 \$26,733,100 \$26,733,100 TOTAL - FEDERAL AND OTHER NON- APPROPRIATED FUND EXPENDITURES \$5,942,815,200 \$6,741,163,500 \$7,516,770,200 \$6,959,628,900 Total - Other Funds 2,842,115,200 3,376,318,600 3,939,359,600 3,195,544,700 Total - Federal Funds 3,100,700,000 3,364,844,900 3,577,410,600 3,764,084,200 | | | , , , | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | |
| Flood Warning System (1021) 43,400 175,500 3,000 3,000 General Adjudications (2191) 74,500 50,000 50,000 50,000 Indirect Cost Recovery (9000) 211,400 675,000 575,000 575,000 575,000 Production and Copying (2411) 52,600 50,000 50,000 50,000 Publications and Mailings (2410) 13,300 12,000 12,000 State Water Storage (2287) 1,974,700 3,000,000 3,250,000 3,250,000 Water Banking, Arizona (2110) 6,083,500 19,816,400 19,816,400 19,816,400 Water Protection, Arizona (1302) 6,416,800 6,548,000 0 0 0 0 0 Water Quality, Arizona (2304) 555,500 852,100 852,100 852,100 Department of Water Resources - Subtotal \$17,795,500 \$34,434,100 \$26,733,100 \$26,733,100 \$26,733,100 \$70tal - Other Funds 2,842,115,200 \$3,376,318,600 3,939,359,600 3,195,544,700 Total - Federal Funds 3,100,700,000 3,364,844,900 3,577,410,600 3,764,084,200 TOTAL - FEDERAL AND OTHER NON-APPROPRIATED | | , | , , , | • | 0 |
| General Adjudications (2191) 74,500 50,000 50,000 50,000 Indirect Cost Recovery (9000) 211,400 675,000 575,000 575,000 Production and Copying (2411) 52,600 50,000 50,000 50,000 Publications and Mailings (2410) 13,300 12,000 12,000 12,000 State Water Storage (2287) 1,974,700 3,000,000 3,250,000 3250,000 Water Banking, Arizona (2110) 6,083,500 19,816,400 19,816,400 19,816,400 Water Protection, Arizona (1302) 6,416,800 6,548,000 0 0 Water Quality, Arizona (2304) 555,500 852,100 852,100 852,100 Department of Water Resources - Subtotal \$17,795,500 \$34,434,100 \$26,733,100 \$26,733,100 TOTAL - FEDERAL AND OTHER NON-APPROPRIATED \$5,942,815,200 \$6,741,163,500 \$7,516,770,200 \$6,959,628,900 Total - Other Funds 2,842,115,200 3,376,318,600 3,939,359,600 3,195,544,700 TOTAL - FEDERAL AND OTHER NON-APPROPRIATED 2/ | | | , | • | |
| Indirect Cost Recovery (9000) 211,400 675,000 575,000 575,000 | | | , | | |
| Production and Copying (2411) 52,600 50,000 50,000 50,000 Publications and Mailings (2410) 13,300 12,000 12,000 12,000 State Water Storage (2287) 1,974,700 3,000,000 3,250,000 3,250,000 Water Banking, Arizona (2110) 6,083,500 19,816,400 19,816,400 19,816,400 Water Protection, Arizona (1302) 6,416,800 6,548,000 0 0 0 Water Quality, Arizona (2304) 555,500 852,100 852,100 852,100 Department of Water Resources - Subtotal \$17,795,500 \$34,434,100 \$26,733,100 TOTAL - FEDERAL AND OTHER NON-APPROPRIATED Total - Other Funds 2,842,115,200 3,376,318,600 3,939,359,600 3,195,544,700 Total - Federal Funds 3,100,700,000 3,364,844,900 3,577,410,600 3,764,084,200 | | , | , | , | |
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^{1/} The Joint Legislative Budget Committee approves the State Compensation Fund operating budget. The FY 2002 and FY 2003 amounts represent spending for calendar years 2001 and 2002.
The \$800 million of School Facility Board School Improvement Revenue Bond Proceeds are unlikely to be expended all in FY 2002 as dislayed. The

NA = No Fund Number

allocation by fiscal year will be updated once more information is received.

THE ECONOMY

The JLBC Staff annually provides the Arizona Legislature with a national and state economic and revenue forecast. In the first section of our report, we describe the prospects for the national and state economy during the next 30 months. Having set this groundwork, the second section of the report details our General Fund revenue forecast. In the third and final section, we provide the Legislature with estimates on the dollar levels of the state's Budget Stabilization Funds.

Summary

The U.S. economy will most likely have grown by more than 5% in 2000. This is almost 1% higher than what the most optimistic forecaster expected one year ago. As a result of Federal Reserve Board (the "Fed") tightening and rising energy prices, however, the economy now seems to be returning to a more sustainable growth path. Most prognosticators seem to subscribe to this view of a "softlanding" economy engineered by the Fed.

In spite of some recent unfavorable economic news, there is no reason to expect a recession within our forecast horizon of 30 months as long as the economic fundamentals remain sound, as they presently are. However, as it has been stated before, an economic expansion usually does not die of old age, but as a result of a shock, which by its very definition can never be predicted.

The outlook for the Arizona economy is similar to the U.S. forecast. This is because the Arizona economy tends to mirror the U.S. economy. In fact, in the current business cycle the state has even outperformed the national average in many areas, such as in personal income and employment growth. State forecasters anticipate this trend to hold, but still call for a gradual slowing of the Arizona economy over our forecast horizon.

The Forecasting Process

The state Legislature will be adopting its second biennial budget in the upcoming legislative session. Biennial budgeting requires a longer forecast horizon, which also inevitably increases the uncertainty of future state revenues. As of January 2001, we are forecasting revenues through June 2003, or equivalently, 30 consecutive months.

It is important to note that forecast errors tend to increase over time. This is because an error in one year is automatically rolled into and carried forward to subsequent years. By virtue of the so-called compounding effect, the final forecast error can become surprisingly large. For example, we have estimated that even if we forecast growth rates for FY 2002 and FY 2003 with absolute

accuracy, but over-forecast actual revenues in FY 2001 by no more than 1%, we would conclude FY 2003 with \$200 million less in revenues than originally anticipated.

The JLBC Staff uses several inputs to help forecast the economy and state revenues. The JLBC Staff's Finance Advisory Committee (FAC), a group of private and public economists, meets several times each year to provide economic advice to the JLBC Staff. In addition, we use data and models from the WEFA Group, an international forecasting firm, to forecast the U.S. economy. The University of Arizona is another important source as it provides the JLBC Staff with a detailed computer model as well as advice to forecast the state economy and several major state revenues.

The JLBC Staff also considers the national *Blue Chip Economic Indicators*, the *Arizona Blue Chip Forecast*, and the *Western Blue Chip Economic Forecast*. These reports tally the forecasts of noted analysts and average them to achieve consensus forecasts of the national, Arizona and western states economies.

The Economic Outlook

Background of the U.S. Economy

February of 2001 is expected to mark the tenth consecutive year of uninterrupted economic growth in the United States. More impressively, the real or inflation-adjusted Gross Domestic Product (GDP) has grown at an annual rate well in excess of 4.0% over the last four of these ten years. Such rapid continuous growth has not been witnessed since the sixties when much of the U.S. economy was fueled by spending on the Vietnam War. Also, while an environment of accelerating inflation characterized much of the 1960's and 1970's, the current business cycle, by contrast, has been marked by a period of remarkable price stability.

The harvest of this record long economic expansion has been reaped both on "Wall Street" and "Main Street." Investors have seen indices like the S&P 500 and the Dow Jones Industrial Average more than triple since the outset of the current business cycle. Even more breathtaking, the technology-dominated NASDAQ Composite Index has increased nearly sevenfold over the same period. No other

period of economic boom can even remotely match the 1990's with respect to the increase in market capitalization. Most American families have also benefited from the ensuing prosperity. According to the U.S. Census Bureau, the household median income has increased by almost 11% in real terms since the last recession ended in 1991. Rapid job creation accompanied by record low unemployment has spurred personal income growth and thus enabled an increase in the living standard for most Americans. This is evident from a vast array of economic indicators. For example, in the third quarter of 2000, the nation's homeownership rate reached a record high 67.7%.

By virtue of our tax system, a portion of this wealth has been redistributed from the private to the public sector. As a result, in 1996 total federal, state, and local government revenues exceeded expenditures for the first time in 15 years. Furthermore, the U.S. economic expansion has largely occurred at a time when Japan has mired in stagnation and Europe has been beset by sluggish growth and high unemployment. Economic pundits have struggled to find the appropriate superlatives to describe this era in U.S. economic history.

National Outlook

The Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC), the policy-making branch of the Federal Reserve System, raised short-term interest rates six times between June 29, 1999 and May 16, 2000. This gradual shift to a tighter monetary policy is believed to be the chief contributor to the slowdown of the U.S. economy in the second half of 2000. To a lesser extent, rising oil prices and a less buoyant equity market can also explain why economic growth has slowed. Although recent economic news reported that real GDP growth fell from 5.6% to 2.4% in the third quarter of this year, it would still be a mischaracterization to refer to the current state of the economy as weak or faltering. Instead, current economic indicators may merely suggest that we have entered a phase of the business cycle with moderate but still solid growth.

In fact, consumer spending still remains strong and actually accelerated in the third quarter of 2000. Instead, the slowdown in the third quarter was attributable to reduced business spending and an increased trade deficit. Recent corporate earnings warnings, particularly in the telecommunications and computer industry, have reduced investment spending. Higher energy prices and an exceptionally strong dollar have caused the U.S. trade balance to deteriorate further. The housing market, however, remains surprisingly resilient to Fed policy. While sales of existing homes declined slightly in September and October, new home sales continued to beat expectations. Although income and job gains remain solid, the major force sustaining new home sales is steadily dropping mortgage rates. Mortgage rates are closely tied to U.S. Treasury Bonds, and as long as the yields for these securities plummet, mortgage rates are bound to follow

suit. In fact, if mortgage rates continue to defy expectations and decline further, homeowners may spark a new wave of mortgage refinancing, which may provide a boost to consumer spending much like the situation in 1998 and 1999. Furthermore, construction spending on multi-family housing has more than offset the modest decline in single-family building. Overall, the housing market remains stable with no indications of an imbalance between supply and demand.

However, not all sectors of the economy have weathered the recent economic slowdown as well as the housing market. Auto sales, for example, weakened sharply in November to levels not seen since early 1999. The Conference Board's survey of household buying plans suggests a further reduction in vehicle sales over the next six months. As result of the slower pace of sales, both Ford and Chrysler have recently announced production cutbacks. If cost-cutting measures continue, a round of layoffs may also be in the offing.

Overall, the manufacturing industry has contracted mildly over the last few months as captured by the fall in the Purchasing Manager's Index. However, the performance of the manufacturing industry is no longer as reliable an indicator for the economy as it used to be. This is because manufacturing as a share of the U.S. economy has been shrinking over the last 20 years. Arguably, the cyclical volatility that characterizes the manufacturing industry may now be a poor gauge for the overall performance of the economy.

The Consumer Confidence Index has also fallen for the last three months. The dismal performance of the stock market, weaker manufacturing activity and a rise in jobless claims are all to blame. Despite the recent decline of the index, it still remains at a historically high level. However, if consumer confidence slips further, it is bound to have a larger negative impact on consumer spending.

Finally, considering a strong labor market, a historically low inflation rate, and still healthy productivity gains, most economists expect a continued albeit more moderate growth rate in 2001 than in recent years. Also, recent comments by Fed Chairman Greenspan alluded to possible rate cuts should the economy move toward a "hard landing." Although a recession is currently not anticipated, it can never be discounted. A stock market crash, a sharp spike in energy prices, or policy errors are but a few examples of what may trigger the onset of a recession.

JLBC Forecast

The JLBC Staff's forecast is based on WEFA's December 2000 baseline scenario for the U.S. economy. The baseline projection for growth in real output is 5.1% in 2000, 3.0% in 2001, and 3.6% in 2002. This is considerably higher than WEFA's 2000 forecast of 3.0% in December last year. It is interesting to note that the

| Figure 1 | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| U.S. Economic Outlook Summary | | | | | | | |
| Percent Change | <u>2000</u> | <u>2001</u> | <u>2002</u> | | | | |
| Real GDP | 5.1 | 3.0 | 3.6 | | | | |
| Employment | 2.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | | | | |
| Consumer Prices | 3.4 | 2.7 | 2.5 | | | | |

- Economic growth is expected to moderate in 2001 then re-accelerate in 2002 and 2003.
- Employment growth will fall by almost 1% in 2001 and then remain at that rate through 2003.
- Inflation is expected to fall in 2001 and 2002, only to increase in 2003.
- Unemployment is expected to reach 4.6% in 2001 where it will remain through 2003.

most positive projection by any major forecasting firm at that time was 4.2%, which is still nearly 1% lower than WEFA's current forecast.

WEFA attributes the expected deceleration of economic growth in 2001 to at least three factors. First, wage gains are expected to outpace price increases, which will depress profits and thus business spending. Second, housing activity, which constitutes a large segment of the U.S. economy, is believed to slow next year and with it related consumer purchases. Third, reduced demand for manufactured goods has caused an involuntary inventory build-up, which subsequently needs to be liquidated next year. Inventory liquidation detracts from national output and income.

Along with a slowing of the economy, WEFA expects job growth to fall from the current pace of 2.1% to 1.2% in both 2001 and 2002. The unemployment rate is expected to increase from 4.1% to 4.6% in 2001 and 4.7% in 2002. Inflation is expected to peak in 2000 at 3.4% only to fall to 2.7% and 2.5% in 2001 and 2002, respectively. (See Figure 1 for the U.S. summary and Figure 3 at the end of the narrative for detailed assumptions.)

The Blue Chip Forecast

The national *Blue Chip Economic Indicators* also expects the U.S. economy to slow with a real GDP growth rate of 5.1% in 2000 and 3.1% in 2001. (Forecasts for 2002 and beyond are not available.) Like WEFA, the *Blue Chip's* consensus forecast calls for the labor market to ease and inflation to subside in 2001. The majority of the 50 panelists expect unemployment to rise to 4.3% and inflation to fall to 2.7% in 2001.

The panelists cite the following three reasons (in order of importance) for forecasting a lower growth rate in 2001. (1) Fed tightening of monetary policy, which will continue to affect the economy next year, (2) weaker stock market, and (3) higher energy prices. To a lesser extent, the

panelists also expressed concerns over widening credit spreads and tighter bank loan standards.

The forecasters express cautious optimism about the future. Only 23% anticipate a recession to begin in 2001. At this time last year, the same panelists assigned a 42% probability for a recession in 2001. The majority of the *Blue Chip* analysts believe that the lower growth rate next year signals the return to long-run non-inflationary growth or a "soft landing" rather than the advent of a new recession.

Forecast Risks

Although a recession is considered unlikely in 2001, the U.S. economy, in spite of its resiliency, is not immune to economic shocks or imbalances. While a shock, such as a stock market crash or an oil crisis, is an unforeseen and often precipitous event that cannot be predicted, imbalances, by contrast, emerge over time and must be assessed when producing a forecast.

Growing imbalances in the U.S. economy today are most noticeable in the labor market and in foreign trade. Although the labor market has shown signs of slight easing lately, it still remains tight by historical standards. Most notably, average hourly earnings rose by 4.0% in November, the largest year-over-year increase since January 1999. Also, unit labor costs increased by 2.9% in the third quarter of 2000 reversing three consecutive quarters of falling costs. Unless productivity growth accelerates from its already healthy pace, wage increases are bound to result in lower corporate profits and/or higher consumer prices. However, with slower growth in output that is largely due to reduced capital spending, further productivity gains seem unlikely. A situation with upward pressure on inflation and downward pressure on profits makes Fed policy even more precarious. Under this scenario, the central bank may opt to raise short-term interest rates to stave off inflation, which could choke off the economy and drive us into a recession much like in 1991.

The increasing current account deficit is another imbalance that is a cause of concern. The current account, which primarily measures the exports and imports of goods and services, reached another record deficit in the third quarter of 2000. Aided by a strong dollar and still high consumer confidence, American consumers continue to show insatiable appetite for foreign commodities. The prospects for an improvement of the U.S. current account appear dim when considering rising oil prices and slower economic growth globally.

An alternative interpretation of the current account is that it constitutes the difference between national savings and national investments. By this definition, a current account deficit implies a shortfall in national savings, which must be offset by foreign capital. Unfortunately, this imbalance makes the U.S. economy increasingly vulnerable to sudden

shifts in investment preferences. If foreign investors decide to pull back their funds, the dollar's value may start to decline rapidly, which in turn could force the Fed to raise interest rates in an attempt to revert the capital flow. While higher interest rates increase private savings, they also depress consumption and capital spending. In other words, a correction of the current account balance may come at the cost of a new recession.

In spite of the aforementioned imbalances or other forecast risks, such as a severe credit crunch, WEFA assigns no more than a 15% probability for a recession in 2001. Instead, WEFA predicts a more moderate growth in 2001 followed by a slight re-acceleration in 2002 and 2003, an outlook consistent with a so-called "soft-landing" economy. Hence, WEFA calls for real GDP to grow by 3.0% in 2001 and 3.6% in 2002 and 2003.

Arizona Overview

Final data on the Arizona economy in 2000 will not be available for several months. However, current indicators suggest that 2000 will closely match but not outperform the state's strong showing in 1999. Historically, Arizona's economy has generally tracked the national economy and therefore as the U.S. economy decelerates, the state is likely to follow suit. While a recession is not believed to be in the offing, the JLBC Staff expects growth to moderate over the next 30 months. The state economy has grown considerably faster than the national average during the current business cycle in terms of personal income and employment growth and there is no reason for this trend to change in the near future.

The strength of the state's economy is evident from its rapid recovery from the Asian financial crisis in the fall of 1998. At that time, Arizona's export industry was severely affected by the reduced demand for its manufactured goods and many layoffs resulted from it. Today, the state Department of Commerce reports that 2000 will likely break the record set in 1997 when \$13.8 billion worth of goods were exported from Arizona to other countries.

(The JLBC Staff's forecast is summarized in <u>Figure 2</u> and details are presented in the narrative that follows.)

| Figure 2 | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Ariz | ona Outlook | Summary | |
| Percent Change | <u>2000</u> | <u>2001</u> | <u>2002</u> |
| Personal Income | 6.9 | 6.4 | 6.3 |
| Emplovment Population | 3.5 2.8 | 3.2 2.5 | 3.0 2.5 |

- Personal income is expected to slow from the double-digit growth in 1999.
- Employment growth will moderate slowly, but still remain above the U.S. average.
- Population growth will slow due to less creation of new jobs.
- Housing market will continue its cool-off period, but still remain stable.

Finance Advisory Committee

The Finance Advisory Committee (FAC), a panel of leading economists from both the private and public sector, met on November 20, 2000 in order to present its outlook on the U.S. and Arizona economy. The panelists generally agreed that the rapid growth rate of the recent past is unsustainable and that a moderating growth rather than a recession is what the future holds for the nation as well as the state.

Personal Income

Personal income is a measure of all sources of income, including wages, dividends, interest, profits, and transfers such as pensions. Arizona's personal income grew by 7.4% in 1999, which was 1.6% above the national average and ninth fastest in the nation.

Only personal income data for the first two quarters of 2000 is currently available. In the first quarter, personal income rose by a very strong 10.1% year-to-year. The growth rate slowed to 7.4% in the second quarter, but this is still a brisk pace by historical standards. (It should be noted that personal income data is frequently subject to major revisions and therefore the 2000 and even 1999 figures are not final yet.)

The Arizona Blue Chip November consensus forecast for personal income reflects the expectation of moderating growth. The panel expects personal income in the state to grow by 7.0% in 2000, 6.4% in 2001, and 6.3% in 2002. This is still a robust growth rate, but not as high as the 8.1% average recorded in the three preceding years. The JLBC Staff's forecast is 6.9% in 2000, 6.4% in 2001, and 6.3% in 2002.

Employment

The Arizona economy added more than 450,000 new jobs in the five years between the summer of 1995 and the summer of 2000. This means that one out of every five jobs today did not exist five years ago. This explosive growth has often earned Arizona the number one ranking in the nation with respect to job creation over the last few years. In September 2000, the Grand Canyon state had to yield its number one position to Nevada, but it still enjoys a healthy growth rate of 4.1% year-to-year. The experts on the *Arizona Blue Chip* forecast panel expect employment growth to end at 3.9% in 2000, which would translate into 86,700 new jobs statewide. The corresponding forecasts for 2001 and 2002 are 3.2% and 3.0%, respectively. The JLBC Staff's forecast is 0.4% lower than the *Blue Chip* in 2000 but exactly the same in 2001 and 2002.

All sectors of the economy are posting high employment gains except construction. In September 2000, construction growth was ranked 37th in the nation with a meager showing of 1.8%. At the same time last year, the construction industry was growing at an annual rate of 7.5%. While these statistics indicate a cooling off in construction activities, they also mask the fact that

Arizona's construction employment is at an all time record high level of 160,000 construction jobs, twice as many as in 1993. Some analysts even argue that the slow job growth in construction reflects more of a labor shortage problem than a reduced demand for new housing.

The unemployment rate in the state in October was 3.7%, which was 0.6% less than what was recorded at the same time last year. The *Arizona Blue Chip* analysts expect the final 2000 unemployment rate to reach 4.2%, and then rise to 4.5% in 2001 and 2002. The JLBC Staff's forecast is 0.1% higher in 2000 and 2001, but the same in 2002. These forecasts reflect the expectation of a moderating state economy.

Population

Arizona's population is expected to grow by 2.8% in 2000, the same rate of growth as posted for 1999. This means that the state will add 135,000 new residents in 2000. The *Arizona Blue Chip* panelists predict that the statewide population growth will slow to 2.6% in 2001 and 2002, which is 0.1% higher than the JLBC Staff's forecast for the same period. This means that Arizona is expected to have 5.2 million residents in July 2002.

Slower population growth reflects a less rapid pace in job creation. Population growth is closely tied to job creation, so once less employment opportunities become available, fewer people will also make Arizona their permanent home.

Retail Sales

Retail sales grew by 10.2% in 1999, which was an exceptional year that will not be matched in 2000, or in any year throughout our forecast horizon. Gyrations in the stock market and a less buoyant housing market tempered consumer spending in 2000. The *Arizona Blue Chip* panel calls for retail sales to grow by 6.8% in 2000, 5.6% in 2001, and 5.8% in 2002. The JLBC Staff also anticipates a slower growth in retail sales but does not expect it to decline as quickly as the *Blue Chip* panel. We forecast growth rates of 8.8% in 2000, 6.3% in 2001, and 6.5% in 2002.

Housing

The housing market in Arizona is also slowing somewhat following the remarkable years of 1998 and 1999. Homebuilding activity, as measured by new units permitted, will be less than 60,000 statewide in 2000, compared to nearly 63,000 building permits in 1999. The *Arizona Blue Chip* expects a further decline in 2001 and 2002 both for single-family and multi-family (mostly apartments) construction.

The market for existing homes is also cooling from last year's extraordinary performance. This is particularly evident in metro-Phoenix, where sellers of existing homes now outnumber buyers. November resales were down 23% from the same month in 1999.

The lower-than-expected mortgage rates have probably prevented a more dramatic slowdown in home buying. After having peaked at 8.5% in May 2000, the rates are now almost 1% less. Lower mortgage rates offset higher housing prices, which in turn prevent many first-time buyers from being priced out of the market. The continuation of a stable housing market is contingent upon housing affordability.

Conclusion

The outlook for the Grand Canyon state for the next 30 months remains favorable. A recession is not expected, but can never be ruled out. Instead, we expect a continued trend of still healthy but slowing growth.

The Arizona economy faces the same risks as the nation as a whole. While the state economy is strong, it is not immune to economic shocks such as a stock market crash or another international oil crisis. Barring any shocks to the economy, the state should continue to do well. Personal income will grow less rapidly than in the last few years, but will still follow a steady albeit slowing growth path. The labor market will ease somewhat but still record 60,000 to 70,000 new jobs annually. Along with slower employment growth, we can also expect to see a smaller influx of people to Arizona than previously. The population increase will still exceed 100,000 annually over our forecast horizon.

Retail sales will not be fueled by a strong equity and housing market this time around. Instead, market conditions will probably revert to more historical averages. While consumer confidence in the state remains higher than nationally, it will likely fall somewhat and thus the retail spending associated with it.

Overall, the economic fundamentals in Arizona are favorable. While Arizona has yet to establish itself as a center for the "new economy," it nonetheless enjoys high nationwide rankings and has been the recipient of large sums of venture capital, which are key to increasing the presence of new high-tech companies in the state.

Figure 3 **National Outlook** Calendar Years National Economic Indicators 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 9,330.0 9,955.0 8,515.7 8,875.8 9,614.0 Real Gross Domestic Product ^{1/} (Billions) % Change 5.1 3.0 4.4 4.2 3.6 Blue Chip 5.1 3.1 N/A 128.8 131.5 133.0 134.7 125.8 Wage & Salary Employment ^{2/} (Millions) 2.6 2.3 2.1 1.2 1.2 % Change Unemployment Rate - % 4.5 4.2 4.1 4.6 4.7 Blue Chip 4.0 4.3 N/A After-Tax Corporation Profits ^{2/} (Billions) 583.0 567.2 647.2 656.8 673.8 % Change 5.6 14.1 1.5 2.6 (2.7)1.6 1.7 1.6 1.4 1.4 Housing Starts ²/(Millions) % Change 9.9 3.4 (0.2)(5.5)(8.6)15.4 16.8 17.4 15.9 16.0 New Car Sales 2/ (Millions) % Change 2.0 9.1 3.6 0.1 (8.6)Consumer Price Index 163.1 166.7 172.4 177.0 181.4 % Change 1.6 2.2 3.4 2.7 2.5 Blue Chip 3.4 2.7 N/A 1/ Chained (1996) Dollars. 2/ Blue Chip Data Unavailable.

| | | C | Calendar Years | | |
|---|-------------|-------------|----------------|-------------|-----------|
| Arizona Economic Indicators | <u>1998</u> | <u>1999</u> | <u>2000</u> | <u>2001</u> | 2002 |
| Personal Income ^{1/} (Millions) | 112,973.8 | 121,391.3 | 129,767.3 | 138,072.4 | 146,771.0 |
| % Change | 8.7 | 7.4 | 6.9 | 6.4 | 6.3 |
| Arizona Blue Chip | | | 7.0 | 6.4 | 6.3 |
| Personal Income-Per Capita 1996 Dollars ^{2/} | 24,022.0 | 25,096.0 | 26,350.8 | 27,404.8 | 28,418.8 |
| % Change | 5.6 | 4.5 | 5.0 | 4.0 | 3.7 |
| Population (Thousands) | 4,703.0 | 4,837.0 | 4,972.4 | 5,096.7 | 5,224.2 |
| % Change | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.5 |
| Arizona Blue Chip | | | 2.8 | 2.6 | 2.6 |
| Retail Sales (Millions) | 45,292.9 | 49,897.7 | 54,288.7 | 57,708.9 | 614,559.9 |
| % Change | 5.8 | 10.2 | 8.8 | 6.3 | 6.5 |
| Arizona Blue Chip | | | 6.8 | 5.6 | 5.8 |
| Wage & Salary Employment (Thousands) | 2,074.3 | 2,161.1 | 2,236.7 | 2,308.3 | 2,377.6 |
| % Change | 4.5 | 4.2 | 3.5 | 3.2 | 3.0 |
| Arizona Blue Chip | | | 3.9 | 3.2 | 3.0 |
| Unemployment Rate - % | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 4.6 | 4.5 |
| Arizona Blue Chip | | | 4.2 | 4.5 | 4.5 |

GENERAL FUND REVENUE

Recommendation Revenue

The FY 2002-2003 biennium budget requires General Fund revenues to be forecast 30 months in advance. Our current revenue forecast in January 2001 will have to apply to economic conditions through June 2003. It is not possible to predict the state of the economy with pinpoint certainty that far in the future.

As a starting point in developing a revenue forecast, we believe it is useful to review General Fund baseline revenue growth during the recent past. To ensure comparability between years, baseline revenues measure the underlying growth in collections before tax law changes.

Total General Fund baseline revenues have grown on average by 7.8% over the last 12 years. This time includes years of expansion as well as contraction in the Arizona economy. During the last five exclusively expansionary years, baseline General Fund revenues have grown by 9.8%.

The general economic consensus is that the Arizona economy will continue to grow, although at lower rates than in the prior expansionary years. Given the difficulty in predicting revenues 30 months in advance, we have provided the Appropriations Chairmen a range of possible growth rates during the upcoming biennium as well as a point-specific forecast.

Based on past track record of revenue collections and the current economic forecast, the JLBC Staff believes that General Fund baseline revenues in FY 2001 through FY 2003 will grow between 6.8% and 8.8% annually. For

purposes of the JLBC Recommendation, the Appropriations Chairmen have chosen a baseline forecast of 8.3% in FY 2001, 8.1% in FY 2002 and 7.9% in FY 2003.

The JLBC Staff estimates that already enacted tax law changes will cost \$70.4 million in FY 2002 and \$75.1 million in FY 2003. In addition, the Appropriations Chairmen are proposing \$15 million in new tax reductions in FY 2002 and \$30 million in FY 2003. Both figures are relative to FY 2001. After incorporating these changes, adjusted net General Fund JLBC recommendation revenues are projected to grow by 6.8% in FY 2001, 6.8% in FY 2002 and 7.7% in FY 2003.

The following table compares the JLBC Recommendation Revenues, the JLBC Staff forecast, and the Executive's forecast. A portion of the difference, \$76 million, is due to the Executive's assumption that federal disproportionate share revenue will be eliminated in the state's negotiations with the federal government on Proposition 204.

Summary of JLBC Staff Forecast

As described in The Economy Section, the JLBC Staff forecasts that both the national and Arizona economies will continue to grow over the forecast period from January 2001 to June 2003. While we expect the economy to continue growing, it is believed to do so at a decelerating rate over the next 30 months. Based on a consensus of leading economists, however, the JLBC Staff does not foresee a recession during this time period. We caution the reader that it is virtually impossible to make accurate predictions this far in advance.

| | | eral Fund Rev ison of Foreca | | es | | |
|---------------------|----------|---------------------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | • | (\$ in Million | | | | |
| | FY | | FY | | FY | |
| | 2001 | FY | 2002 | FY | 2003 | FY |
| | Baseline | 2001 | Baseline | 2002 | Baseline | 2003 |
| | Revenues | Adjusted | Revenues | Adjusted | Revenues | Adjusted |
| | % | Revenues | % | Revenues | <u></u> % | Revenues |
| JLBC Recommendation | 8.3 | \$6,768.4 | 8.1 | \$7,246.2 | 7.9 | \$7,819.5 |
| JLBC Staff | 8.2 | \$6,762.0 | 7.4 | \$7,192.0 | 7.8 | \$7,753.8 |
| Executive | 8.4 | \$6,780.7 | 6.5 | \$7,074.5 | 7.2 | \$7,573.4 |

The JLBC Staff forecast reflects baseline revenue growth rates of 8.2% in FY 2001, 7.4% in FY 2002, and 7.8% in FY 2003. In dollar terms, baseline revenues are expected to equal \$6,857.7 million in FY 2001, \$7,262.4 million in FY 2002, and \$7,828.9 million in FY 2003. (Note that baseline revenue estimates reflect the forecasted "natural" growth in revenues, prior to accounting for any newly effective or phased-in legislation, proposed legislation, sales tax collections related to Proposition 301, or urban revenue sharing.)

The detailed revenue forecast appears in <u>Figure 6</u> and <u>Figure 7</u> at the end of this section. These figures include baseline and adjusted forecasts for each revenue category.

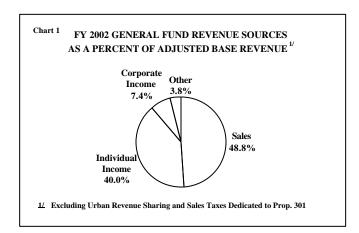
Legislative Changes

The FY 2001 revenue forecast includes \$(95.6) million in tax and revenue reductions. This is \$(20.1) million in further reductions from the estimates reported in the 2000 enacted budget. This change is partly attributable to newly enacted alternative fuel vehicle legislation (Laws 2000, 7th Special Session, Chapter 1).

The FY 2002 and FY 2003 revenue forecasts include previously enacted tax and revenue reductions in the amount of \$(70.4) million and \$(75.1) million, respectively. The estimates of FY 2002 and FY 2003 tax law changes are new changes over and above already enacted FY 2001 tax laws. (More details of legislative changes are provided in <u>Figure 8</u> at the end of this narrative.)

In addition, the Appropriations Chairmen are proposing \$(15) million in new unspecified tax reductions in FY 2002 and \$(30) million in FY 2003.

The Big Picture - Arizona's Major Revenue Sources



Before providing more details on our revenue forecast, it is important to understand the overall context of Arizona's

General Fund revenue sources. The bulk of General Fund revenues is raised from three sources, known as the "Big Three". The largest of these is the sales tax, which is projected to generate 48.8% of General Fund revenue excluding urban revenue sharing and the sales taxes dedicated to Proposition 301 in FY 2002. The individual income tax is the next largest source, accounting for 40.0%, while the corporate income tax share is 7.4%. Together these three taxes are expected to provide 96.2% of General Fund revenue. [See Chart 1]

Individual General Fund Revenue Forecasts

Key Factors for the Sales Tax

- ◆ Sales tax revenues are expected to continue growing at a strong pace.
- ◆ Consumer spending, the backbone of this expansion, will remain buoyant.
- ♦ The 0.6% education sales tax will come online in FY 2002

Sales and Use Tax

Baseline sales and use tax collections are forecast to increase by 8.3% in FY 2001 and by 8.0% in both FY 2002 and FY 2003. Beginning with FY 2002, the 0.6% increase in the sales tax rate dedicated to education will become effective, and this tax is forecast to raise \$486.0 million in FY 2002 before rising 8.0% to \$524.7 million in FY 2003.

We project that sales tax revenues will continue to grow at a high level throughout the forecast biennium. Despite recent evidence that the economy may be slowing, we expect consumer spending to remain strong for the next few years. This economic expansion has proven itself resilient and durable, and our forecast calls for more of the same. With unemployment at low levels and favorable demographic conditions (i.e., the large Baby Boom generation is in its peak-earning phase), the long-term economic fundamentals look good.

Key Factors for the Individual Income Tax

- ♦ Through November 2000 withholding receipts have grown over 8.8%, much faster than reported job and wage growth.
- ♦ Capital gains income have continued to contribute to growth of final year-end payments in recent years.

Individual Income Tax

Baseline individual income tax collections are expected to grow by 10.5% in FY 2001. This compares to 10.3% in FY 2000 and 15.4% in FY 1999. The outlook for the personal income tax remains positive.

Total individual income tax receipts have four major components: withholding, estimated payments, annual final payments, and refunds. The amount of money withheld from paychecks is a relatively smooth series which reflects employment and wage growth trends. The total net income tax revenue is, however, affected by refunds, quarterly estimated tax payments and final payments made during tax filing season. Withholding has increased 8.8% through November 2000 in response to continued employment and wage growth in Arizona.

Included in the net revenue forecast is the estimate for the costs of alternative fuels tax credits which eligible taxpayers are expected to take over the next three years. This includes \$(4.4) million for alternative fuel tax credits which will be applied to taxpayers' individual income tax liabilities. Credits which are over and above the taxpayers liability will be paid out of the Budget Stabilization Fund, as discussed in the following section of this report. In addition, an estimated \$(15.7) million has been deducted from the forecast in FY 2001 for the cost of tax credits for neighborhood electric vehicles.

Given the expectation of a growing economy through the biennial forecast horizon, baseline revenue growth is expected to continue at 10.2% in FY 2002 and 9.9% in FY 2003.

Key Factors for the Corporate Income Tax

- ♦ It is unclear at this time if the current revenue surplus in this tax will remain through the end of the fiscal year.
- ◆ There is uncertainty over how much the recent decline in corporate profits will affect tax collections.

Corporate Income Tax

Baseline corporate income tax collections are forecasted to increase by 5.8% in FY 2001, and increase by a more conservative 5.0% in both FY 2002 and FY 2003. After accounting for tax reductions, collections are projected to decline by (1.6)% in FY 2001, (3.1)% in FY 2002, and grow by 5.4% in FY 2003.

The projected negative revenue growth in this tax is a result of an estimated \$(38.7) million in tax reductions in FY 2001, followed by another \$(41.9) million in tax reductions in FY 2002. The majority of this tax reduction

is from legislation that reduced the tax rate from 8% down to 7%.

It is difficult to estimate this tax because of the fact that a few companies have a large influence on the level of tax collections, and that fluctuations in the profit-making status of these companies may lead to large changes in total tax payments. A review of Department of Revenue annual reports identifies that as little as two-tenths of 1% of filers pay more than 50% of total tax collections. The JLBC Staff has little information about these taxpayers.

In addition, these companies have much flexibility when it comes to paying taxes; past returns may be amended at a later date, potential refunds may be converted into estimated quarterly payments, and tax credits may be taken over many years. Until the JLBC Staff has access to more specific tax data, this forecast will continue to prove to be the most unreliable.

Property Tax

The net assessed value (NAV) for properties in Arizona grew by 6.7% in FY 2000, and is projected to grow by 8.4% in FY 2001, 7.0% in FY 2002, and 5.0% in FY 2003. Most of the NAV growth so far has been driven by new construction and that pattern is assumed to hold over our forecast horizon as well.

In spite of rising property values, tax collections for the state are expected to decline by (3.5%) in FY 2001, (8.5%) in FY 2002, and (5.6%) in FY 2003. This forecast would generate property tax proceeds of \$39.9 million in FY 2001, \$36.5 million in FY 2002, and \$34.5 million in FY 2003. The reason for this anomaly is that the General Fund does not receive property tax revenues from all school districts in the state. Instead, state taxes are levied only on properties in districts that do not qualify for Basic State Education Aid (so-called zero-aid districts) and on properties located outside the boundaries of school districts (so-called unorganized districts). In addition, 50% of flight property tax is deposited into the General Fund.

Laws 2000, 2nd Regular Session, Chapter 384 changed the valuation methodology for electrical generation plants. This legislation was prompted by the deregulation of electric utilities in Arizona. Under the new methodology, the value of generation facilities will be allowed to depreciate more rapidly than before. We have estimated that this legislation will reduce property tax revenues to the state by \$(2.2) million in FY 2002 and \$(3.9) million in FY 2003. Other property tax legislation is only expected to have a negligible effect on property tax collections in FY 2001 to FY 2003.

It should be noted that most property tax legislation has a small impact on state revenues but a large effect on state expenditures. This is because K-12 education in Arizona is funded both through local property taxes and the state's

equalization formula for school aid. By virtue of the funding formula, there is an inherent trade-off between these two funding sources. This means that whenever local property tax revenues are reduced, the state must make up for this loss to keep the funding amount unchanged.

Insurance Premium Tax

After growing 6.7% in FY 2000, baseline insurance premium tax growth is expected to moderate to 2.7% in FY 2001. The trend in underlying growth of insurance premiums remains healthy, but it had previously been thought by the Department of Insurance that there would not be any bankruptcies, however small, within the industry in Arizona in the near term. The department now anticipates a small number of insolvencies in the next few years. These influence revenues because the remaining healthy insurers in Arizona are assessed to pay for the outstanding policy claims of the bankrupt insurer. Subsequently, the healthy insurers are able to deduct their assessments from their premium taxes over a 5-year period. Overall, the outlook for the insurance industry remains healthy and a decline in the industry's financial health is not expected. Premium taxes are expected to grow 3.0% in FY 2002 and then, in line with a resumption of growth, increase by 4.7% in FY 2003.

Lottery

The JLBC Staff forecasts that deposits to the General Fund will drop to \$20.6 million in FY 2001, and will drop further to \$19.9 million in FY 2002 and \$18.6 million in FY 2003. Laws 1997, Chapter 214 caps the amount that the General Fund can receive from the Powerball game at \$21 million, and allows profits in excess of this cap to be transferred to the mass transit program. Changes to the odds structure of the game in FY 1998 made it more difficult to win, resulting in bigger jackpots. The larger jackpots drew more players, leading to increased sales in FY 1998 and FY 1999. However, this proved to be only a temporary phenomenon, as sales figures in FY 2000 decreased by approximately (26.0)% from the prior year.

This forecast applies the FY 1999 rate of return of 31.6% to a steadily decreasing Powerball sales forecast. We believe that Powerball sales will continue to decline even with the odds change, an assumption supported by the FY 2000 results.

Interest

A record \$77.7 million in General Fund interest earnings was received in FY 2000, a 3.0% increase above the previous year. Operating fund balances, which includes the General Fund and all other state funds which earn interest that is not specifically earmarked, are expected to have average balances of about \$1.4 billion in FY 2001. The Treasurer's Office expects to earn about 6.2% on this which will yield an estimated \$87.0 million in earnings,

another record. The forecast expects that operating balances will remain at about the current levels over the following two years, largely because of continued strong revenue growth and bonding for the cash requirements of the Students First capital expenditure program. The forecast for earnings in FY 2002 is \$80.0 million followed by \$70.0 million in FY 2003.

Disproportionate Share

Disproportionate Share Hospital (DSH) program revenue represents money paid by the federal government to hospitals that disproportionately serve the indigent population. Payments are made to the state, which then transmits the monies to the counties. A portion of the DSH revenue is withheld by the state for deposit into the state General Fund. This revenue stream could change as part of the state's negotiation with the federal government over the financing of certain health care programs. Until that negotiation is completed, the JLBC Staff continues the state share of DSH revenue at a level of \$76.5 million per year for the FY 2001 through FY 2003 period.

Other Non-Tax Revenues - Miscellaneous

A judgement recovery of funds relating to a complicated insurance bankruptcy in the early 1990's has resulted in annual payments, starting with \$17 million in FY 1997 and \$7 million each year thereafter through FY 2000. A final payment of \$26 million is due in FY 2001. This large final payment is the primary reason for the increase of \$25.2 million in the licenses, fees, and permits revenue category in FY 2001, and the subsequent decline in FY 2002.

Figure 6

BIENNIAL BUDGET JLBC STAFF FORECAST (FY 2001 - FY 2003)

BASELINE REVENUE GROWTH 1/

(\$ in Thousands)

| | BASELINE FORECAST FY 2001 | % ABOVE FY 2000 ACTUAL | \$ CHANGE FROM FY 2000act | \$ CHANGE FROM PRIOR FRCST | BASELINE FORECAST FY 2002 | % ABOVE FY 2001 ADJUSTED | \$ CHANGE FROM FY 2001adj | BASELINE FORECAST FY 2003 | % ABOVE FY 2002 BASE | \$ CHANGE FROM FY 2002base |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Taxes: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sales and Use | 3,064,050.1 | 8.3% | 234,742.7 | 47,319.7 | 3,304,511.7 | 8.0% | 245,353.6 | 3,569,711.0 | 8.0% | 265,199.3 |
| Income -Individual | 2,529,021.3 | 10.5% | 239,692.4 | 37,525.8 | 2,758,630.3 | 10.2% | 256,135.8 | 3,031,858.9 | 9.9% | 273,228.6 |
| -Corporate | 553,645.2 | 5.8% | 30,463.6 | 0.0 | 540,675.6 | 5.0% | 25,746.5 | 567,708.7 | 5.0% | 27,033.1 |
| Property | 39,953.8 | -3.5% | (1,438.5) | 0.0 | 38,791.1 | -2.8% | (1,132.7) | 38,478.8 | -0.8% | (312.3) |
| Luxury | 65,899.8 | 0.7% | 463.7 | 0.0 | 66,293.7 | 0.6% | 393.9 | 66,691.0 | 0.6% | 397.3 |
| Insurance Premium | 165,000.0 | 2.7% | 4,298.7 | (13,000.0) | 170,000.0 | 3.0% | 5,000.0 | 178,000.0 | 4.7% | 8,000.0 |
| Motor Vehicle License | 25,000.0 | 3.0% | 734.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | - | 0.0 | 0.0 | - | 0.0 |
| Estate | 75,000.0 | -7.0% | (5,644.3) | 5,000.0 | 80,000.0 | 6.7% | 5,000.0 | 80,000.0 | 0.0% | 0.0 |
| Other Taxes | 2,196.4 | 1.0% | 21.7 | (710.5) | 2,229.4 | 30.4% | 519.9 | 2,262.8 | 1.5% | 33.4 |
| Sub-Total - Taxes | 6,519,766.6 | 8.4% | 503,334.2 | 76,135.0 | 6,961,131.8 | 8.4% | 537,017.0 | 7,534,711.1 | 8.2% | 573,579.3 |
| Other Non-Tax Revenues: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lottery | 20,574.9 | -2.0% | (425.1) | (425.1) | 19,878.7 | -3.4% | (696.2) | 18,626.7 | -6.3% | (1,252.0) |
| Licenses, Fees and Permits | 115,808.5 | 27.9% | 25,251.5 | 16,245.9 | 94,311.8 | -18.6% | (21,496.7) | 98,453.9 | 4.4% | 4,142.1 |
| Interest | 87,000.0 | 12.0% | 9,297.9 | 22,000.0 | 80,000.0 | -8.0% | (7,000.0) | 70,000.0 | -12.5% | (10,000.0) |
| Transfers and Reimbursements | 30,615.7 | 16.8% | 4,393.6 | 615.7 | 30,615.7 | 0.0% | 0.0 | 30,615.7 | 0.0% | 0.0 |
| Disproportionate Share Revenue | 76,490.0 | -24.8% | (25,177.9) | 0.0 | 76,490.0 | 0.0% | 0.0 | 76,490.0 | 0.0% | 0.0 |
| Balance Transfers | 7,433.4 | 69.2% | 3,039.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -100.0% | (7,433.4) | 0.0 | | 0.0 |
| Sub-Total - Non-Tax | 337,922.5 | 5.1% | 16,379.8 | 38,436.5 | 301,296.2 | -10.8% | (36,626.3) | 294,186.3 | -2.4% | (7,109.9) |
| Total Base Revenue | 6,857,689.1 | 8.2% | 519,714.0 | 114,571.5 | 7,262,428.0 | 7.4% | 500,390.7 | 7,828,897.4 | 7.8% | 566,469.4 |
| Urban Revenue Sharing (URS) | (396,452.6) | 5.0% | (18,741.6) | (0.0) | (421,876.6) | 6.4% | (25,423.9) | (452,613.5) | 7.3% | (30,737.0) |
| Base Revenue After URS | 6,461,236.5 | 8.4% | 500,972.4 | 114,571.5 | 6,840,551.4 | 7.5% | 474,966.8 | 7,376,283.9 | 7.8% | 535,732.5 |

 $[\]overline{1/\, \text{The baseline fo}} \\ \text{recast represents revenue growth prior to accounting for tax law changes.}$

Figure 7

ADJUSTED REVENUE GROWTH 1/ (\$ in Thousands)

\$ CHANGE ADJUSTED % ABOVE \$ CHANGE ADJUSTED % ABOVE \$ CHANGE ADJUSTED % ABOVE \$ CHANGE FORECAST FY 2000 FROM FROM FORECAST FY 2001 FROM FORECAST FY 2002 FROM FY 2001 ACTUAL FY 2000act PRIOR FRCST FY 2002 ADJUSTED FY 2001 FY 2003 ADJUSTED FY 2002 Taxes: Sales and Use 2/ 3.059.158.1 229 850 7 47 319 7 3,302,747.1 243 589 0 3,566,393.9 263,646,8 8.1% 8.0% 8.0% Income -Individual 2,502,494.5 9.3% 213,165.6 17,348.8 2,709,157.3 8.3% 206,662,8 2.981.005.4 10.0% 271,848.1 -Corporate 514,929.1 -1.6% (8,252.5) 0.0 498,791.9 -3.1% (16,137.2) 525,799.0 5.4% 27,007.1 39,923.8 -3.5% (1,468.5) 0.0 36,526.2 -8.5% (3,397.6) 34,475.6 -5.6% (2,050.6) Property Luxury 65,899.8 0.7% 463.7 0.0 66,293.7 0.6% 393.9 66,691.0 0.6% 397.3 165,000.0 2.7% 4,298.7 (13,000.0) 170,000.0 3.0% 5,000.0 178,000.0 4.7% 8,000.0 Insurance Premium 0.0 -100.0% (24,265.8) 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Motor Vehicle License 75,000.0 -7.0% (5,644.3)5,000.0 80,000.0 6.7% 5,000.0 80.000.0 0.0% 0.0 Estate Other Taxes 1,709.5 -21.4% (465.2)(710.5) 2,229.4 30.4% 519.9 2,262.8 1.5% 33.4 6,424,114.8 6.8% 407,682.4 55,958.0 6,865,745.6 6.9% 441,630.8 7,434,627.6 8.3% 568,882.0 Sub-Total - Taxes Other Non-Tax Revenues: (1,252.0)Lottery 20,574.9 -2.0% (425.1)(425.1)19,878.7 -3.4% (696.2)18,626.7 -6.3% Licenses, Fees and Permits 115,808.5 27.9% 25,251.5 16,245.9 94,311.8 -18.6% (21,496.7) 98,453.9 4.4% 4,142.1 12.0% 9,297.9 22,000.0 70,000.0 (10,000.0) Interest 87,000.0 80,000.0 -8.0% (7,000.0)-12.5% 16.8% 81.7% 25,000.0 55,615.7 30,615.7 4,393.6 615.7 55,615.7 0.0% 0.0 Transfers and Reimbursements Disproportionate Share Revenue 76,490.0 -24.8% (25,177.9)0.0 76,490.0 0.0% 0.0 76,490.0 0.0% 0.0 7,433.4 69.2% 3,039.8 0.0 0.0 -100.0% (7,433.4) 0.0 Sub-Total - Non-Tax 337,922.5 5.1% 16,379.8 38,436.5 326,296.2 -3.4% (11,626.3) 319,186.3 -2.2% (7,109.9)6,762,037.3 6.7% 424.062.2 94,394,5 7.192.041.8 6.4% 430,004.5 7.753.813.9 7.8% 561,772.1 Total Adjusted Revenue N/A (15,000.0) N/A (30,000.0) 100.0% (15,000.0) Proposed Tax Reductions 0.0 N/A N/A N/A Adjusted Revenue After Proposed 6.762.037.3 6.7% 415.004.5 7.723.813.9 Tax Reductions & 301 424.062.2 94.394.5 7.177.041.8 6.1% 7.6% 546,772.1 Urban Revenue Sharing (URS) (396,452.6) 5.0% (18,741.6) (0.0)(421,876.6) 6.4% (25,423.9) (452,613.5) 7.3% (30,737.0) Adjusted Revenue After Proposed 6,365,584,7 6.8% 405.320.6 94.394.5 6.755.165.2 6.1% 389.580.6 7.271.200.4 7.6% 516.035.2 Tax Reductions, 301, & URS

^{1/} The adjusted forecast includes these tax law changes and represents a "bottom line" revenue growth estimate.

^{2/} See below for Proposition 301 0.6% monies

^{3/ 0.6%} sales tax for education authorized by Proposition 301.

LEGISLATIVE ADJUSTMENTS BY REVENUE CATEGORY

(\$ in Thousands)

| | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2003 |
|---------------------------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| Summary By Category: | | · | · |
| Sales & Use Tax | (4,892.0) | (1,764.6) | (3,317.1) |
| Individual Income Tax | (26,526.8) | (49,473.0) | (50,853.5) |
| Corporate Income Tax | (38,716.1) | (41,883.7) | (41,909.7) |
| Property Tax | (30.0) | (2,264.9) | (4,003.2) |
| Motor Vehicle License Tax (VLT) | (25,000.0) | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Other Taxes | (486.9) | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Transfers & Reimbursements | 0.0 | 25,000.0 | 25,000.0 |
| TOTAL TAX LAW CHANGES | (95,651.8) | (70,386.2) | (75,083.5) |

ADJUSTMENTS BY INDIVIDUAL LEGISLATION

| <u>Ch.</u> | Reference Title | <u>FY 2001</u> | FY 2002 | FY 2003 | Revenue <u>Category</u> |
|------------|--|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------------|
| 44th | Legislature - 7th Special Session: | | | | |
| 1 | Alternative Fuels Program Changes | (4,427.0) | 4,427.0 | 4,427.0 | Individual |
| | Session Total | (4,427.0) | 4,427.0 | 4,427.0 | |
| 44th | Legislature - 5th Special Session: | | | | |
| 1 | Education 2000; Programs | 0.0 | (41,600.0) | (41,600.0) | Individual |
| | | 0.0 | (3,750.0) | (3,847.5) | Individual |
| | | 0.0 | 25,000.0 | 25,000.0 | Transfers |
| | Subtotal - Chapter 1 | 0.0 | (20,350.0) | (20,447.5) | |
| | Session Total | 0.0 | (20,350.0) | (20,447.5) | |
| 44th | Legislature - 2nd Regular Session: | | | | |
| 111 | Board of Athletic Training | 60.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | Other |
| 168 | Victim Compensation; Unclaimed Restitution | (83.3) | 0.0 | 0.0 | Other |
| 214 | Renewable Energy; Tax Incentive | (40.7) | (2.1) | (4.3) | Sales |
| | | 0.0 | 0.0 | (57.0) | Individual |
| | | 0.0 | 0.0 | (8.8) | Property |
| | Subtotal - Chapter 214 | (40.7) | (2.1) | (70.1) | |
| 209 | Named Claimants; Appropriations | (103.6) | 0.0 | 0.0 | Other |
| 239 | Technology Training; Tax Credit | 0.0 | (2,500.0) | (2,500.0) | Corporate |
| | | 0.0 | (300.0) | (300.0) | Individual |
| | Subtotal - Chapter 239 | 0.0 | (2,800.0) | (2,800.0) | |
| 252 | Internal Revenue Code Conformity | (2,116.0) | (464.0) | 2,160.0 | Individual |
| | | 36.0 | 154.0 | 128.0 | Corporate |
| | Subtotal - Chapter 252 | (2,080.0) | (310.0) | 2,288.0 | |
| 258 | Cemeteries; Property Tax Exemption Process | 0.0 | 0.0 | (7.3) | Property |
| 267 | Agricultural Preservation District | 0.0 | (100.0) | (100.0) | Individual |
| 313 | Tax Credits; Character Instruction | 0.0 | (75.0) | (75.0) | Individual |
| 359 | Spaceport; Launch Site; Exemption | (18.3) | 0.0 | 0.0 | Sales |
| 372 | Tourism and Sports Authority | 0.0 | (3,500.0) | (7,350.0) | Individual |
| | | 0.0 | (1,512.5) | (3,062.8) | Sales |
| | Subtotal - Chapter 372 | 0.0 | (5,012.5) | (10,412.8) | |
| 381 | Appropriation; Floodway Control | (360.0) | 0.0 | 0.0 | Other |
| 384 | Property Tax; Electrical Generation Facilities | 0.0 | (2,234.9) | (3,957.1) | Property |
| 394 | Tuition Tax Credit; Handicapped Preschoolers | 0.0 | (100.0) | (100.0) | Individual |
| 405 | 2000 Clean Air Act | 0.0 | 192.3 | 192.3 | Corporate |
| | | (15,750.0) | 96.1 | 96.1 | Individual |
| | Subtotal - Chapter 405 | (15,750.0) | 288.4 | 288.4 | |
| | Session Total | (18,375.9) | (10,346.1) | (14,945.9) | |

| | | | | | Revenue | | |
|---|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|--|--|
| Ch. | Reference Title | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2003 | Category | | |
| 44th Legislature - 1st Special Session: | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Tax Relief and Fiscal Control | (20,000.0) | 0.0 | 0.0 | VLT | | |
| 5 | Triggers: | | | | | | |
| | Reduce Mining Severance | (3,333.0) | 0.0 | 0.0 | Sales | | |
| | Corporate Tax Rate Reductions | (32,000.0) | (32,000.0) | (32,000.0) | Corporate | | |
| | R & D Tax Credit Cap | (5,000.0) | (5,000.0) | (5,000.0) | Corporate | | |
| | Personal Property Tax | (30.0) | (30.0) | (30.0) | Property | | |
| | VLT Rate Reductions | (5,000.0) | 0.0 | 0.0 | VLT | | |
| | Subtotal - Triggers | (45,363.0) | (37,030.0) | (37,030.0) | | | |
| | Session Total | (65,363.0) | (37,030.0) | (37,030.0) | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| 44th | Legislature - 1st Regular Session: | | | | | | |
| 50 | Public Retirement; Benefits | (1,766.7) | 0.0 | 0.0 | Individual | | |
| 168 | Alternative Fuel Vehicles | (1,052.1) | 0.0 | 0.0 | Corporate | | |
| | | (427.1) | (427.1) | (427.1) | Individual | | |
| | Subtotal - Chapter 168 | (1,479.2) | (427.1) | (427.1) | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| 183 | Tax Sharing; Indian Tribal Colleges | (1,500.0) | (250.0) | (250.0) | Sales | | |
| 190 | Corporate Income Tax; Income Allocation | (700.0) | (700.0) | (700.0) | Corporate | | |
| 250 | Taxpayer Bill of Rights | (400.0) | 200.0 | 200.0 | Individual | | |
| 317 | Taxation; Internal Revenue Code Conformity | 0.0 | (2,030.0) | (2,030.0) | Corporate | | |
| | | (1,640.0) | (3,880.0) | (3,880.0) | Individual | | |
| | Subtotal - Chapter 317 | (1,640.0) | (5,910.0) | (5,910.0) | | | |
| | Session Total | (7,485.9) | (7,087.1) | (7,087.1) | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | TOTAL - All Sessions | (95,651.8) | (70,386.2) | (75,083.5) | | | |

ARIZONA BUDGET STABILIZATION FUNDS

Arizona has two funds which can be used for budget contingencies. These are the Budget Stabilization Fund, and the AHCCCS Medical Services Stabilization Fund.

Budget Stabilization Fund - Background and Recent Developments

The Budget Stabilization Fund (BSF) for Arizona was enacted in 1990 (A.R.S. § 35-144). The fund is administered by the State Treasurer, who is responsible for transferring General Fund money into and out of the BSF as required by law. The BSF is designed to set revenue aside during times of above-trend economic growth and to utilize this revenue during times of below-trend growth. It is designed to provide revenue stabilization across a typical business cycle. Under the economic formula which drives the BSF, the first payment into the fund was required in FY 1994.

Recently, Laws 2000, Chapter 1, 7th Special Session, required that the refund payments for alternative fuel vehicle tax credits and consumer loss recovery fund liabilities would be funded by the Budget Stabilization Fund up to \$200 million.

The Formula

The determination of the amount to be appropriated to (deposit) or transferred out (withdrawal) of the BSF is made using a formula based upon total annual Arizona personal income (excluding transfer payments) and adjusted for inflation.

The Arizona Economic Estimates Commission (EEC) determines the annual growth rate of inflation-adjusted total state personal income, the trend growth rate over the past seven years, and the appropriation to or transfer from the BSF. The EEC reports this calculation for the prior calendar year in the April-May timeframe.

Key features of the Arizona BSF can be summarized as follows:

- The deposit into the BSF (or withdrawal from the BSF) for a given fiscal year is determined by comparing the <u>annual growth rate</u> of inflation adjusted Arizona Personal Income (AZPI) for the calendar year ending in the fiscal year to the <u>trend growth rate</u> of inflation adjusted AZPI for the most recent seven years.
- Adjusted personal income in the BSF formula is defined as total Arizona personal income less transfer

payments, adjusted by the gross domestic product price deflator index.

- If the annual growth rate exceeds the trend growth rate, the excess multiplied by General Fund revenue of the prior fiscal year would equal the amount to be deposited into the BSF.
- If the annual growth rate is less than the trend growth rate by 2.0% or more, the deficiency when multiplied by the General Fund revenue of the prior year would equal the amount to be withdrawn from the BSF. This 2% floor avoids withdrawing monies from the BSF when economic conditions are slowing but there is not a recession.
- By a two-thirds majority, the Legislature, with the concurrence of the Governor, can decrease a deposit or increase a withdrawal.
- The BSF is limited in size, although the limit was temporarily suspended by the Legislature for FY1999.
 Thereafter, the BSF cannot be larger than 7.0% of the prior year's General Fund revenues.

State Hospital Financing Mechanism

Laws 2000, Chapter 1 provided for the financing of construction of a new Arizona State Hospital by appropriating interest earnings from the BSF of \$20,000,000 per year over 4 years, \$80,000,000 total, from FY 2000 through FY 2003. These payments will be made by the Treasurer on an equal monthly basis, \$1,660,000 per month, to a construction account at the Treasurer's Office. Chapter 1 provides for the reimbursement of this diversion of BSF interest earnings from \$20,000,000 in annual receipts from the Arizona share of the master tobacco settlement agreement. This was subsequently modified by Laws 2000, Chapter 1, 7th Special Session to provide that the payments would be made from the BSF rather than interest earnings from the BSF.

Investments of BSF Funds

In addition to the fixed income investments available to the Treasurer, the 1998 Legislature allowed the Treasurer to invest up to 25% of the BSF in equity securities (Laws 1998, Chapter 266). The Treasurer has stated that it intends to annually increase the proportion of equities in the BSF by 5% to reach the 25% limit over 5 years. It is expected that a "buy and hold" strategy will be used for the equity funds until BSF monies are eventually withdrawn.

Figure 9

Percent of Revenues

ESTIMATED CHANGES TO THE BUDGET STABILIZATION FUND FY 1999 THROUGH FY 2003 (\$ in Millions)

| | Actual 1/ | Actual | Estimate | Estimate | Estimate |
|--|-------------|-------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| | FY 1999 | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2003 |
| Adjusted Revenues | 5,635,341.2 | 5,960,264.1 | 6,365,584.7 | $6,\overline{755,165}.2$ | 7,271,200.4 |
| Statutory Limit of Revenues | 6.330% | 7.000% | 7.000% | 7.000% | 7.000% |
| Maximum Balance | 356,717.1 | 417,218.5 | 445,590.9 | 472,861.6 | 508,984.0 |
| Adjusted Annual Income Growth | 8.0% | 5.9% | 4.7% | 4.1% | 4.9% |
| Adjusted 7-Year Income Growth | 6.0% | 6.5% | 6.1% | 6.0% | 5.8% |
| Annual Difference | 2.0% | -0.6% | -1.4% | -1.9% | -0.9% |
| Beginning BSF Balance | 291,670.0 | 386,838.0 | 407,821.0 | 237,474.1 | 268,682.5 |
| BSF Formula Recommendation | 104,588.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Actual/Recommended Deposit | 75,115.0 | | | | |
| ASH Construction Fund Payments | | (20,000.0) | (20,000.0) | (20,000.0) | (20,000.0) |
| ASH Reimbursement from Settlement Fund | | 20,000.0 | 20,000.0 | 20,000.0 | 20,000.0 |
| Payment of Alternative Fuel Credits | | | $(200,000.0)^{-\frac{2}{2}}$ | | |
| Alternative Fuel Repayment to BSF | | | 16,000.0 | 16,000.0 | 16,000.0 |
| Balance | 366,785.0 | 366,838.0 | 223,821.0 | 237,474.1 | 268,682.5 |
| Effective Interest Rate | 5.5% | 5.4% | 6.1% | 6.0% | 6.0% |
| Interest Earnings | 20,053.0 | 20,983.0 | 13,653.1 | 15,208.4 | 17,081.0 |
| Ending BSF Balance | 386,838.0 | 407,821.0 | 237,474.1 | 252,682.5 | 285,763.5 |

6.8%

6.9%

Projected Deposits/Withdrawals

Based on the projections of a gradually slowing economy, <u>Figure 9</u> shows that the difference between annual adjusted personal income and the seven-year average will be (1.9)% in FY 2002 and (0.9)% in FY 2003. Since these are not greater than (2.0)%, no withdrawal from the BSF is anticipated.

As a result of the alternative fuel vehicle related legislation, up to \$200 million will be withdrawn to pay tax credits in excess of normal taxpayer liabilities in FY 2001. The legislation also requires an annual repayment to the BSF of up to \$16 million from sales tax revenues. The unpaid balance of the withdrawn amount will bear interest at the annual average interest rate earned on operating funds on deposit at the Treasurer's Office.

BSF Balances

3.7%

3.7%

3.9%

At the end of FY 2000, balances in the BSF, including accrued interest, had reached \$407.8 million. If \$200 million is withdrawn for alternative fuel tax credit payments, balances would fall to about \$237.5 million by the end of FY 2001. Interest earnings and the annual \$16.0 million repayment to the BSF are expected to cause balances to rise to \$252.7 million at the end of FY 2002 and \$285.8 million at the end of FY 2003.

<u>Figure 9</u> shows the actual deposits and balances in the BSF for FY 2000, as well as estimates of balances for FY 2001 through FY 2003.

Medical Services Stabilization Fund — Background

The AHCCCS Medical Services Stabilization Fund is authorized in A.R.S. § 36-2922. It is to be used if the appropriation for AHCCCS in a fiscal year is insufficient

^{1/} In FY 1999, the Legislature removed the maximum allowed in the BSF for that fiscal year.

^{2/} Maximum withdrawal permitted. The actual amount is unknown.

to cover the cost of AHCCCS medical services. AHCCCS must notify the Chairperson of the Joint Legislative Budget Committee and the Director of the Governor's Office of Strategic Planning and Budgeting that the appropriation is insufficient, and the JLBC Staff may recommend that AHCCCS withdraw an amount from the Medical Services Stabilization Fund to cover the shortfall.

The fund currently has no ongoing source of funding other than interest earnings. The fund previously received \$15,000,000 per year from the Medically Needy Account of the Tobacco Tax and Health Care Fund to the Medical Services Stabilization Fund. This monthly transfer was discontinued after July 1, 1998. Interest earnings are retained in the fund. At the end of FY 2000, the fund balance was \$78,876,000.

The two stabilization funds are summarized over the period FY 2000 through FY 2003 in *Figure 10*. Currently, the JLBC is projecting a total FY 2001 state-funding shortfall of \$70,769,800 in the AHCCCS program. However, a portion of the FY 2001 shortfall has been

offset by the transfer of \$29,000,000 from the Tobacco Tax and Health Care Fund Medically Needy Account authorized by the Executive in November 2000. Therefore, the total additional state-funding requirement for FY 2001 is \$41,769,800, which the JLBC recommends funding from the Medical Services Stabilization Fund. After the recommended transfer, the fund balance at the close of FY 2001 is projected to be \$34,750,000.

| Figure 10 Total Stabilization Funds (\$ in Millions) | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| BSF AHCCCS Fund Total | FY 2000 \$407,821.0 72,876.0 \$480,697.0 | FY 2001 \$237,474.1 <u>34,750.0</u> \$272,224.1 | FY 2002 \$252,682.5 36,487.5 \$289,170.0 | FY 2003 \$285,763.5 <u>38,311.9</u> \$324,075.4 | | | | | |